Village of Hempstead DOWNTOWN VISIONING

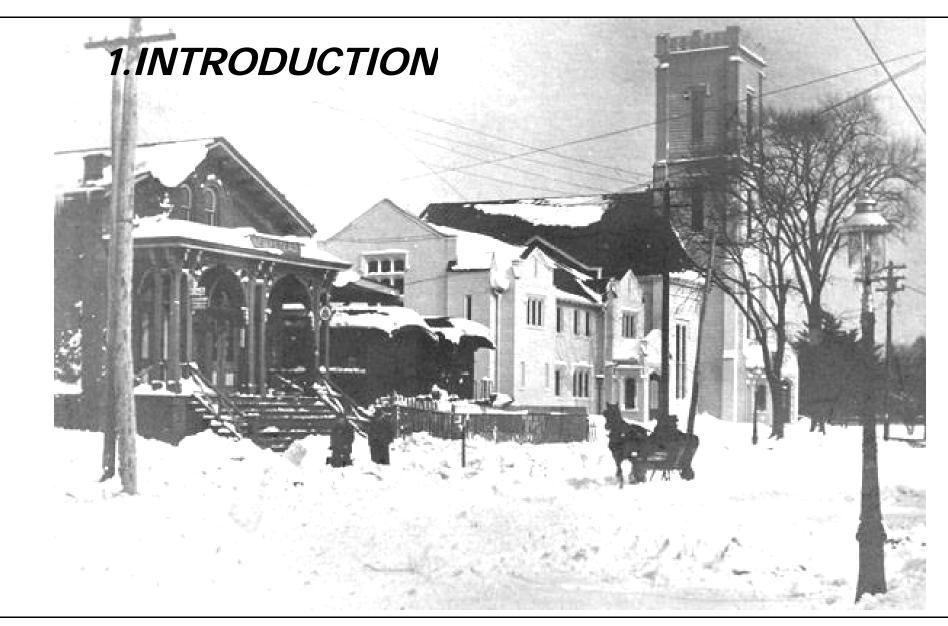
VISIONING WORKSHOP #3



Village of Hempstead COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY with FERRANDINO & ASSOCIATES INC./ FXFOWLE ARCHITECTS, PC.

October 23rd, 2008

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Planning Actions
- 3. Generic Environmental Impact Statement (GEIS)
- 4. The Vision Plan
- 5. North Main Street Urban Renewal Area
- 6. Next Steps



INTRODUCTION PROJECT TEAM

Village of Hempstead COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

NASSAU COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

FERRANDINO & ASSOCIATES INC.

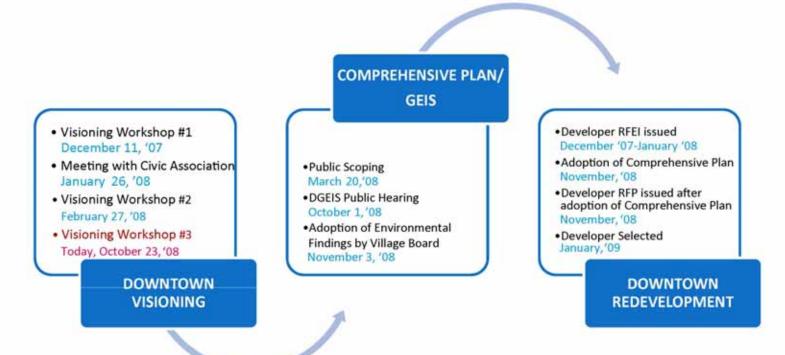
- project coordinator
- strategic planning
- land uses and zoning
- economic analysis
- environmental review

FXFOWLE ARCHITECTS, PC.

architecture and urban design

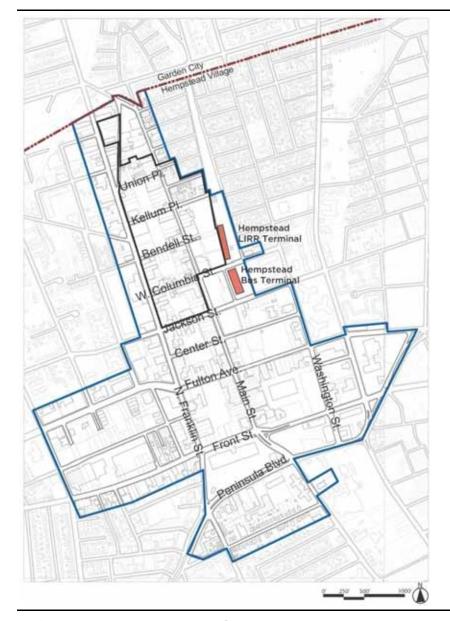
INTRODUCTION SCHEDULE

OVERALL PLANNING PROCESS



TIMELINE December 2007 – January 2009

INTRODUCTION



DOWNTOWN VISIONING PURPOSE:

- Refine comprehensive planning concepts
- Define consensus vision for alternative redevelopment sites
- Implement detailed urban design schemes

INTRODUCTION PUBLIC INPUT

WHAT WE HEARD FROM THE COMMUNITY:

- Enhance walkability and pedestrian safety
 - Safe pedestrian routes to schools Safe Routes to Schools Grant funding allocation: \$1.6 million
 - Improve walking experience
 Hempstead Village Pedestrian Improvement/Pavement Repair award: \$1.6 million
- Increase and improve open space
 - Park-like recreation
 - Active recreation
- Redevelop underutilized surface parking
 - Integrate parking with mix of uses
 - Encourage infill development
- Focus on accessibility/inter-modal center
 - Active transit plaza at the transit terminals
- Create a mixed-used downtown including a range of housing options
 - Encourage mix of uses within downtown
 - Various options for housing within downtown

INTRODUCTION PUBLIC INPUT

SUMMARY: Preferred uses:

Entertainment (restaurants/ movie theaters)

Retail / small and large stores

Cultural (museums, performing arts)

Residential (townhouses and apartments)

Commercial (offices, hotels, etc.)

Height of the buildings:

Low - mid - rise

Open space is important: Yes

Type of open space:

Park-like /active / play / recreation

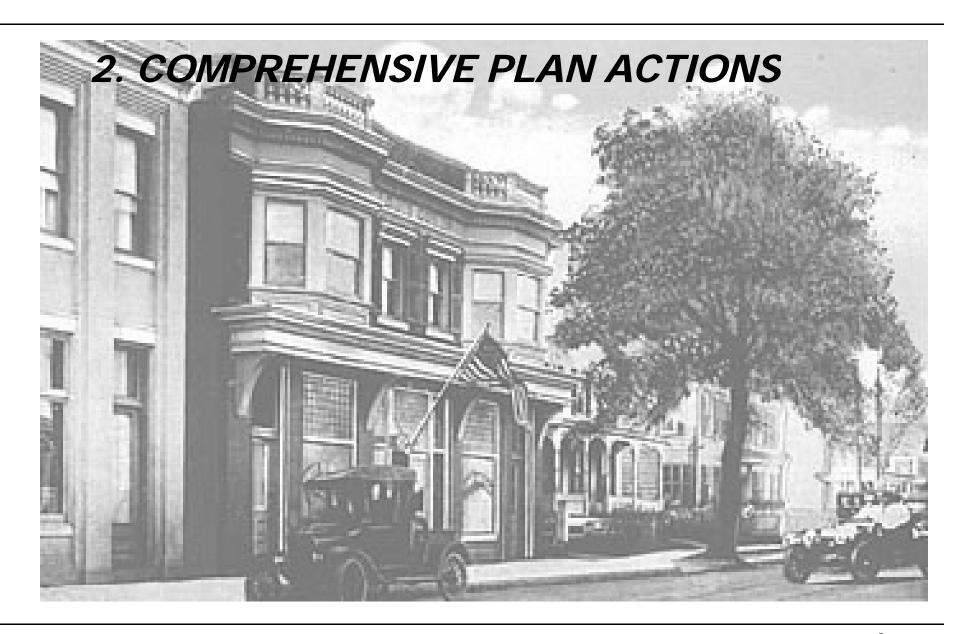
Attractions and amenities:

Restaurants

Theater

Music / performance venues

Car parking: Parking garage and street level surface parking lots



PLANNING COMPONENTS:

- Public outreach and visioning including workshops to elicit community input in the development of a consensus vision (several visioning workshops in 2006 and 2007)
- Extensive Involvement of interested stakeholders and selected civic leaders
- Survey of relevant background studies / reports
- Technical analysis and documentation of existing conditions
- Assessment of downtown needs and identification of issues, opportunities and constraints
- Formulation of revitalization strategies and recommendations

DOWNTOWN PLANNING PRINCIPLES / GOALS:

- Increase revenue and strengthen tax base
- Strengthen the economy while enhancing quality of life
- Promote a mix of uses including housing in the downtown
- Redevelop underutilized buildings and surface lots
- Enhance walkability and pedestrian safety
- Increase / improve / connect public open space & parks
- Focus on accessibility / intermodal center

DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM:

Housing

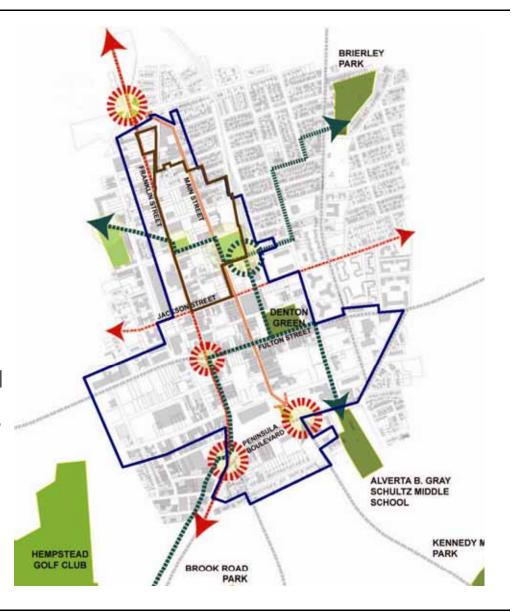
- Potential for 2,500 to 3,000 new units in a mix of housing types
- Include market rate, "next generation" and "workforce" housing

Commercial

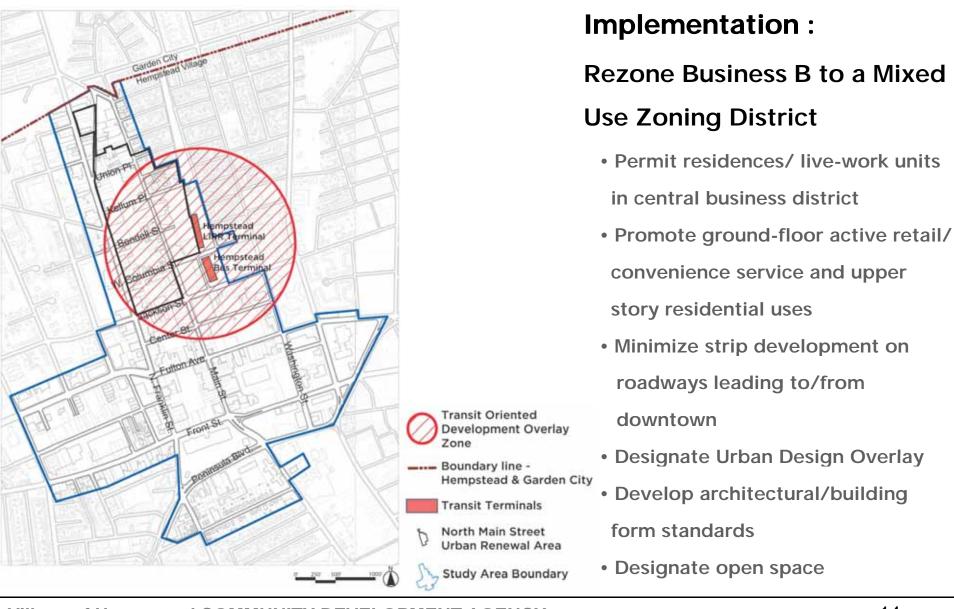
- Retail: create a hub of 500,000 plus SF; support local retailers and attract unique retailers
- Office: provide sites to allow for a mix of regional and local office users

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK:

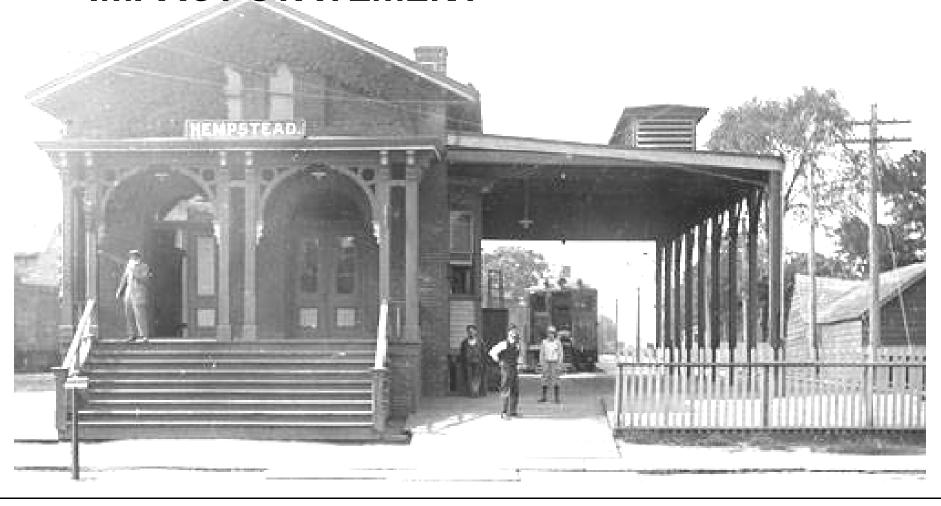
- Improve quality, diversity & vitality of downtown economy
- Grow stronger resident base in downtown
- Allow high intensity, multifunctional uses (commercial/ office, recreational, institutional and residential) in a pedestrianoriented setting
- Promote quality streetscape,
 landscaping



COMPREHENSIVE PLAN ACTIONS



3. GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT



GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT:

- Describes the downtown redevelopment plan
- Details the purpose of the plan

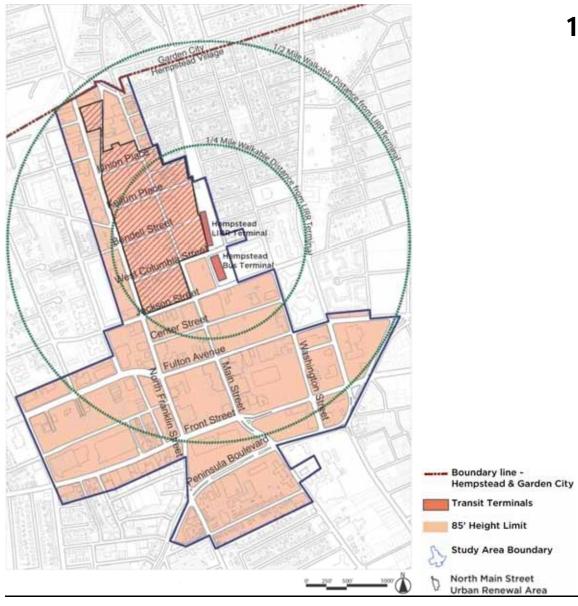
Identify significant beneficial and adverse impacts on:

- Regional and local settings
- Natural environment
- Circulation and transportation
- Community services and utilities (for example schools and sewers)
- Local economy
- Propose ways to decrease or mitigate any negative impacts

THE 3 ALTERNATIVES:

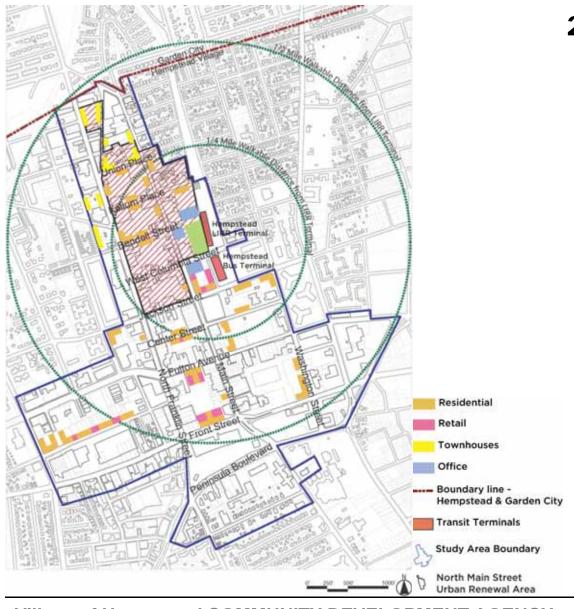
- 1. NO CHANGE
- 2. INFILL ACTION
- 3. RECOMMENDED ACTION

GEIS



1. NO CHANGE

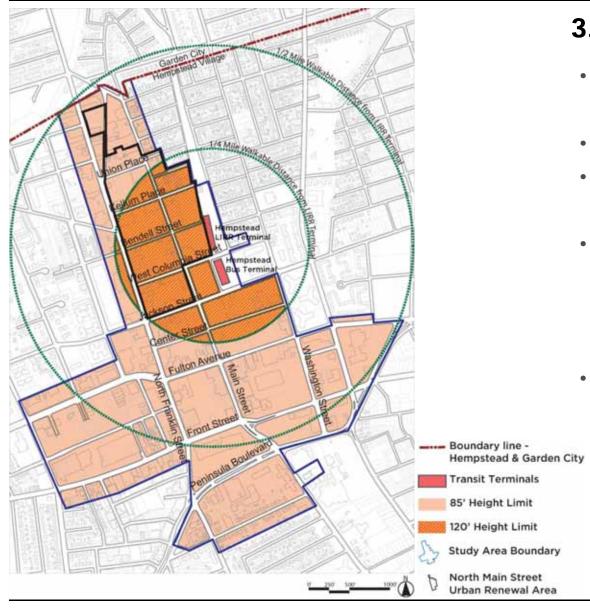
- 85' HEIGHT LIMIT (7 STORIES)
 WITHIN DOWNTOWN STUDY
 AREA ONE RETAIL FLOOR(20')
 AND FIVE OFFICE FLOORS(13'
 EACH)
- MAXIMUM BUILDOUT OF THE STUDY AREA WITHIN EXISTING ZONING



2. INFILL ACTION

- ONLY "VACANT" LOTS IN STUDY AREA TO BE CONSIDERED FOR INFILL DEVELOPMENT
- MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHTS OF 6
 STORIES WITHIN 1/4 MILE
 WALKING RADIUS OF THE
 TRANSIT CENTER
- RETAIL ALONG MAIN, FRANKLIN, WEST COLUMBIA AND CENTER STREETS WITH UPPER LEVEL RESIDENCES
- CONCENTRATION OF OFFICES
 AROUND TRANSIT CENTER

19



3. RECOMMENDED ACTION

- 120' HEIGHT LIMIT WITHIN THE 1/4
 MILE OF TRANSIT CENTER
- 85' HEIGHT LIMIT WITHIN 1/2 MILE
- ALLOW RESIDENTIAL LAND USE
 WITHIN DOWNTOWN
- PROMOTE ACTIVE GROUND FLOOR RETAIL ALONG MAIN STREET AND N.
 FRANKLIN STREET WITH UPPER LEVEL RESIDENTIAL USES
- CREATE AN ACTIVE AND FUNCTIONAL TRANSIT PLAZA

THE RECOMMENDED ACTION

- PROVIDE OPPORTUNITIES IN DOWNTOWN FOR RESIDENTIAL
 AND RETAIL DEVELOPMENT
- ENHANCE DOWNTOWN WALKABILITY AND CONNECTIONS.
- EXPAND AND ENHANCE OPEN SPACES AND PARKS
- INCREASE DENSITY AROUND TRANSIT DESTINATIONS
- CREATE SUBSTANTIAL VALUE FOR THE VILLAGE THROUGH REDEVELOPMENT
 AND REUSE OF UNDERUTILIZED AND VACANT BUILDINGS

ECONOMIC BENEFITS OF THE RECOMMENDED ACTION

INFILL ACTION

NET FISCAL IMPACT BY LAND USE

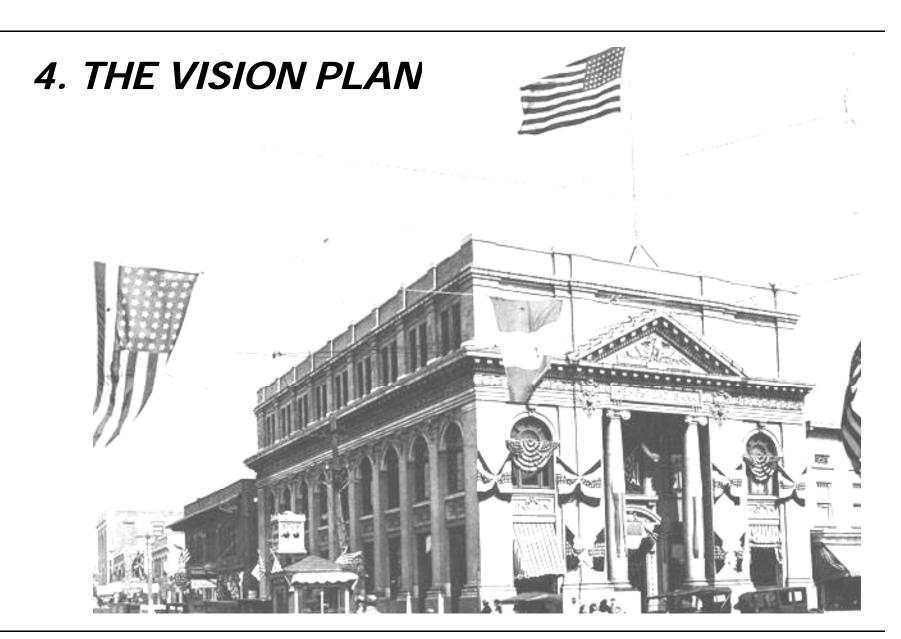
	Residential	Commercial	TOTAL
(a) Total Revenues	\$8,079,600	\$2,574,000	\$10,653,600
(b) Total Expenditures	\$7,372,664	\$817,052	\$8,189,717
Net contribution (a-b)	\$706,935	\$1,756,947	\$2,463,882

RECOMMENDED ACTION

NET FISCAL IMPACT BY LAND USE

	Residential	Commercial	TOTAL
(a) Total Revenues	\$26,451,600	\$2,662,800	29,114,400
(b) Total Expenditures	\$19,813,974	\$2,186,873	22,000,848
Net contribution (a-b)	\$6,637,625	\$475,926	\$7,113,551

GENERATE \$7 MILLION IN POTENTIAL REVENUE FOR THE VILLAGE



PLANNING GOALS:

- Capitalize on existing transportation assets
- Foster a pedestrian friendly environment
- Target underutilized sites
- Create new housing and retail
- Create an open space destination at train station
- Integrate parking with other uses

PLANNING ISSUES AND OBJECTIVES:

- History
- Economic
- Urban Design
- Transportation & Parking
- Sustainability

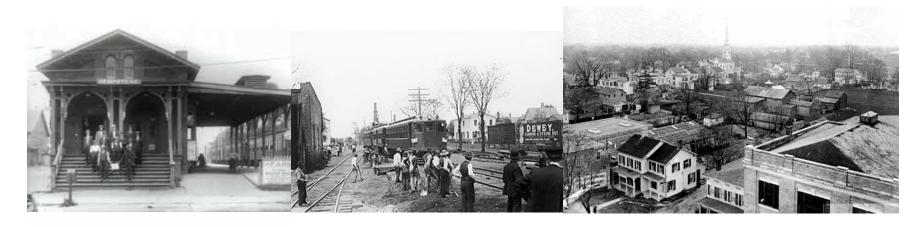
HISTORY

Key Issues:

- Hempstead was historically known as 'The Hub'
- Transportation has always been vital to Hempstead's prosperity
- Hempstead's historic fabric is fraying

Planning Objectives:

 Create a place unique to Hempstead by reinforcing the Village's historic strengths and its history.



ECONOMIC

Key Issues:

- Many properties are off the tax rolls
- Negative image of downtown

Planning Objectives:

 Leverage Hempstead's assets: transportation; location; HUB and Empire zones to attract businesses/jobs and residents to the Village.



URBAN DESIGN

Land Use/Key Issues:

- Minimal development / activity near the transit facilities
- Village character is eroding

Density/Key Issues:

- Underutilized Village owned parking lots
- Lack of critical residential mass to support retailers

Open Space/Key Issues:

- Limited open space
- Poor connections between open spaces
- Lack of "signature" open space

URBAN DESIGN

Planning Objective:

 Create a mixed use downtown and use open space to provide a focus for new mixed use development.



TRANSPORTATION & PARKING

Vehicular/Key Issues:

- Accident prone intersections
- Vehicular traffic congestions on major streets
- Pedestrian / vehicle conflicts

Pedestrian/Key Issues:

- Pedestrian 'unfriendly' / safe routes to school
- Lack of pedestrian amenities / poor streetscape
- Poor connections to transit

Parking/Key Issues:

- Underutilized parking resources
- Dispersed parking is hard to find
- Parking is visually unattractive

TRANSPORTATION & PARKING

Planning Objectives:

 Improve pedestrian safety by designing streets to serve the needs of all users: vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists.



SUSTAINABILITY

Key Issues:

- Large paved areas increase storm-water run off
- Minimal tree cover in Downtown
- Existing transit investment is not maximized

Planning Objectives:

Incorporate green and sustainable design strategies.

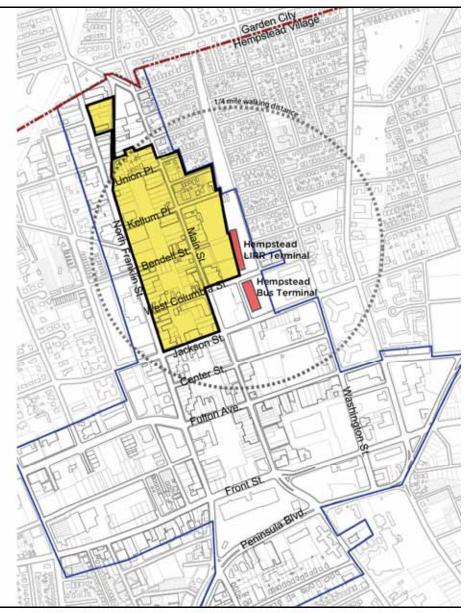




NORTH MAIN STREET

URBAN RENEWAL AREA

SITE BOUNDARY



THE VISION PLAN - URBAN RENEWAL AREA

ISSUES AND OBJECTIVES:

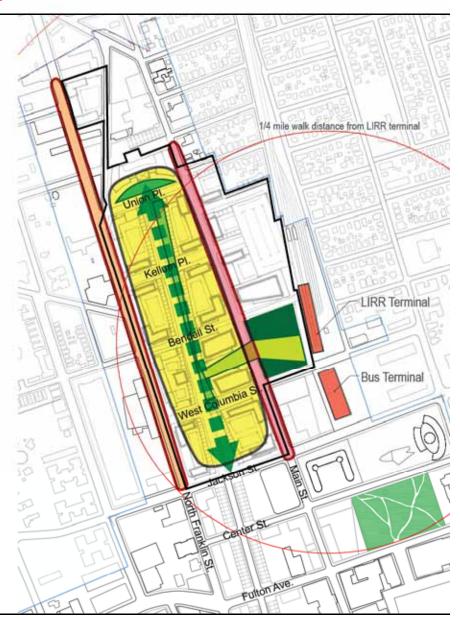
- URBAN DESIGN
- TRANSPORTATION & PARKING
- SUSTAINABILITY



URBAN DESIGN

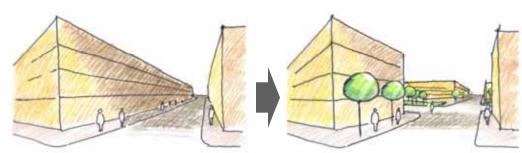
Objective:

Create a mixed use downtown, increase open space, and enhance pedestrian experiences and linkages



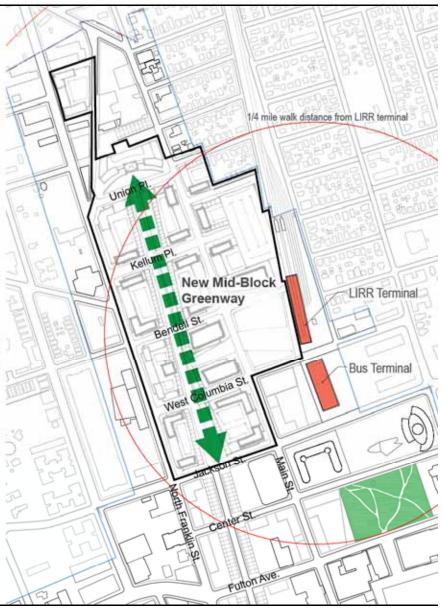
Strategy 1:

Break down the large pedestrian unfriendly blocks



Long block causes unpleasant walking experience

Break down long block and create mid-block greenway



Strategy 2:

Create a mix-use downtown by introducing residential uses with ground floor retail

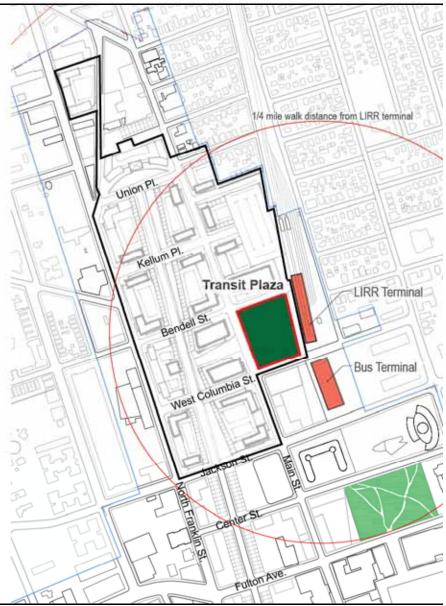




Strategy 3:

Create a "signature" public space at the transit station

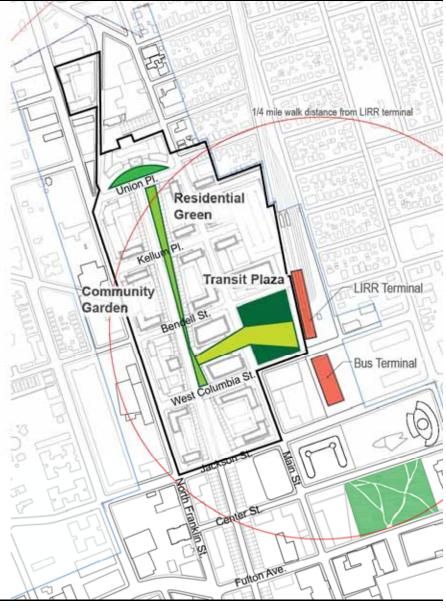




Strategy 4:

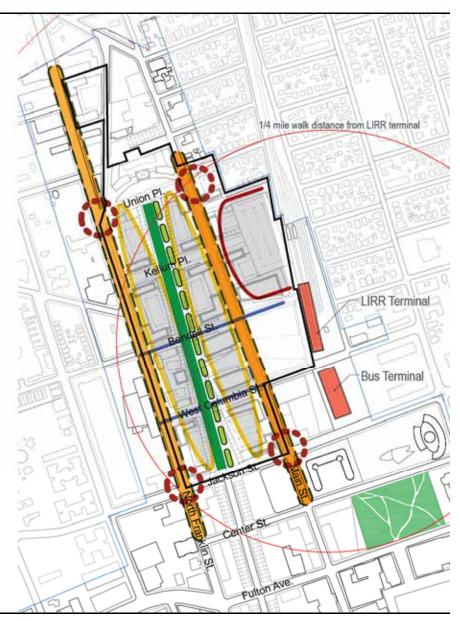
Create spaces for multiple public activities





Objective:

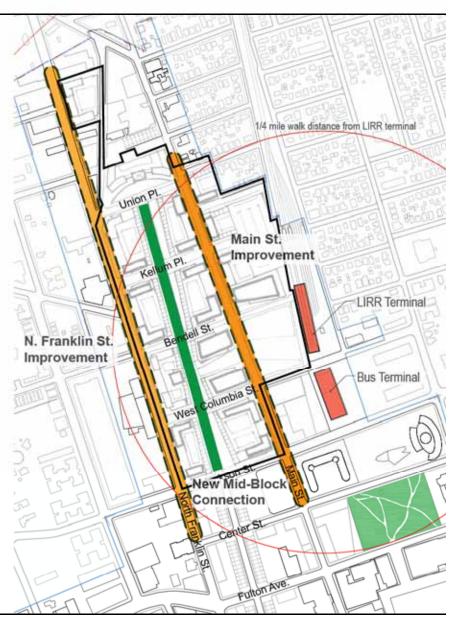
Improve pedestrian safety and serve the needs of all users: vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists



Strategy 1:

Implement streetscape improvements





Strategy 2: Provide dedicated bicycle paths

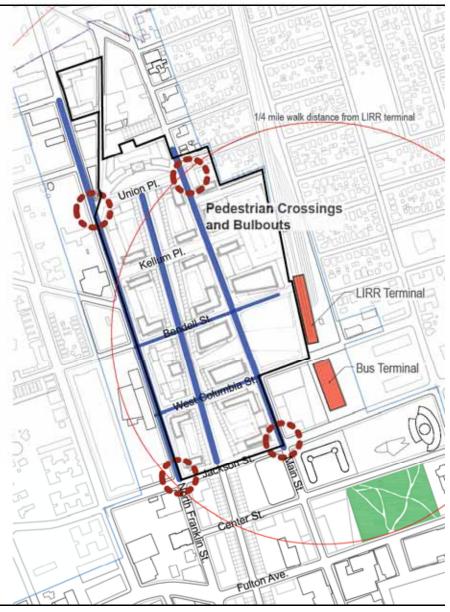




TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING **Strategy 3:** 1/4 mile walk distance from LIRR terminal Consolidate and integrate parking with development Parking for Office and Commuters LIRR Terminal apartment townhouse **Bus Terminal** Main St. eretail o parking for parking for Active Use Wraps mixed-use commuter around Parking development

Strategy 4: Create pedestrian friendly routes





THE VISION PLAN - URBAN RENEWAL AREA

SUSTAINABILITY

Objective:

Incorporate sustainable design strategies and maximize transit use



THE VISION PLAN - URBAN RENEWAL AREA

SUSTAINABILITY

Strategy 1: Rehabilitate existing structures



Example:
Jamaica Court
House Residential
Redevelopment



Potential façades in downtown to be maintained

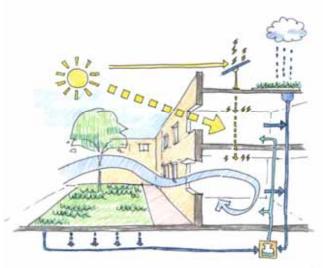


SUSTAINABILITY Strategy 2: 1/4 mile walk distance from LIRR terminal Reduce storm water run-off and recharge groundwater Bioswales LIRR Terminal **Bus Terminal**

SUSTAINABILITY

Strategy 3:

Implement sustainable building techniques (solar access and green roofs)





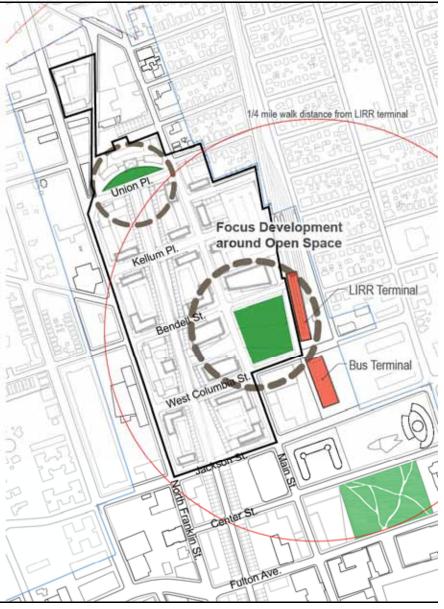


SUSTAINABILITY

Strategy 4:

Focus new development around open space





6. NEXT STEPS



NEXT STEPS

- a. November 18, 2008: Trustee Board approves the Downtown Plan
- b. November 19, 2008: Village issues a Developer's Request for Proposals for the North Main Street Urban Renewal Area within the Downtown
- c. January 2009: Screening, interviews and final developer selected for the North Main Street Urban Renewal Area