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3	NASSAU COUNTY LEGISLATURE
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5	RICHARD NICOLELLO
6	PRESIDING OFFICER
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9	LEGISLATIVE SESSION
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12	County Executive and Legislative
13	Building
14	1550 Franklin Avenue
15	Mineola, New York
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18	Thursday, February 13, 2020
19	11:10 A.M.
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2	LEGISLATOR JOHN FERRETTI, JR.
3	15th Legislative District
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5	LEGISLATOR ANDREW DRUCKER
6	16th Legislative District
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8	LEGISLATOR ROSE WALKER
9	17th Legislative District
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11	LEGISLATOR JOSHUA LAFAZAN
12	18th Legislative District
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14	LEGISLATOR STEVEN RHOADS
15	19th Legislative District
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17	MICHAEL PULITZER
18	Clerk of the Legislature
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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO:
3	Ladies and gentlemen, I would like to
4	get started. I'm going to ask
5	Legislator Bill Gaylor to lead us in
6	the Pledge of Allegiance.
7	(Whereupon the Pledge of
8	Allegiance was recited.)
9	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Thank you
10	very much for attending today's hearing
11	on the criminal justice reform and its
12	effects on Nassau County and our
13	residents. We would like to get to our
14	speakers as quickly as possible so I
15	will offer just a few brief remarks.
16	It has been apparent for months that
17	criminal justice reform would have
18	significant effects on our county, on
19	our law enforcement, on our residents.
20	Most of us did not realize that the
21	effects and impacts would be as
22	immediate and as severe. Everyone
23	agrees that low level offenders who
24	pose no risk to the community and who
25	do not have the means to pay bail

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	should not languish in jail. That is
3	simple justice. Everyone supports that
4	reform. However, the criminal justice
5	reform goes much farther than simple
6	reform. This drastically changed law
7	enforcement in the county and it's
8	taken away the discretion of judges to
9	assign bail to the vast majority of
10	crimes.
11	Over the last month or so, we
12	have seen drug dealers caught with
13	massive amounts of fentanyl and other
14	illegal substances being immediately
15	released. We have seen bank robbers
16	who are repeat offenders being
17	released. Home invaders being released
18	and the list goes on. Cashless bail.
19	Repeat DWI offenders being immediately
20	released and the list goes on.
21	Cashless bail and the new
22	discovery rules place enormous burdens
23	on our county, on our law enforcement
24	professionals, on our district
25	attorney. We need to know more about

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	what they are doing, how they are
3	handling and how they are planning to
4	handle the effects of this criminal
5	justice reform.
6	We also need to hear from our
7	representatives of our law enforcement,
8	the actual men and women who keep this
9	county safe and we need to hear from
10	the public.
11	Now, we know from the newspapers
12	that there are discussions and
13	proposals in Albany to revise the
14	criminal justice reform, to change it,
15	to do away with some of the more
16	negative impacts. And one of the
17	purposes of this hearing is to keep the
18	focus on this issue to give momentum to
19	those in Albany who seek to change the
20	criminal justice reform.
21	Having said that, I would like to
22	offer to Minority Leader Abrahams the
23	opportunity to say a few words.
24	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Thank you
25	Presiding Officer. First and foremost,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I think everyone on this dais agrees
3	that there needs to be some level of
4	reforms. I think when the announcement
5	of the provisions in the bail reform
6	came out our caucus reached out to
7	those in the state that were actually a
8	part of the enactment of this law and
9	expressed our concerns. However,
10	today's hearing is built on what we
11	believe is a farce. By no doubt, and
12	no stretch of the imagination, we
13	believe that there needs to be reforms.
14	But on December 16th the Republican
15	majority decided to call on the county
16	executive as if she had some debate,
17	discussion, some enactment, some
18	responsibility with the bail reforms
19	that were passed in the state. And I
20	quote, "They called on the county
21	executive to oppose the crime reform
22	law." The county executive, all she
23	did was implement the law but suddenly
24	she has been thrown into the thrust and
25	the fire by the majority by insinuating

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that she had something to do with more
3	than following the law.
4	Furthermore, let's be clear. By
5	passing the bill reforms that occurred
6	in the state, the Republicans are
7	politicking and fear mongering more
8	than anything else. Let's stay in our
9	lane. The bottom line is we should be
10	expressing our concerns and I would
11	have taken a little less exception if
12	they expressed their concerns to their
13	state representatives. However, they
14	have taken the tack to try to loop in
15	the county officials that are a part of
16	this. Now, we should hear from our
17	police commissioner on how he's going
18	to deal with the law and we should hear
19	from our district attorney just the
20	same. But when I saw the story that
21	appeared December 16th that called on
22	the county executive to denounce, why
23	aren't we calling on denouncing the
24	SALT tax that was passed by the federal
25	government. Why haven't we called

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	hearings in regards to NUMC. We have
3	no business at all, other than fact
4	gathering at this hearing, than
5	anything else.
6	The bottom line is very simple.
7	We have a responsibility to our public
8	to ensure that we give them fair and
9	balanced information. That's where
10	this begins and that's where this
11	should end. The bottom line is very
12	simple for us. The county did not
13	pass, did not have debates or
14	discussion. They had nothing to do
15	with enactment of this law. No
16	Democrat, no Republican in this
17	legislature had anything to do with
18	this law but today we find ourselves
19	holding a hearing basically which
20	starts with the premise of calling on
21	the county executive to denounce the
22	law, which to me is just trying to link
23	her to something that you believe
24	that you gain some type of political
25	advantage on and to me is wrong. That

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to me ties into everything that is more
3	fear mongering than anything else.
4	And as I said before, let's be
5	clear, we believe that there needs to
6	be changes to this law and we believe
7	that we have seen some of those changes
8	that were announced the yesterday by
9	the senate majority leader in New York
10	State. However, I just want to say it
11	again and emphatically that the bottom
12	line for us is very simple. That this
13	legislature by some of its members'
14	actions have taken irresponsible
15	reckless actions by trying to deceive
16	the public that the county executive or
17	Democrats as a whole are in favor or in
18	are in support of any of the measures
19	of the Criminal Justice Reform Bill.
20	We believe, yes, as presiding
21	officer said and one thing I will
22	agree, low level crimes that folks that
23	are nonviolent should not be
24	languishing in jail for periods of time
25	when they should be able to have some

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	type of fairness and balance and
3	justice that should be applied to them.
4	But today and violent criminals should
5	have the discretion of judicial review
6	before they proceed or get out of jail.
7	But let's be clear today. Today is all
8	about the Republicans trying to use
9	this issue to further their politics.
10	That's it. If it was more built on
11	fact gathering, if it wasn't built on
12	accusations and insinuations, then they
13	would have restored some more
14	credibility. But the fact remains that
15	that news story that goes back to
16	December 16th was very clear. It
17	called on the county executive who,
18	again, had no debate, no discussion to
19	our knowledge. Had no enactment, did
20	not vote on any bills and all she did
21	was try to comply with the bill. But
22	somehow she got tied and linked into
23	it. Thank you.
24	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I'm more
25	than a little bit surprised that there

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 would be any sort of controversy of the fact that we're having this hearing. I 3 would assume that all the legislators 4 5 would be speaking with one voice on 6 this issue. In fact, urging all 7 legislators in Albany to change the bill. County Executive was called upon 8 9 in mid-December to implement a plan to deal with the criminal justice reform 10 11 and she did several days after the press conference. More importantly, 12 13 the county executive since that time has been consistently calling on the 14 state to remake this law. So she is 15 not the subject of this hearing. 16 17 I disagree with the Minority Leader however that with the premise 18 19 that we have nothing to do with respect 20 to criminal justice reform since it was 21 adopted by Albany. It is our police, 22 it is our police officers, men and 23 women, it is our district attorney who have to enforce this, the laws in this 24 25 county. Who have to deal with this.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	It's our judges in Nassau County who
3	are being restrained from keeping
4	dangerous suspects off the street. And
5	it's our residents, ultimately, who are
6	in danger if there is a threat to
7	public safety as we believe there is.
8	So to argue that there is some reason
9	we should not have this hearing is
10	wrong. As I said, one of the reasons
11	we're doing this is to keep the
12	pressure on Albany. They are feeling
13	the pressure. There are proposals now
14	to change this law. But things have a
15	way of getting shelved so we want to
16	make sure that our representatives in
17	Albany continue that momentum, get this
18	changed, reform this law. Having said
19	that yes, go ahead.
20	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So I
21	disagree with a couple of things the
22	Presiding Officer just said. One,
23	first and foremost, we agree that there
24	should be a hearing but not built on
25	the premise of denouncing the county

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	executive.
3	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Where did
4	you see us
5	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I did not
6	cut you off when you spoke.
7	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Sure. Go
8	ahead.
9	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Your
10	actions that were presented in the
11	December 16th story, and I could quote
12	you and quote Mr. Ferretti just the
13	same but I didn't want to go down that
14	road. Your story talked about
15	denouncing, asking the county executive
16	to denounce as well as the six
17	democrats in the state senate that
18	represent Long Island, you were calling
19	on them to denounce the bail reform
20	bill. That's almost like me saying to
21	you that we should call on our members
22	of Congress that happen to be
23	republicans to denounce the SALT tax.
24	That is and then furthermore to hold
25	hearings on it.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	So from that standpoint, I am in
3	support. We have indicated we are in
4	support of the police department
5	providing data to this body to ensure
6	that we are making the public safe.
7	But your premise from day one on this
8	bill has been politics and you may have
9	some good points in regards to serving
10	the public, that part we don't disagree
11	with and that's why we're here today.
12	However, it's been clouded by politics
13	and fearmongering more than anything
14	else.
15	Furthermore, I will say this, the
16	bottom line is if we're going to start
17	holding hearings on items that do not
18	originate from this body, that's all
19	well and good, I would like to hold a
20	hearing on the SALT tax as well because
21	I see my residents being hurt by
22	thousands of dollars by something that
23	was implemented by a republican
24	president. So if we want to start
25	doing that kind of stuff, let's go

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	right ahead. Let's call a hearing on
3	the Nassau University Medical Center.
4	I've been asking for a hearing on that.
5	That actually impacts Nassau County
6	residents, just as this does, and has a
7	financial impact on them as well. I've
8	been calling for hearings on that since
9	April of last year. Let's do it. So
10	from that standpoint, I don't see why.
11	I'm not saying you shouldn't have a
12	hearing. I'm saying your premise for
13	building the hearing up until where we
14	are today started with denouncing
15	someone that had no debate, no
16	discussion, no vote, no ability to
17	impact change other than calling on it
18	from a bully pulpit for this particular
19	item that's in front of us today.
20	That's what I'm asking for. Is that
21	your premise in that story to me
22	resonated of more politics than good
23	government and the best interests of
24	the people of Nassau County.
25	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: It's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	apparent that the minority somehow
3	feels pressure on this issue but I can
4	say this: Who cares what happened in a
5	press conference two months ago? The
6	county executive has done the right
7	thing since then, she has repeatedly
8	called on the state legislature to
9	amend this bill. So she has nothing to
10	do with this hearing. This is about
11	exploring what this law is doing to our
12	communities and so the fact that there
13	was a press conference two months ago
14	is completely irrelevant. Let's
15	finally hear from the people.
16	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: The point
17	of the press conference
18	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Let's move
19	on with the debate. Let's talk to the
20	people.
21	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: The point
22	of the press conference is it was so
23	it was so
24	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I'm going
25	to call the witness which is Mr. Victor

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Maldonado.
3	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So as I
4	said before
5	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Mr. Victor
6	Maldonado, would you please come
7	forward.
8	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So you're
9	going to cut off the debate? Look, we
10	want to be able to
11	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Stop.
12	Stop.
13	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: We want to
14	get to the
15	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: No. We
16	want to hear from the people.
17	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: We would
18	like to hear from the people as well
19	but the people should also understand
20	that you have
21	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Would you
22	please let Mr. Maldonado proceed.
23	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS:
24	Mr. Presiding Officer, you have created
25	this premise and now you want to take

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	it back. You want to hit the reset
3	button after you called on somebody
4	that had no jurisdiction in the actual
5	bill.
6	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Would you
7	please let Mr. Maldonado speak.
8	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: That's what
9	you decided to
10	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Let's let
11	Mr. Maldonado speak.
12	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So as I
13	said before let's start to call
14	hearings
15	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: You'd
16	rather speak to Mr. Maldonado, is that
17	right?
18	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: No. No.
19	That's not what I'm saying.
20	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Then stop
21	speaking. Would you let the gentleman
22	speak.
23	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS:
24	Mr. Presiding Officer.
25	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: You're out

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	galvanizing politics
3	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Why are
4	you concerned about listening to the
5	understanding this issue?
6	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: No, no, no.
7	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: You think
8	it's a bad issue for you. Let's join
9	together and get this changed. That's
10	all we want to do.
11	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Well, if we
12	were really sincerely trying to join
13	together, you and I would have written
14	a joint letter not just to the county
15	executive's.
16	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Okay.
17	Let's write a joint letter.
18	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: The county
19	executive would have joined with us.
20	We should have written a joint letter
21	to the state.
22	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I agree
23	with you. Let's do it.
24	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: You're
25	saying that now two months after the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	fact after you attacked the county
3	executive.
4	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Who cares?
5	Who cares? It was two months ago.
6	She's done the right thing since then.
7	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I know. I
8	know. I know.
9	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: How many
10	times do I have to say it. She's done
11	the right thing since then.
12	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I get that.
13	I get that.
14	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: All right.
15	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: But you've
16	decided but your hearing is based
17	off of a false premise.
18	MR. MALDONADO: Guys, I think you
19	made your point. Thank you.
20	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Let's go.
21	Mr. Maldonado.
22	MR. MALDONADO: Thank you for
23	having me here to speak on bail reform.
24	I wrote a speech I'm going to follow it
25	verbatim. I'm here to lend a voice to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the many of us who innocently and
3	unwittingly have become victims of bail
4	reform and cannot be here today. I am
5	here to speak out about an egregious
6	law passed in our great state of New
7	York that does not take into
8	consideration the consequences
9	affecting the public safety of its
10	constituents. It is with a broken
11	heart, a broken heavy heart that I
12	stand before to show the reality of
13	what Albany has created.
14	Our reality. Our own personal
15	reality is as horrible as they come.
16	Our reality is not based on
17	sensationalism. It is not based on
18	media hype. It is not based on
19	exaggeration. It is based on fact.
20	The most relevant one is that my son
21	Jonathan Flores-Maldonado has lost his
22	life as a direct result of the
23	enactment of this law. Sadly I am here
24	today because Lillian and I have lost
25	our son. Rebecca has lost her

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	soulmate. Victor, Matthew, Jack,
3	Ashley and Justin lost a beloved
4	brother. And the community lost a good
5	caring law abiding young man at the
6	beginning of his promising life with a
7	bright future in front of him.
8	Who was Jonathan Maldonado.
9	Jonathan Flores-Maldonado was an
10	intelligent caring young man who in the
11	early hours of Sunday morning of
12	January 12, 2020 while driving for Uber
13	and getting people home safely was
14	killed in a tragic car accident by the
15	accused. He had been working extra
16	shifts on the weekends so he could do
17	something special for Valentine's Day
18	for Rebecca. We believe he was saving
19	some money to buy her an engagement
20	ring and propose. It was something he
21	had been talking about for quite some
22	time. Valentine's Day is tomorrow.
23	And because of the law, we will be
24	grieving the loss of an incredible
25	young man when we should be celebrating

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the engagement of one of the most
3	wonderful partnerships I've ever seen.
4	Last May we got to see Jonathan
5	graduate with a degree in biology from
6	Buffalo State University. Instead of
7	heading back to Long Island, he decided
8	to stay in Buffalo with his beloved
9	Rebecca and support her while she was
10	finishing her school.
11	Jonathan started driving Uber to
12	make ends meet while also saving for
13	his life together with Rebecca.
14	Together they had plans to move to
15	New York close to me in the Bronx, he
16	always gravitated towards family.
17	Jonathan and Rebecca had plans to get
18	married and have three children. They
19	even planned a cruise for Rebecca's
20	parents who are going to be celebrating
21	their 30-year anniversary. We were so
22	excited to officially Rebecca into our
23	family and vice versa and while we will
24	always be family, things will never be
25	the same without Jonathan. Jonathan

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	was the son that drove eight hours to
3	go check on his grandparents then drove
4	another two hours to check on his mom
5	and on his way back to Buffalo he will
6	come by to see me. Sometimes we'll
7	play 18 holes of golf at Van Cortland
8	or 9 at Mosholu. We would talk about
9	life, current events and how to get
10	better at golf. Jonathan would drive
11	his little sister Ashley to Baltimore
12	whenever we had a family event. He
13	would drive his sister to Baltimore
14	before he went to Buffalo. He always
15	cared for everyone. He knew, he always
16	saw the good in people.
17	Jonathan signed up to be an organ
18	donor, he was also a blood donor and he
19	donated often wit the New York blood
20	center. They were always asking for
21	Jonathan to come to donate because he
22	had a very high platelet count.
23	Sometimes that's quite rare in a
24	person. He has precious blood and he
25	donated it to save other people's

Τ	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	lives.
3	And then there's the flip side.
4	The man responsible for taking my son's
5	life. The accused is no stranger to
6	the criminal justice system. The
7	accused has been arrested multiple
8	times for DWI's and tampering with an
9	ignition interlock device. He has
10	multiple DWI convictions and multiple
11	felony convictions. He didn't care
12	that he drove intoxicated. He didn't
13	care that he did it often with
14	absolutely no regard for the safety of
15	himself or others and Jonathan paid the
16	ultimate price. The accused on January
17	1, 2020 was arrested and released under
18	the new bail reform law for interfering
19	with his ignition interlock device.
20	This device was ordered to prevent this
21	man from drunk driving as he has done
22	before many times. On January 10th,
23	the accused appeared in court for this
24	charge and was released without bail.
25	Why? I heard it was because he had not

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	been fingerprinted. Really? Multiple
3	felonies, DWI convictions and you still
4	need his fingerprints? Not even two
5	whole days later the accused got behind
6	the wheel of a car while drunk three
7	times over the legal limit, rear ended
8	my son at 135 miles-per-hour killing
9	him.
10	The police arrived soon enough to
11	see him trying to escape as he fought
12	off the officers. He told them that it
13	didn't even matter because the law
14	changed on January 1st and I will be
15	out tomorrow. Does anybody see
16	anything wrong here? Anybody?
17	Political parties fighting each
18	other while they should be working
19	together to bring justice to my son.
20	The bottom line nothing has changed.
21	The fact of the matter is all of this
22	could have been prevented. A young
23	life, a good soul, a man that had
24	aspirations to help others by studying
25	biology and pursuing a career in

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	medicine has been lost. Bail reform
3	has to happen. Bail reform allowed
4	this to happen. Excuse me. It is an
5	egregious law period. No thoughts have
6	gone into this law. Public safety was
7	not considered. A judge's discretion,
8	professional discretion was left out
9	and the history of the accused could
10	not be used to make an informed
11	decision. There are many things wrong
12	with this law that need to be amended
13	before more lives are lost and more
14	families are shattered.
15	And so I have a lot of questions.
16	The law emboldens career criminals that
17	will take advantage of us all. How
18	many times can a person commit a crime
19	be arraigned and released? Who has
20	decided what is and what is not a
21	violent crime? What of the law
22	enforcement's moral who knows that an
23	arrest will only lead to a release of a
24	person accused of a vicious crime. Why
25	even bother arresting a criminal if the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	judges can't hold them. Jonathan's
3	death is on the hand of the legislative
4	body who passed the bill into law that
5	gives the judge no discretion.
6	Fingerprinted offenses should apply to
7	any crime where public safety is
8	concerned, including drunk driving or
9	tampering with the ignition interlock
10	device regarding of what county you
11	live in. Those are violent offenses.
12	They resulted in the loss of my
13	beautiful son. Any time a drunk person
14	gets behind the wheel of a car they run
15	the risk of killing someone. It needs
16	to be changed and it needs to be
17	changed now. The family of victims
18	don't want flowers. Don't want
19	condolences. Don't want to hear I am
20	so sorry for your loss and they sure as
21	hell don't want their information given
22	out to the defendants. We want justice
23	and we want to heal. Here are just a
24	few of the crimes where the accused can
25	walk right out of jail and maybe just

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	pay you a visit. Third degree assault,
3	reckless assault of a child, stalking
4	as a hate crime, vehicular
5	manslaughter, aggravated vehicular
6	manslaughter, promoting a suicide
7	attempt, aggravated vehicle
8	manslaughter, third, fourth and fifth
9	degree arson. Bail jumping, escape,
10	endangering the welfare of a child,
11	promoting a sexual performance by a
12	child. Criminal possession of a
13	firearm. Criminal possession of a
14	weapon on school grounds. Obstruction
15	government services with a bomb.
16	If you're a victim or a witness
17	to any of these crimes I just
18	mentioned, guess what? The accused
19	will have your information. Let's look
20	at the criminal and what it's like on
21	the inside of the criminal justice
22	system. Career criminals don't stop
23	once they're on the inside. When
24	they're released where do they think
25	they will look for their next victims

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and where their victims will be living?
3	To the same communities that they live
4	or are released to, that's where.
5	Albany, you are not doing anyone any
6	favors by treating this very
7	complicated situation with a sledge
8	hammer. This law has to be changed so
9	that it applies to the right people.
10	People who have for the first time have
11	made a mistake, have shown remorse in
12	an effort to rehabilitate. People who
13	have a loving family and need to work
14	to support others and give love.
15	People make mistakes but career
16	criminals don't make mistakes. And
17	they are going to take this law and
18	turn it into their advantage by
19	committing more crimes with the
20	knowledge that they will be released.
21	These people or career criminals
22	are being given event tickets and gift
23	cards as incentives for showing up to
24	their court hearings. We are rewarding
25	the criminals that just robbed your

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	grandmother, burglarized your home,
3	sold your child into prostitution,
4	kidnapped your daughter or sold drugs
5	to your child that resulted in their
6	death. This law should not apply to
7	these criminals. Repeat offenders and
8	career criminals who have no regard for
9	humanity or human decency. Any judge
10	would have seen that but that doesn't
11	matter with this new law.
12	So much has gone wrong and all of
13	it could have been prevented by taking
14	into consideration five things. Public
15	safety, history or pattern of the
16	accused, alternative solutions such as
17	rehabs, halfway houses for people in
18	need of rehabilitation and/or housing.
19	Recommendation of law enforcement and
20	criminal correction personnel who have
21	firsthand knowledge of the person being
22	released. And most importantly the
23	judges discretion.
24	In closing, our family
25	appreciates that all of you have done

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	are advocating. We are very grateful.
3	I would like to thank all of the
4	legislators, law enforcement and
5	judicial personnel who are fighting to
6	get this law amended. I also want to
7	thank the media and the investigative
8	reporters who have covered this tragic
9	event and other tragic events related
10	to this egregious law. We have a lot
11	of work to do and we must not give up.
12	We must bring justice to Jonathan.
13	Jonathan, I believe that you are in the
14	loving grace of Almighty God. We miss
15	you so very much all. Our hearts are
16	broken but I will take comfort in
17	knowing that your death will not go in
18	vain. Our lives were changed forever
19	because of the person you were and what
20	you meant to all of us. I will fight
21	to get this law amended so that the
22	people who deserve it and want a second
23	chance will have one and so that career
24	criminals and repeat offenders do not.
25	I just want to say to you that your

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	family and friends love you. We miss
3	you so very much and you will never
4	ever be forgotten. See you in heaven.
5	Save me a tee time. We love you.
6	Thank you everyone and may God bless us
7	all.
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO:
9	Mr. Maldonado, all of us up here are
10	parents. All of us up here feel our
11	hearts go out to you and your family in
12	this time and I cannot image how much
13	courage it took to do that. As you
14	said, we all will be advocating that
15	this law will be changed to prevent a
16	tragedy like this from happening going
17	forward. Does anyone else want to say
18	anything?
19	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS:
20	Mr. Maldonado, I don't know if he had
21	left or is sitting down. I can't see
22	him behind the camera. I'm sorry.
23	Again, we just would just reiterate
24	what the presiding officer indicated.
25	I know it doesn't there's no words

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that I can express on behalf of this
3	caucus or myself that would give your
4	family the comfort that it needs at
5	this time. We pray that with God's
6	help you'll be able to find your way
7	through this very difficult situation.
8	And as you said before, we will find
9	justice for your son, as well as all of
10	those that have been hurt over the last
11	several weeks in regards to getting
12	changes to the bail, reform bill.
13	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Would
14	anyone else like to add anything?
15	Legislator Ford.
16	LEGISLATOR FORD: Mr. Maldonado,
17	also my condolences. Nothing is worse
18	than the loss of a child and to lose
19	your son in such a way just is so
20	heartbreaking and I applaud your
21	courage to be able to come here and
22	speak about this and, you know, to
23	fight for what needs to be done and to
24	restore justice back into our system.
25	Please extend our condolences to your

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	family, to all of you. I just I
3	don't know what to say but God bless
4	you.
5	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Legislator
6	Rhoads.
7	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Thank you,
8	Mr. Presiding Officer. Mr. Maldonado,
9	I just want to say thank you. I want
10	to say thank you for your courage in
11	coming forward and doing honor to your
12	son. This situation that your family
13	is involved in and what happened to
14	Jonathan is an absolute tragedy and the
15	fact that you're coming forward
16	provides an opportunity for all of us
17	to turn the tragedy of your son's story
18	into a cause for good, into an
19	opportunity to be able to correct an
20	injustice that was done through
21	criminal justice reform and
22	particularly through cashless bail. I
23	just I can't applaud your courage
24	enough for taking an unimaginable
25	tragedy and turning it into an

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	opportunity, hopefully, to do good for
3	others by pushing for repeal and for
4	sensible amendments to this bill. So I
5	just want to say thank you for taking
6	the time for coming down and for
7	sharing your story with all of us.
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: So we have
9	two speakers who would like to make a
10	presentation at this time. Our
11	commissioner of police, Patrick Ryder,
12	and Assistant District Attorney Jed
13	Painter. Gentlemen.
14	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Kind of loss
15	of words right now after hearing
16	Mr. Maldonado speak, and our prayers
17	are with him and his family. And the
18	earlier exchange here on the floor
19	shows the passion of everybody
20	involved. Everybody involved wants to
21	see change. There are two victims
22	here. There are victims that are
23	victimized again because of the change
24	how extreme that it has been. And then
25	there are the victims of the kids that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	are sitting in jail because they can't
3	afford bail and because they don't have
4	an income to get them out and get a
5	better attorney. So I have been called
6	that I am politicizing the issue. I'm
7	not politicizing the issue. I don't
8	have an agenda, except for this. I
9	speak for the victims that can't speak
10	for themselves. I fight for the
11	victims that can't fight for
12	themselves. We take an oath in law
13	enforcement to protect and serve the
14	people, all the people no matter what
15	race, no matter what religion or no
16	matter what side of the law they're on.
17	We always treat them with respect and
18	we treat them with professionalism and
19	that's what our police department wants
20	to continue to do.
21	I will speak with the data. I
22	will give you the truth. I will give
23	you the facts then you make your own
24	interpretation. I said that last week
25	and it came around against me. But we

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 live in the safest county for its size 3 in the country, the crime has never 4 been so low. We're down 30 percent in 5 Our overdoses are trending in crime. 6 the right direction. Our homicides 7 have been record lows. Our robberies and burglaries have extremely dropped 8 9 over the last several years. 10 Now I'll give you some crime 11 numbers but I want to make a point to It's too small of a data set to 12 that. 13 really jump one way or the other. It's only been 40 something days and to the 14 credit of Jack Maple, the creator of 15 16 COMPS that will tell you that crime is 17 affected in the short term by weather. 18 We've had a very mild winter so I can't 19 make a direct link to anything at this 20 point regarding crime, except for that 21 I did say early and I'll say it again 22 that quality of life crimes do increase

when there is no -- and I don't want to

use the word penalty but some kind of

answer to someone that breaks the law

23

24

25

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and how we can help them. Whether it's
3	put them in the right court, putting
4	them into recovery or putting them into
5	jail. All of that process and the
6	points of which we'll bring up today.
7	But if you look at our crime numbers,
8	all of our violent crime is actually
9	down. Our robbery commercials are
10	down, 13 from 20 last year. Our street
11	robberies are down 24 from 30. But our
12	assaults, they went up a 52 over 34.
13	Our residential burglaries went up 48
14	over 33 and our commercial burglaries
15	went up 42 over 36.
16	Major crime is up six and a half
17	percent, but again, I will emphasize
18	the data set is too small to make that
19	comparison yet. But our total crime
20	number, which includes those small
21	level crimes, has gone up five percent.
22	We were asked to form a committee
23	to look at the how justice reform
24	will affect us here in Nassau County.
25	The report was completed today, they

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	will be sent to all of you here in the
3	legislature, both the majority and the
4	minority and it will be also sent to
5	the committee members that sent me all
6	of their ideas and presentations. But
7	as I read through it, I will tell you
8	many of them are addressed today in
9	Newsday. And again, that's how it's
10	being proposed, how it comes out I
11	don't know. But Albany has been
12	listening. Albany has been looking to
13	make those changes.
14	The issues presented the new
15	legislation limits the cases of
16	qualified offenses for which a judge
17	has the option to set cash bail. Our
18	recommendation is that you do not limit
19	the ability to set cash bail based on
20	the crime charged. Again, I believe
21	that's being addressed according to the
22	Newsday article.
23	Issues presented: The new
24	legislation has limited the factors of
25	which the court can consider

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	determining the defendant's custody
3	status pending trial. We've seen cases
4	where they've walked out. We've seen
5	our recent robbery subject which was
6	arrested for a bank robbery was given
7	the ankle bracelet. We gave the
8	controls, he cut the ankle bracelet
9	off, he committed two more bank
10	robberies, he has now been remanded as
11	he was arrested the other night.
12	Ramifications for violating
13	nonmonetary bail conditions such as
14	electronic monitoring are not
15	significant enough to deter a defendant
16	from violating these terms. Many
17	people will fit into electronic
18	monitoring but not all will fit into
19	electronic monitoring. Many should be
20	released without bail but not all
21	should be released without bail.
22	Issue presented: Pursuant to the
23	new legislation the court cannot
24	immediately issue a bench warrant.
25	We've taken the control out of the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	our judges hands to determine,
3	depending on that background of that
4	individual, that history of that
5	individual, if he should immediately
6	issue that bench warrant so that we can
7	go out as law enforcement and execute
8	that warrant. The new legislature
9	limits judicial discretion when
10	considering applications before the
11	court. Again, a judge should have, and
12	always has, the opportunity to see that
13	person's past history. There are many
14	kids that sit in jail first time
15	offenders for a low level drug charge
16	that should be there because they
17	couldn't afford bail, they didn't have
18	the right attorney. I agree with that
19	and I agree with that part of justice
20	reform but there are many people that
21	are arrested again for small or even
22	larger drug cases that are now going to
23	get out because of justice reform. We
24	need to look at that. We need to look
25	at the history and the circumstances

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	behind it what put us there. What put
3	that child there. What put that kid
4	there or that man or woman there that
5	we can then make the right decision.
6	Again, that's why we have a justice
7	system in place.
8	Issue presented: Pursuant to the
9	new legislation the district attorney
10	cannot enter into a plea bargain until
11	discovery has been produced. I'm going
12	to let district attorney Jed Painter
13	speak on that.
14	Issue presented: The discovery
15	reform also includes provisions that
16	witnesses must provide their names and
17	addresses. This is the one that is
18	close and dear to me. Our victims that
19	did get brutally beaten and killed by
20	MS13 in the New Cassel area, I went to
21	the wake, I spoke to his sister, I met
22	the family. It's a horrible horrible
23	crime that no one should go through.
24	And the people in Westbury deserve
25	better, that witness deserved better.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I never said there was a direct link.
3	Never said there was a direct link to
4	justice reform, I just gave the facts
5	and I left the interpretation up to the
6	people. And again, I'll say, I don't
7	believe, I don't know that there is a
8	direct link. Our homicide guys have
9	been working day and night to make that
10	arrest and make sure that they answer
11	because he was a hero, this man. He
12	stood up against MS13. He's willing to
13	testify against MS13 and he died at the
14	hands of MS13. And I said and I'll say
15	it again, we and we is all of us
16	need to do more for our victims. All
17	of our victims. That 16-year-old that
18	sits in jail for marijuana that
19	shouldn't be there. And the victims
20	that have been brutalized and beaten
21	and threatened by MS13 or any other
22	person in this county.
23	So as the police department,
24	we've been asked to start to tally the
25	data which we have most of this data

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and will continue to collect that data.
3	Some of that data in the new proposed
4	law is given to us we'll have to get
5	from the courts and we'll work with the
6	district attorneys to provide it. The
7	data will speak for itself and
8	hopefully it speaks for our victims.
9	Thank you.
10	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Legislator
11	Ford. I guess we'll have some
12	questions for commissioner and then
13	we'll go to your presentation. Okay?
14	LEGISLATOR FORD: Good morning,
15	sir. I think it's a sad state that you
16	have to sit here after you testify in
17	regard to this bail reform legislation
18	to explain yourself after the murder of
19	somebody who was in that witnessed
20	something and was going to be a witness
21	toward the MS13 to explain your
22	remarks, you know, that may have been
23	said in the spirit of being hurt by
24	this murder, this senseless murder of
25	an innocent person that you have to,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	like, defend, you know, perhaps, the
3	way that people maybe interpreted it.
4	I think you are an excellent police
5	commissioner, you're a great leader and
6	I think you have every right to say
7	what you have to say without any fear
8	of retribution or anybody coming out
9	against you and I applaud you for your
10	courage. Because I think all too
11	often, you know, and I'm tired. I'm
12	tired of political rhetoric with all of
13	this. When we look at this and we all
14	say well, they're politicizing this
15	whole thing because it's maybe the
16	republicans. I heard it early in
17	December when all of a sudden this
18	started, you know, coming out as to
19	what was going to happen to our
20	communities here in and our
21	neighborhoods here in New York state.
22	You know what may happen to people that
23	are witnesses, people that can be
24	victimized. And more so, more
25	importantly to me as well, we always

1 Full Legislature/2-13-20 2 forget about our police officers, our officers that their morale is being 3 4 challenged. That when they turn around and they go to arrest somebody and they 5 6 realize they're only going to go inside 7 and wash their hands and the person's like already out walking the street 8 9 creating another -- committing another 10 When we see that people have no 11 fear of attacking police officers, even 12 go into a precinct to shoot them up. I 13 think this is a disgrace but I urge you 14 to keep it up, to make sure that you 15 speak what you have to say because you 16 are our law and order here in Nassau 17 County and I appreciate the hard work that you do for all of us. 18 But I would like to know 19 20 something, because I know that we say 21 well, why don't we all get together and 22 maybe write letters and reach out to 23 the democrats in the senate in New York 24 State. Before they took that vote last 25 year, did they reach out to you?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	they reach out to all the police
3	commissioners throughout New York State
4	and ask them what impact this
5	legislation will have on your ability
6	to do your job to make sure to keep out
7	communities safe and to make sure that
8	our police officers are protected as
9	well?
10	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I can't
11	speak for everybody in the state but I
12	can speak for myself, I was not
13	conferred at all on this issue.
14	LEGISLATOR FORD: So they made
15	this change, this progressive change,
16	you know, and we all understand and I
17	think that you are right, Kevan, when
18	we talk about having open discussions.
19	Let's talk about things more often.
20	But when we look at this, you know, we
21	all know that the justice system needed
22	reform. We all know that our legal aid
23	lawyers who are the ones that represent
24	the people that are indigent, that
25	can't afford high priced attorneys,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that need to make, that can't afford to
3	have any bail, that these legal aid
4	lawyers are underpaid and they're
5	overworked. They have too many cases,
6	they can't probably always maybe defend
7	these low level crimes, so a lot of
8	times, probably, they may end up having
9	them to turn around and maybe plead
10	out, maybe do two or three days in jail
11	when these people should not be in
12	jail.
13	Prior to this vote, they should
14	have brought all of us in to talk about
15	this and say to everybody, what do we
16	need to do because it is unfair. It
17	breaks may heart when I have parents
18	that called me up because their
19	children were in Nassau County jail and
20	they were worried about their
21	medication, were they getting fed. And
22	the kids weren't really bad criminals,
23	you know. But this is what happens.
24	This is the discussion should have
25	taken place last year. Now we have

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	poor Mr. Maldonado who had to bury his
3	son too soon. We have families that
4	are living in fear that because there
5	are criminals walking out amongst us,
6	because of this disastrous and ill
7	conceived legislation on the part of
8	the senators and the assembly people in
9	the New York State government. I think
10	this is in itself is a crime against
11	the good people here in Nassau County
12	and New York State. I think that we
13	all have to stand up and it doesn't
14	mean just because it's not just
15	Republicans that are fighting against
16	this. I happen to be a Democrat and
17	I'm proud to be in this party but I am
18	damn tired of what is going on. When I
19	look at this and I have to worry, when
20	you can make turn around and dismiss
21	it that because you feel bad that these
22	some of these Republicans came out
23	and spoke at maybe asking Laura
24	Curran to join them. But I find that
25	Laura Curran to be a capable and good

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	leader here in Nassau County. I
3	respect her as our county executive and
4	I think that she's a strong
5	independent, strong-willed woman that
6	can stand up to any criticism and to be
7	able to speak her mind on the issues
8	that she feels is important to her
9	without any fear or retribution from
10	anybody else, whether or not it's in
11	New York State or the government. But
12	I think all of us, we should be allowed
13	to say what we have to say. And to me
14	I'm very emotional. I'm sorry about
15	this but I happen to be when I have
16	family that are in the New York City
17	Police Department, when I look our
18	officers patrolling each and every
19	single day, and we have to worry about
20	this, when we allow people, this gang
21	to go through the subways, to break up
22	equipment, to be able to call upon to
23	go against the police, you know, I
24	think this is terrible. And I think
25	this anarchy has to stop and think that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	all of us must join together to bring
3	common sense legislation back into
4	New York state and let's start taking
5	this state back so all of us will want
6	to stay, want to live here and be able
7	to live here. Thank you and I'm sorry.
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Thank you,
9	Denise. Commissioner, I want to echo
10	something that Denise just said. You
11	do speak your mind and it's refreshing
12	and it's what you should do as the
13	chief law enforcement officer in this
14	county and we've had individuals who
15	are closer to politicians in the past.
16	I would much rather have somebody who
17	speaks his mind, as you do. We may
18	like what you say this week and next
19	week we're not going to like it but it
20	doesn't really matter. You're just
21	speaking what it is that's important to
22	public safety and to the men and women
23	that you represent.
24	Just in terms of what changes are
25	you making to the police department as

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	a result of the criminal justice
3	reform?
4	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So the
5	biggest lift for us, you know,
6	obviously going back and
7	reinvestigating cases that somebody's
8	been arrested for makes it harder, more
9	time consuming and you'll hear from ADA
10	Painter is the discovery. The amount
11	of people that I have now doing
12	discovery and what people have to
13	realize, it's retroactive. There's
14	cases that are ongoing from '19 and '18
15	that we still got to turn over blotters
16	and finding memo books of cops that are
17	retired and that we can't go forward
18	until that information is there. So I
19	have all of my analytical people that
20	normally do analysis so I can get ahead
21	into the patterns and do predictive
22	analysis on crime fighting, are now
23	doing discovery. They're all pulling
24	data, pulling videos, pulling GPS data,
25	911 calls, CB transmissions back and

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	forth. It's a lot of work. A lot of
3	work that we didn't even realize would
4	ever have to be turned over and now it
5	is. So the resources that we're
6	expending from both and our court
7	overtime has increased, our overtime
8	for processing has increased, but it's
9	work that we'll do, that's what we're
10	paid to do. We'll be professional. It
11	will increase my budget at the end of
12	the year and we'll get it done as best
13	as we can. We do sometimes and
14	there's going to be a failure going
15	forward because it's almost impossible
16	to keep up with discovery on a 15 to
17	30-day period.
18	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: You
19	mentioned you've got to shift resources
20	from the area of predictive analysis
21	into complying with discovery
22	responses; is that accurate?
23	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That is
24	correct.
25	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: And our

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	police, our DA, our law enforcement
3	have had tremendous success here in
4	Nassau County in reducing the crime
5	rate. Is that in part because you had
6	resources to put into the predictive
7	analysis to anticipate where the crimes
8	are going to be?
9	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Our success
10	since 2010 has been the fact that we
11	built our intel center and we do things
12	like predictive analysis, intelligence
13	led policing. And again, I'm not going
14	to throw it all at the wall right now
15	because, yes, crime has gone up, but we
16	had a mild winter. We had a mild
17	winter last year also. So again, I'm
18	factoring all that in. The data said
19	it's too short to make that
20	determination. I think the quarterly
21	report will tell you more. We are now
22	starting to catch up on some the older
23	cases and that will now start to move
24	some resources back to doing our intel
25	led policing model and predictive

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	analysis.
3	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Okay.
4	That is a concern to the extent that
5	you're taking resources away from
6	something that's had such success in
7	order to make sure that I think the
8	onerous discovery requirements are met.
9	Anyone else have any questions
10	for the commissioner? Legislator
11	Ferretti.
12	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Good
13	afternoon, Commissioner.
14	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Good
15	afternoon.
16	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Thank you
17	for your testimony and thank you for
18	your continued leadership on this
19	issue. I want to speak a little bit
20	about the DMV database. Is it true
21	that New York State required the county
22	to agree in writing not to share
23	information from the DMV database with
24	the federal police or federal agencies?
25	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That was

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	part of an agreement that we had we
3	had signed recently so that we can
4	continue to access data through the DMV
5	system.
6	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: So it true
7	then that if we didn't sign that
8	agreement we would not be able to
9	access that data?
10	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That was the
11	way the agreement was written; that is
12	correct.
13	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Now, if we
14	didn't agree to that and maybe this
15	is a question for Jed or somebody else
16	but is it legal for New York State
17	to lock us out of that database, that
18	information?
19	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I can't
20	answer that. I'm not an attorney.
21	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Did we at
22	any point, we being the county,
23	consider a lawsuit to compel access if
24	we were not to sign that?
25	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That would

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	be a conversation for the
3	administration.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: How is this
5	type of information contained in the
6	database?
7	COMMISSIONER RYDER: The
8	information for normal DMV is entered
9	into a database and if we need to run a
10	on a car stop an individual or his
11	license plate, it would go through that
12	database.
13	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: We did sign
14	the agreement, right?
15	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That is
16	correct.
17	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: And so what
18	federal agencies are we prohibited from
19	sharing the information with?
20	COMMISSIONER RYDER: They
21	directly referred to HSI if I remember
22	correctly.
23	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: What
24	reasons would a federal agency need to
25	access a database?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I'm sure
3	the concern was that we are not turning
4	over data to HSI to go after those that
5	are undocumented.
6	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Does the
7	Nassau County Police Department work
8	with these agencies regularly?
9	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We work with
10	all our federal partners.
11	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: In what
12	capacity?
13	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Most of them
14	in money laundering cases, most in
15	human trafficking, prostitution, white
16	collar crimes.
17	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: And the ban
18	on sharing this information, are there
19	any exceptions to that ban or is it
20	carte blanche ban?
21	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I don't have
22	that bill in front of me and I'm not
23	as
24	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Any that
25	you're aware of?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: None that
3	I'm aware of. I did believe it was
4	just at the HS.
5	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Now my
6	understanding is that federal law
7	enforcement officials have indicated
8	that this ban puts public and federal
9	law enforcement officials at risk. Do
10	you agree with that?
11	COMMISSIONER RYDER: The data
12	that's coming from the system,
13	providing the information of the person
14	that has in front of me, I have. The
15	data not being shared with HSI I can't
16	say it puts them at risk. Their
17	process of those going after those that
18	are undocumented is an HSI issue that
19	we don't work with them on. We just
20	focus on the other crimes that we do
21	work with them on.
22	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Well, in
23	the past, has information that we're
24	now not providing led to investigations
25	into terrorism, sex trafficking, any

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	drug smuggling?
3	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Well, if I
4	may, I believe my guys that still
5	work in the task force have the access
6	to that data but are prohibited to
7	share it if they're going to be used
8	for immigration purposes. We still do
9	share and use it when we are looking at
10	money laundering, counter terrorism
11	type investigations.
12	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: So we still
13	share that type of information.
14	COMMISSIONER RYDER: When we have
15	a money laundering and specific
16	investigation like that, yes, but as a
17	blanket sharing and running names for
18	immigration, we do not do.
19	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: What if
20	that type of investigation involves
21	someone who's here illegally, do you
22	share that information?
23	COMMISSIONER RYDER: You know
24	what, I honestly can't answer that
25	question. I don't have that document

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	in front of me exactly what was
3	restricted from it or not.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Well, in
5	the past in the past would we share
6	that kind of information?
7	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Yes. Yes,
8	we would.
9	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: And today
10	you can't say that we still do.
11	COMMISSIONER RYDER: If it was
12	for a counterterrorism investigation
13	and the person happens to be
14	undocumented, of course we would share
15	that.
16	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: In the
17	past.
18	COMMISSIONER RYDER: In the past.
19	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: But in
20	terms of today
21	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We would
22	still share that and do that
23	investigation with our federal
24	partners. It doesn't matter what the
25	status is if the criminal activity is

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	there, we would still work with them
3	and willingly so.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Thank you.
5	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Anyone
6	else have questions? Legislator
7	Gaylor.
8	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Sure, couple
9	questions. Thank you, Commissioner for
10	your presentation, your honesty in the
11	work that you do to make the county a
12	better and safer place to live, work
13	and play. And special thanks to all of
14	the officers in law enforcement for
15	what they do as well.
16	I sit on the village, town, city
17	committee as well and there hasn't been
18	much discussion on the additional work
19	load maybe that the county police
20	department is experiencing having to
21	work with the villages. Many times,
22	although the villages may have their
23	own police departments, the County
24	takes the lead on many of the more
25	significant crimes. Crimes involving

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	guns and drugs and threatens the
3	society as a whole come under the
4	county's purview. So my question
5	the next few questions are directed at
6	the interaction between the village,
7	the city police departments and the
8	county. So what level of coordination
9	does the department have with the
10	village and city police departments to
11	ensure that we are complying with these
12	new criminal justice reforms?
13	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Any
14	assistance that the village uses, if
15	they use our P1 system, that's our case
16	management system. If they use that
17	system to process their arrest, that is
18	all generated and sent to the district
19	attorney's office through ECAP. If it
20	has to do with bail or I should say
21	not bail but if it has to do with
22	evidence and so forth, we will assist
23	them on it. So we have always worked
24	with our 18 villages and two cities.
25	They're all struggling with the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	discovery issue, not so much the
3	processing part but the fact of what
4	has to be turned over. But villages
5	for the most part outside of the larger
6	ones of Freeport, Hempstead, you know,
7	Glen Cove, Rockville Centre, their
8	arrest is not as high level. We
9	average 50 arrests a day here in Nassau
10	county. That's 50 people that we have
11	to turn over that data and a lot of our
12	some of our bigger villages do have
13	that many. But some of them are more
14	up to date with their technology and
15	it's been able it's because they're
16	a small village and able to process
17	that quicker.
18	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: My
19	understanding is the district attorney
20	and Mr. Painter might have to jump in
21	on this one, even though he hasn't
22	presented yet, but there are certain
23	guidelines within 24 hours there has to
24	be initial turn over of records and
25	what not to the District Attorney's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Office, to their early case assessment
3	bureau. Then within, what, five days,
4	and then again at ten days and then
5	again every 24 hours thereafter, if a
6	new record is created. So is the
7	Nassau County Police Department charged
8	with ensuring the villages meet those
9	time lines or are they on a direct, you
10	know, a coordination link with the
11	district attorney directly?
12	MR. PAINTER: I can speak to
13	that. I'm sitting next to a great
14	police commissioner but I've had to
15	deal with a lot of different police
16	leadership. We have 25 local law
17	enforcement agencies, we got the NYPD.
18	We have Suffolk we've dealt with. We
19	have the New York State troopers we've
20	dealt with. So we are building
21	relationships with each and every
22	single one and working on discovery
23	exchange protocols with each and every
24	single one. I'll cover some of that in
25	my presentation.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Then we'll
3	hold off and wait for that. You
4	mentioned that you share a platform, a
5	computer platform with the villages or
6	is that something that we provide them
7	or is it it's a standard piece of
8	equipment every police department
9	purchases in to provide this kind of
10	information to the District Attorney's
11	Office?
12	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That is the
13	record management system used by the
14	police department in Nassau County.
15	Many of the villages do opt in to take
16	a license from us. We pay for that
17	license through the headquarters tax.
18	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: All right.
19	Do you see any issues that are
20	developing because of these new reform
21	laws between the villages, the towns
22	and cities and our police department?
23	COMMISSIONER RYDER: The biggest
24	issues is that the coordination effort,
25	that you know, we've always worked

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	together when a crime scene occurs and
3	we jump in, everybody does their part.
4	But when it comes to gathering data
5	because we all have different data sets
6	and different ways that we collect
7	data, that's a problem. We ventured
8	into a software company that has been
9	approved by the legislature moving
10	forward called NICE and we're hoping
11	that NICE can alleviate some of these
12	problems and coordinates sitting like a
13	spider with many different legs
14	reaching out and pulling that data up
15	to where it needs to be.
16	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Very good.
17	You mentioned the quarterly report
18	that that was the one where the
19	legislature asked for some information
20	on a quarterly basis. Will we be
21	tracking crimes committed by people who
22	are released with no bail and then
23	recommit crimes? Is that part of the
24	data you'll be collecting?
25	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That is one

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	of the data sets we will have to
3	collect, correct.
4	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: I have no
5	further questions. Thank you Presiding
6	Officer.
7	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I think
8	the Minority Leader had questions.
9	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Actually
10	just to piggyback on Legislator
11	Gaylor's question, that's where my
12	questions are tied to and then I wanted
13	to talk a little bit about the contract
14	the legislature passed in regards to
15	helping with the discovery and the
16	software, you can talk a little bit
17	elaborate a little bit more on how
18	you're finding that working or has it
19	been implemented or implemented fully.
20	Commissioner, I really just
21	wanted to dive into the merits of the
22	bill and your ability to comply with
23	the bill that has been proposed by the
24	legislature. Obviously, it's asking
25	for quarterly data statistics, which we

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	agree any time we can provide
3	information to the public it's
4	imperative. I've never found your
5	office not to provide me information.
6	You just provided me some ticket
7	information upon request, which I was
8	able to provide at a public meeting, so
9	I appreciate that as well. But if we
10	want to codify it with the law, I guess
11	that's the prerogative, obviously, of
12	the legislature. But in regards to the
13	piggyback on what Legislator Gaylor
14	said, the police department is tracking
15	some level of data and statistics as
16	pertains to the current bail reform
17	bill of individuals who have committed
18	previous crimes and be able to compile
19	that data and provide it to the
20	legislature on whether or not they've
21	recommitted those recommitted other
22	crimes or any other crime?
23	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So we kind
24	of knew that was going to be coming as
25	one of the, you know, looking at data,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	our analysts do that. That's what they
3	project problems and issues. Part of
4	the think tank, so we have been
5	collecting it. It's not an easy data
6	set to collect and the reason why
7	it's and it's not going to be 100
8	percent accurate because I don't know
9	the village arrests. I don't know
10	sometimes if the state took that
11	arrest. I don't know what the that
12	agency that took it what's the outcome.
13	So it's going to be work to search it
14	and get it but every data can be gotten
15	once we put the effort into it.
16	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So like say
17	for example if someone was arrested in
18	the village of Hempstead or city of
19	Glen Cove, you don't have that
20	information accessible to be able to
21	determine or compile their criminal
22	history to provide it to the
23	legislature to determine whether or not
24	you've captured all of their activity
25	or if I'm understanding you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	correctly.
3	COMMISSIONER RYDER: No, if we're
4	talking about criminal history that's
5	one thing. We can access criminal
6	history on anybody when we have the
7	right reasons to access that data.
8	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Okay.
9	COMMISSIONER RYDER: But if we're
10	talking about those that have been
11	arrested and then released because of
12	the new bail reform, that data, to
13	track that, is work, there's a lot of
14	work involved because the like I
15	said, we do 50 arrests a day for the
16	police department itself. Then I have
17	my villages and my cities and as you
18	just heard, the state police are also
19	in here. And we also have federal
20	agencies that come in. But if they
21	process them on a federal level, it's
22	not my issue. But if they do it on a
23	state level, the I got to track it.
24	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I guess
25	what I'm driving at is, is there a way

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	for us to look at the data whether
3	they're released after January 1 or
4	before. Is there a way for you to
5	provide data with us that we agree
6	that when many of the reforms came in
7	place, you want to give it to people
8	that obviously, as described,
9	nonviolent or people who as you
10	admitted, many that are sitting in jail
11	that don't deserve to be there because
12	they can't pay the bail. But I think
13	what we're trying to also take a look
14	at, in the situation of Mr. Maldonado's
15	son, this allegedly this gentleman
16	committed several crimes leading up to
17	this crime, which devastatingly took
18	his son's life. Do you have the
19	ability to provide to this legislature
20	statistics, not by name of course, but
21	statistics that would give us some
22	level of idea the activity of the
23	individual that is being released or
24	multiple times released until there's
25	revisions to this bill?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Yes, sir, we
3	can.
4	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I'm asking
5	this question I guess to the majority,
6	is that encompassed in your bill in
7	terms of some of the data gathering?
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: We'll look
9	at it. We're trying to gather as much
10	data as possible.
11	COMMISSIONER RYDER: It is.
12	Section C of the bill, the number of
13	crimes charged against the defendants
14	while such defendants have been
15	released without bail on previous
16	criminal charges are charged including
17	the charges against said defendants and
18	a brief narrative description of crimes
19	allegedly committed while released
20	without bail. So yes, it will be part
21	of our tracking.
22	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: If there's
23	an area that's not covered, we'd be
24	happy to consider amending the bill to
25	cover that.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Okay. I'm
3	glad you're able to compile that data,
4	Commissioner, and at the same time,
5	glad it's actually covered in the bill.
6	The next area I wanted to dive
7	into I mean, you alluded to it a
8	little bit but I know the legislature
9	passed a contract which would help the
10	police department as well as the
11	district attorney in being able to
12	manage and be able with the
13	discovery process, is that software up
14	and running totally or is it still in
15	the process of being up and running?
16	COMMISSIONER RYDER: It's still a
17	couple of months away from being up
18	fully running and the reason being, the
19	procurement process takes time to get
20	them online. They are part of
21	Motorola, so they came in, they do know
22	some of the programs already, they've
23	expedited a lot of the things that we
24	need to do for us to make it more
25	electronically. And we still have a

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	lot more to go forward with them and
3	are still working with us as we speak.
4	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: So when do
5	you envision being able I mean, I
6	know procurement is difficult but
7	COMMISSIONER RYDER: The
8	procurement process is all done.
9	They're in so
10	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: I guess
11	when you implement the system will be
12	up and running, that's what you're
13	saying?
14	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I think
15	we're a three to six month window is
16	what we're looking at right now.
17	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Okay. Once
18	the system is in, do you believe that
19	will address some of the lack of
20	personnel needs to be able to address
21	the reforms to bail?
22	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Any time you
23	add technology into something it's
24	going to make my game faster,
25	absolutely. It will alleviate a lot of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	people sitting behind machines manually
3	pulling data that we never thought we
4	would have to pull. And we've done our
5	own changes in the system to make our
6	blotters, trying to make them
7	electronic, trying to make our police
8	officers memo book electronic. So in
9	one aspect it's changed the way we do
10	policing, that's for sure, some good
11	some bad.
12	LEGISLATOR ABRAHAMS: Thank you,
13	Commissioner.
14	COMMISSIONER RYDER: You're
15	welcome.
16	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I have a
17	couple of follow-up questions and I
18	think Legislator Rhoads has some
19	questions. Has the new law changed the
20	way your officers gather information or
21	prepare the information in light of the
22	fact that it has to be turned over
23	within 15 days in the first instance?
24	Any change in the procedures of your
25	cops on the street or detectives for

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that matter?
3	COMMISSIONER RYDER: And we
4	changed the memo book. To the memo
5	book is what the cop is, their bible,
6	if you will, it's how they gather their
7	data, they put it into this memo book
8	where they go when they take their
9	breaks, when they stop somebody, the
10	plate data. We've taken that out from
11	a written form and we've made it
12	electronically, so a little learning
13	curve for that. And then also, will
14	there be reluctance to put in as much
15	data. Yeah, I assume so. But again,
16	the memo book was always subject to be
17	brought into court when asked for, so
18	again, it's one of these catch 22 type
19	things. It yes, it's changed the
20	way we do it. Yes, eventually that
21	memo book may have been called in by
22	the time of trial.
23	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: But it has
24	to be done in a more expedited basis at
25	this time?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Absolutely.
3	Everything completes we try to
4	complete by the end of tour, which
5	extends our time of working.
6	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Next
7	question is more of an anecdotal
8	nature. Are your officers finding that
9	suspects are aware of the new law?
10	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I really
11	can't answer that. I don't look,
12	you heard from Mr. Maldonado a minute
13	ago that's what that subject said. I
14	have not specifically asked that
15	question or heard anybody say it to me.
16	But they do quickly learn about the
17	laws pretty quick out there.
18	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I know
19	it's still early, are your officers
20	indicating whether there's any change
21	in the willingness of victims and/or
22	witnesses to cooperate?
23	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We are
24	seeing that attorneys are jumping in
25	much earlier, and we are seeing that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	our cooperation it depends, you
3	know, on the case and the charges. If
4	they know they're going to be walking
5	out on a minor drug charge, they're not
6	going to cooperate against their drug
7	dealer. That's we look at our
8	victims again and that's what we speak
9	for. When you look at an overdose
10	victim and you're trying to deal with a
11	very upset family and that information
12	of hey, who's your dealer, let us work
13	to go after the dealer. Keeping them
14	out of it and trying to work on the
15	data phone records and so forth, that
16	reluctance we're concerned that they
17	may rise. Have I seen a concern? It's
18	too short of a data set to tell.
19	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: It's too
20	soon. I think more I was focussing on
21	a victim of a crime or somebody who's
22	witnessed a crime who may be concerned
23	to have their information disclosed
24	immediately. But as you said, it's too
25	soon to really tell.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Way too soon
3	to tell.
4	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Legislator
5	Rhoads.
6	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Thank you,
7	Mr. Presiding Officer. Just a couple
8	of follow-up questions. There was an
9	indication, you had made an indication
10	there was an uptick in crime by about
11	five percent, not at the hearing today
12	but a previous statement that you had
13	made. Do we know over what period of
14	time that is? Is that just from
15	January 1st?
16	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So the
17	numbers still the total crime has
18	been is up 5.5 percent, it's from
19	January 1st to as of this morning, so
20	it's the most up-to-date data compared
21	to that same period last year.
22	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Is there a
23	breakdown between violent crimes,
24	property crimes, are we able to break
25	that down any further?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Yeah, so
3	actually our violent crime has seen a
4	decrease, not an increase. But our
5	property crimes and quality of life
6	type crimes have seen an increase.
7	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Do we have
8	any idea what the reason for that might
9	be?
10	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Most of the
11	individuals that we do arrest, if you
12	look at the quantity of numbers. To
13	give you an example, our grand
14	larcenies are at 432 for the year but
15	if you look at our robbery it's only at
16	13 for the year, so it's a different
17	type of the crime, we get more people
18	that commit grand larcenies, petty
19	larcenies, stealing property,
20	shoplifting, so that number has started
21	to climb.
22	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Those are the
23	crimes for which obviously there would
24	be no bail.
25	COMMISSIONER RYDER: That's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	correct.
3	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Prior to
4	January 1st of 2020, would there have
5	been bail for those crimes previously?
6	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I'm going to
7	say probably not. Most of our
8	shoplifters they may not they have
9	gotten bail, \$100, \$200 at the station
10	house. But the problem is it's not the
11	one crime. So the person we concern
12	ourselves and look, here's the
13	difference of what we're talking about,
14	that discretion that needs to be put
15	back in there. I break into a car and
16	I steal somebody's money out of the car
17	and I commit it one petty larceny. I
18	break into a car and then I do 20 cars
19	tonight. That person should not be
20	going home on bail. That person should
21	be staying in to see the judge the next
22	morning to make sure that maybe, just
23	maybe, we can get him he's got a
24	drug problem and we can get him in
25	front of diversion court or he's got a

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	health issue and we can get him into
3	some kind of substance abuse program.
4	The system was built on us learning
5	from our mistakes that we know how to
6	work and treat our subjects and our
7	victims better. So again, it's that
8	discretion. It's not a blanket answer
9	one way or the other. First time
10	shoplifter in Roosevelt Field almost
11	always going to get an appearance
12	ticket. Some that has multiple and has
13	a history of shoplifting and we know
14	that person is a career shoplifter
15	probably not going to get bail and
16	going to be remanded. Then when it
17	goes down to court, then it's up to the
18	court what the court's decision was.
19	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Obviously
20	larceny, grand larceny, vehicular
21	manslaughter, these are things that
22	typically would have received some type
23	of bail in the past.
24	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Grand
25	larceny we would have always taken bail

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and we would have probably mostly sent
3	it to court.
4	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: In terms of
5	well, actually if I can ask: What
6	crimes do you keep track of
7	statistically as of today? What levels
8	of crimes?
9	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We keep
10	track of all crimes. Any crime that is
11	committed in Nassau County we have a
12	number for. But what we report and
13	we're required to report to the state
14	are our major crimes and the major
15	crimes go from murder, rape, criminal
16	sex acts, sexual abuse, robbery,
17	commercial robbery, street level
18	assault felonies, burglary residents,
19	burglary commercial, stolen vehicles
20	and grand larceny. They're our major
21	crimes. And then when I give a number
22	of our total major crimes, I give you
23	that number and then I give you total
24	crime report. That includes all
25	others. So to give you an example, so

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	far this year there's 677 major crimes
3	committed in Nassau County. All other
4	crimes, which are the smaller crimes,
5	there's been 2,216, so you see the
6	volume of what we're talking about.
7	They're the ones that go out and if we
8	don't put them into some path, if you
9	will, they go out and commit more
10	crimes and that number will grow. That
11	number is up as we up almost two
12	percent.
13	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And to the
14	point that you made, for example, if
15	someone is arrested on a drug crime and
16	they may themselves be a user, in the
17	past you'd be able to get them into
18	some drug interdiction program,
19	obviously you can't do that, you're
20	releasing them right back into the same
21	environment that they came from so it
22	actually, in theory, does harm to that
23	prospective criminal defendant.
24	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We like to
25	think that the system has been working

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to take care of those and get them in
3	the right path. I know we've worked
4	very closely with Judge Sullivan over
5	in diversion court and the DA's office
6	on our opiate issue and getting those
7	kids into diversion court is very
8	important.
9	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Can you tell
10	me in advance of January 1st, how many
11	people were released from jail in
12	anticipation of the criminal justice
13	reforms? I know because there's been
14	some dispute about that number.
15	Initial projections were somewhere in
16	the neighborhood of around 300 but then
17	some that some were not receiving
18	bail before January 1 in anticipation
19	of the reforms. Do we know what the
20	total number and apparently they
21	were also released over a period of
22	time not just on December 31st. Do we
23	know how many were actually released
24	from the jail?
25	MR. PAINTER: I'll just jump in

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	on that. It's a complicated situation
3	but I'll give you the answer. So there
4	was three or four spot checks by the
5	sheriff's office throughout the year
6	since the enactment of the law to gauge
7	how much of the inmate population would
8	be mandatory released as of January 1.
9	So it always hovered around 300 to 400
10	and September was a good reading of
11	what would have been the differential
12	of overall jail population. My office
13	realizing inevitability started
14	changing bail requests, also in line
15	with judges, realizing inevitability,
16	stopped granting bail requests.
17	Because eventually we get to the
18	impossibility or the ludicrousy of a
19	situation where if you ask for bail on
20	December 30 for them to get out January
21	1, you've just caused a bunch of pieces
22	of paper, possible liability for the
23	county, unnecessary prison transport
24	things like that.
25	So you would see, of course,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	because of the preparations, the
3	tapering from September to January
4	gradually, not suddenly. That's why
5	there's no big release on December 31,
6	because that would have been
7	irresponsible. The jail always has
8	people coming and going. It is a
9	temporary detention facility. It's for
10	only misdemeanor sentences or definite
11	sentences of one year or less. It's
12	not a prison. So there's a natural
13	release pattern to that jail of people
14	who have completed sentences, whatever
15	they might be. That's what you would
16	you see released and as less people
17	were coming in, and the same number of
18	people were coming out, that's what led
19	to a gradual decline from 300 to, I
20	think on the night of, there was
21	around, you know, a few dozen. It was
22	as a result of preparation.
23	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I'm assuming
24	that the inmate population is made
25	the numbers of the average inmate

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	population are maintained on a, I would
3	assume, a monthly basis, right?
4	MR. PAINTER: You would get the
5	most accurate information from the
6	sheriff how often they audit their jail
7	population.
8	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Do we know
9	what the average inmate population was
10	before the release and what it is
11	today?
12	MR. PAINTER: My recollection was
13	that it was over in the low
14	thousands. My estimation would be
15	about 1,100, 1,200 at a given time.
16	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Do we know
17	what it is today?
18	MR. PAINTER: I do not.
19	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Incidentally,
20	for the numbers of individuals that
21	either were not retained on bail in
22	anticipation of the criminal justice
23	reforms taking effect on January 1st
24	and those who were actually released in
25	anticipation of January 1st from the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	jail, are we keeping statistics on
3	those individuals and whether there
4	have been any incidents of recidivism?
5	MR. PAINTER: The sheriff
6	COMMISSIONER RYDER: We'll be
7	looking at all that data. Again, the
8	sheriff's office would know more and
9	should comment on that but we do track
10	a lot of the recidivism. We do track,
11	you know, what comes back around at us.
12	Again, we're working out percentages
13	and stuff, that's not what we normally
14	do, that number usually comes from a
15	state level but again
16	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I would
17	imagine, you know, we know the
18	individuals that were actually released
19	in advance of criminal justice reform,
20	right?
21	MR. PAINTER: Again, so much of
22	it wasn't about release. So I guess
23	maybe I wasn't clear before. It wasn't
24	as if there was a bunch of applications
25	between September and the end of the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	year and people consented to release.
3	What actually happened is, the bail
4	applications at the outset of a
5	criminal case and the determinations at
6	the outset of new cases for September
7	to December, were impacted. So rather
8	than people getting released, they just
9	didn't go in at the same rate. And
10	then the natural attrition of the jail
11	from September to December you saw
12	drive it down. Judges were also
13	instructed in the final months that any
14	time a case came up before them to give
15	a hard look at that person, maybe do a
16	bail app before, some were bail apps on
17	the spot, some were signing bail
18	commitment release postdating them to
19	December 31. So there were some people
20	that the courts were not willing to
21	release early. But your release
22	population was a small factor of the
23	reduction. It was actually entry that
24	decreased. Does that make sense?
25	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: No it

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	absolutely does.
3	MR. PAINTER: It's impossible to
4	track the people that we never put in,
5	so to speak.
6	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Right.
7	Completely understood. However, there
8	is a subset of that population that
9	actually was released.
10	MR. PAINTER: That is correct.
11	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: For the ones
12	that were released, and I guess we
13	don't know the exact number, for the
14	ones that were released, have we
15	already begun to track whether those
16	individuals were picked up on other
17	crimes while awaiting their trial?
18	MR. PAINTER: I'm aware of a few
19	examples but I don't have the full
20	statistic. I'm of course aware of a
21	few examples where we've gone after
22	people who released, absconded and we
23	had to pick them up again.
24	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Now in
25	anticipating, I don't if it's I

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	guess it would be ADA Painter. In
3	anticipation I think you indicated that
4	there was a policy decision between the
5	judges and between the district
6	attorney's office that we would not be
7	seeking bail on certain crimes because,
8	again, what's the point of putting
9	somebody in jail on December 30 only to
10	turn around and release them on January
11	1st. Was there coordination of those
12	policies between the were there
13	conversations between the DA's office
14	and the judiciary? How did that work,
15	exactly?
16	MR. PAINTER: I would say that's
17	one of those things that occurred
18	organically. You had a lot of honest
19	and good and rationale argument from
20	the defense bar to the judges saying
21	judge, this is not even a qualifying
22	offense in three months or two months
23	or one week so why. And you had a lot
24	of judicial reception to that. Again,
25	which would be rational. So then when

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you have those factors organically, the
3	ADA at the beginning of a calendar will
4	know what to ask on, what not to ask
5	on, what the judicial proclivity of the
6	day would be. So you'll see that just
7	happened organically. As far as a top
8	down policy, it wasn't really even
9	wasn't even really necessary. There
10	was a few lower level cases, we're
11	talking very, like, B misdemeanors and
12	violations where we pretty much said,
13	okay, we should not be asking for bail
14	on this anymore because there's no
15	point, they're getting out. But again,
16	a tiny fraction of what I would
17	consider was more organic construct.
18	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I know
19	Presiding Officer Nicolello had asked
20	Commissioner about the affects of the
21	new reforms on witnesses being willing
22	or victims being willing to cooperate.
23	I believe you indicated it might be too
24	early to tell?
25	COMMISSIONER RYDER: It's a hard

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	stat to collect because if they don't
3	come forward I don't know who they are.
4	I guess, you know, look at all if we
5	have willing witnesses that come
6	forward, they help us solve crimes and
7	they help us reduce our numbers. So I
8	guess we'll be looking at the number
9	the only number that I can confidently
10	give you is our crime numbers, that's
11	what we collect. We watch and gauge
12	how they work. But again, and I do add
13	that Jack Maple statement that crime is
14	affected on the short term by weather,
15	we've had a very mild winter, which bad
16	guys do not like the cold, so crime
17	goes down in January and February.
18	This time it's gone up but look out,
19	it's another warm day here in the
20	Nassau County.
21	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Sure. Sure.
22	I guess what I'm trying to get to is,
23	you know, in the example that ADA
24	Painter gave to us during our budget
25	hearings where you had a victim

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	unfortunately of a rape and under the
3	disclosure requirements the prosecutors
4	would be required to turn over the
5	victim's name, the victim's contact
6	information, and could, if the victim
7	did not make the did not answer the
8	phone when there was an attempt to
9	contact them by the defense,
10	potentially they would be able to
11	receive their home address.
12	MR. PAINTER: I'm covering this
13	in my presentation.
14	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Okay. Not a
15	problem. I guess the question the
16	question that I had was: Do we see a
17	reluctance on the part of in these
18	particular instances over the course of
19	the last month, do we see a reluctance
20	on the part of someone who has reported
21	a crime then finds out what has to be
22	
22	disclosed and then says hey, you know
23	disclosed and then says hey, you know what, I want no part of this. Have you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the discretion of the Presiding Officer
3	if he wants me to answer that now or go
4	into my presentation because that's
5	I'll cover
6	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: If you're
7	going to cover it anyway then don't
8	even worry about it.
9	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I know the
10	Commissioner has to leave by 1:00,
11	correct?
12	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I'm good as
13	long as James is there, so yes, I'm
14	okay. I'm good until he speaks.
15	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Last couple
16	of questions for Pat, then I'm going to
17	break it off and we'll unless no one
18	else has questions and we'll you'll
19	be off the hook, so to speak.
20	Has the police department
21	considered any strategies to give
22	witnesses some level of comfort as to
23	their security and protection while the
24	criminal defendants or prospective
25	criminal defendants are awaiting trial?

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So always
3	working with our district attorney,
4	we've always taken great lengths to
5	protect our witnesses. Whether we're
6	going to put them up in hotels or move
7	them out of the area or relocate them,
8	that's always taken into consideration.
9	And again, many times the victim says
10	no, I want to stay, this is my home,
11	I'm not leaving. And we understand
12	that and then we try to intensify our
13	patrols and stuff. You can't watch a
14	victim all the time, unfortunately,
15	unless you've got them in a controlled
16	environment. We do our best to do it.
17	We coordinate with the district
18	attorney's office and that has
19	continued to be our plan going forward.
20	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I'm hoping
21	that we'll receive some sort of update.
22	As you know, the legislature passed in
23	advance of criminal justice reform here
24	in Nassau, it passed a bill calling for
25	the creation of the Office of Crime

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Victim Advocate, which is actually
3	going to serve as an advocate on behalf
4	of crime victims that can actually go
5	into court and either oppose
6	applications or at least be heard on
7	applications where information
8	concerning victims and access to
9	victims is going to be requested by the
10	defense. Do you know if there's any
11	update with respect to that and has the
12	police department been asked to
13	coordinate with the office of crime
14	victim advocate?
15	COMMISSIONER RYDER: I'm going to
16	leave the administration answer that
17	because I am not in that process.
18	Maybe some of my members are working on
19	it, but I don't have firsthand
20	knowledge.
21	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I appreciate
22	that. And I know you indicated that
23	you hadn't been contacted, I guess, by
24	anybody at the state level in advance
25	of criminal justice reform being voted

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	on and presumably being implemented.
3	Have you been contacted since while
4	we've been talking about reforms to
5	criminal justice?
6	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So I've had
7	numerous conversations with many of our
8	state senators and all constructive
9	trying to understand the ramifications
10	of this. And I also understand their
11	argument on their side of what they're
12	looking for. So yes, we have and I
13	think that many of those items that you
14	see in Newsday today are similar to
15	what we've been talking about as our
16	committee.
17	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: If I can ask,
18	what recommendation would you make to
19	the existing criminal justice reform
20	and cashless bail reform?
21	COMMISSIONER RYDER: So we would
22	ask to present that, put together a
23	committee, present our issues both from
24	many different groups, that document
25	will be sent to all of you today. I

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	read it off before earlier.
3	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I appreciate
4	that. Thank you very much,
5	Commissioner. One final question, I
6	apologize. We see down the pike
7	potentially Cannibis legislation coming
8	down from the state. Sort of similar
9	to the discussion we were having with
10	regards to legalized marijuana for
11	nonmedicinal uses. Has anybody from
12	the state contacted you for input with
13	respect to that potential legislation
14	coming down the pike this year?
15	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Yes, there
16	have been conversations regarding and
17	discussions about it. I can't go into
18	those conversations as of yet but I
19	will tell you that there are concerns
20	on both sides and I think I'd just
21	rather leave it alone today, if you
22	didn't mind.
23	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Understood.
24	Thank you, Commissioner.
25	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Legislator

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Drucker.
3	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Thank you,
4	Presiding Officer, Minority Leader, and
5	as often happens when I follow
6	Legislator Rhoads, my questions were
7	already asked, and for the most part
8	answered, but I do have a couple follow
9	ups. Thank you, Commissioner. You
10	have no greater fan than me in terms of
11	what you do in Nassau County in terms
12	of protecting us and keeping us safe.
13	I just wanted to piggyback on
14	Legislator Rhoads, and also just to
15	comment. I agree with Presiding
16	Officer Minority Leader Legislator
17	Ford, we all agree that there has to be
18	changes to this law. But in the mean
19	time, though, we have to deal with what
20	we have. I just had a question to
21	follow up on Legislator Rhoads with
22	regard to the increase of five percent
23	you said regarding petty offenses. So,
24	you said that there are about 50
25	arrests per day. What percentage of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	those 50 arrests are for petty
3	offenses, would you say?
4	COMMISSIONER RYDER: The
5	majority, I'd say 70 to 75 percent.
6	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: 70, 75
7	percent. And would you agree, because
8	it's been my experience, that prior to
9	January 1st a suspect arrested on a
10	petty offense, property damage, et
11	cetera, would ordinarily be given a
12	desk appearance ticket anyway?
13	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Again, it
14	would go into that discretion and that
15	volume looking back, you know, how many
16	did he do tonight, did he do seven or
17	eight of them, he's a persistent
18	offender for us, he's causing us that
19	problem that continues in the community
20	so we would hold him down to court.
21	Down at court he'd probably be offered
22	bail and if not bail, he would be
23	remanded.
24	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Right. But
25	I'm referring more or less to the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	person who's maybe done it once.
3	COMMISSIONER RYDER: First time
4	offenders almost always, on a low
5	level, like, larceny from a vehicle,
6	would probably get an appearance
7	ticket.
8	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Right. So
9	the new law really had no affect or has
10	no affect on those types of
11	circumstances?
12	COMMISSIONER RYDER: No.
13	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: The rest of
14	my questions were asked and answered.
15	Thank you, Commissioner.
16	COMMISSIONER RYDER: Thank you.
17	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I think
18	we're set. Thank you, Commissioner.
19	Mr. Painter, go ahead with your
20	presentation.
21	MR. PAINTER: Thank you very
22	much. Again, I'm Jed Painter, I'm the
23	NCDA general counsel. Since April it's
24	been my main responsibility to ensure
25	legal and policy compliance with the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	criminal justice reforms. I wanted to
3	use this time when we received the
4	invitation I was trying to think how to
5	use the time productively and then
6	understanding the body I was in front
7	of, what the body was capable of. I
8	want to actually open by saying that
9	you all been very good to the Nassau
10	County DA's office and we really
11	appreciate that. You have always asked
12	for our input, you have always acted on
13	that input. We've come here many
14	times, you know, with different
15	budgetary requests, not just now but in
16	the past and no matter what
17	disagreements there might be, you've
18	always made rational decisions, so we
19	really do appreciate that and
20	appreciate your support and also
21	appreciate you listening today.
22	I did want to start by mentioning
23	some positive effects of the criminal
24	justice reforms. One thing that was
25	negotiated on the way in to these

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	because we knew we had to offload a lot
3	of cases early on is we negotiated with
4	the administrative judge earlier court
5	dates. More frequent court dates,
6	misdemeanors are now heard at seventh
7	day and the 14th day. Felonies are the
8	third and fifth day and then
9	adjournments to follow. But that up
10	front action on a case, that will pay
11	dividends as far as total cases in the
12	system down to the road. It's an
13	ancillary effect but a good one that I
14	would have wanted with or without these
15	reforms and we're happy we're seeing
16	that and hopefully by December you see
17	a lot less cases just held up month
18	after month adjournments.
19	Second thing that probably would
20	not have happened, but I count it as an
21	ancillary effect, is we built and
22	deployed an electronic discovery system
23	and it did not crash on day two. It
24	has now over 4,000 successful downloads
25	from it. It's had over 300 registered

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	users. So that was also a thing. We
3	were very concerned about adopting by
4	the judiciary, by the defense bar, but
5	now opting out has become harder and
6	harder, and again, this was something
7	that the DA's office made, the court
8	system didn't make this. We made it.
9	It cost money but we made it. Very
10	happy that now we do have an electronic
11	system of fast exchange. We've
12	acquired data management software that
13	would not have otherwise been urgent
14	enough ever to be done. But we have
15	many modes of transferring data between
16	the various police departments that I
17	mentioned. Like I said, I sat next to
18	Commissioner Ryder, the NYPD is
19	responsible for 79 percent of our
20	reactive volume at the DA's office, but
21	we work with 25 other law enforcement
22	agencies; NYPD, federal partners, so we
23	do have a myriad of sources that we
24	have to work with and we have to have
25	data platforms for each and every

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	single one of them.
3	And the final thing is, I believe
4	throughout this process, because it has
5	been arduous, we have had a shared
6	experience and I do see police and
7	prosecutors actually understanding one
8	another's work better, understanding
9	our procedures better, which I think
10	organically makes a better criminal
11	justice system. So I just want to
12	mention those for things that were
13	positive.
14	That having been said, we have
15	major practical issues with the
16	deployment and implementation of these
17	reforms. I'm going to cover a few of
18	them and try to give them a little bit
19	of a face. We will be trying our best
20	and we have been trying our best and
21	with the resources we have.
22	The first thing I wanted to point
23	out in any discussion in the ether we
24	see a lot of suggested amendments and
25	whatnot. I want to draw a sharp line

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 at the beginning between content versus 3 timing of discovery. The process by which these reforms came about I have 4 found could have benefitted from a lot 5 6 of substantive input because it's very 7 very hard. The criminal justice system 8 has a lot of workings and saying terms 9 like discovery and bail and securing 10 orders. They're easy. But I think 11 that were I to design a car I would 12 know that it needs wheels and a hood 13 and an engine and seats and seat belts and things. I could probably design 14 something but it would not know at all 15 how to start, it would not work very 16 17 So that's the kind of, you know, well. 18 without input that's the kind of result 19 you're going to have. 20 And now I fear there's been a lot of easier solutions, like, well, we'll 21 22 just make 15 days turn to 30 or to turn 23 to 45 or turn to 20. That's actually 24 not the main issue. The main issue is 25 the content of discovery. I will show

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	some examples of the types of data that
3	we need to acquire. They are not
4	stacks of paper. They are
5	technological sources. They are body
6	worn cameras and GPS records, thousands
7	upon thousands of memo books,
8	surveillance video systems, it goes on.
9	It has proven extremely difficult to
10	file certificates of compliance with
11	our discovery requirements on major
12	cases. Having personally interviewed
13	most of litigation staff and discovery
14	compliance staff I can tell you this:
15	Major offense bureau; homicides,
16	pattern criminals, in the six weeks
17	it's been one of those ADA's has been
18	able, with her case load of 30, has
19	been able to certify one.
20	From whom we need to secure
21	documentation. Videos, detective
22	reports. On pattern cases you have
23	that problem exponentially. The harder
24	the case, the more important the case,
25	much harder it is to certify and, like

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I said, it's not necessarily the DA's
3	fault ultimately. They're the end user
4	of a huge that are a huge funnel for
5	information.
6	Ancillary documentation is
7	holding up our certificates of
8	compliance and I'm talking about the
9	eighth, ninth and tenth officers who
10	showed up to a scene, just probably for
11	traffic control. Right now the
12	judicial trend that we're trying it
13	reverse is we have to secure their memo
14	book entries to say certain hours they
15	went and secured a traffic sene.
16	Blotters of where evidence was moved or
17	when a detective signed in or out.
18	Very ancillary. We'd probably never
19	inform a plea, would never reallya
20	plea decision or really come up at
21	trial but because the way the law was
22	written is all items and information
23	that relate to the subject matter of
24	the case and then has a list of
25	illustrative factors, and we're

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	responsible for police records. The
3	actualization of that constructive
4	possession is almost impossible. And
5	what's holding up things is very
6	immaterial and that can be very
7	frustrating to the ADAs who have about
8	200 cases.
9	Another thing is the lack of
10	governing case law. It's too early.
11	We see a bunch of lower level decisions
12	and they're all disagreeing with each
13	other right now. It'll be about six
14	months to a year before we see
15	appellate guidance on what terms like
16	relates to the subject matters cases
17	and where the limitation of victim
18	visitation go and all these other
19	issues that don't give us too much
20	comfort in what we're as a practice is
21	right. We can try to do our best in
22	good faith, we'll see where that leads
23	us. But because it's a new law and
24	there's no court interpretations of
25	that law the default is grab or the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	default on the judiciary is don't let
3	them certify until they have
4	everything. So content versus time of
5	discovery is amazing.
6	The biggest issue with the police
7	departments, every single one, not just
8	Nassau County or the villages but
9	across the state are these radio
10	transmissions and electronic records.
11	I would go so far as to say and I
12	absolutely will say body cameras
13	strongly discouraged now. Again, not
14	by anybody in particular but because
15	the data, the storage, the transmission
16	and the technology, as far as the
17	acquisition is too vast. There was a
18	decision in the city where the metadata
19	behind the actually cameras also had to
20	be provided. I don't know. I wouldn't
21	expect to see I thought that was a
22	good direction to go in for
23	accountability purposes, body cameras.
24	Only one department has them; Freeport.
25	I wouldn't see any immediate expansion

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	police headquarters for that to happen.
3	And even that is a heavy lift and even
4	that may not be judicially accepted but
5	it's all we can do to preserve our
6	cases from being dismissed for 3030
7	grounds or speedy trial grounds. I
8	apologize.
9	GPS data. We've had lot of
10	arguments about that. Every patrol
11	car, another good thing, is tracked, so
12	we know for officer safety where they
13	are and if something's gone wrong.
14	Stationhouse video is another thing for
15	security, very important. But to
16	accumulate that data on every single
17	case, like a traffic stop where
18	somebody's brought in and processed,
19	you know, for aggregated unlicensed to
20	get the stationhouse video, I mean,
21	it's something that we never would have
22	even considered. And we're of course
23	going to be making legal arguments that
24	shouldn't be considered but, again,
25	until there's a lack of the study of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	case law, we are compiling a lot of
3	information or attempting to.
4	Memo book entries is a huge
5	issue. Officers don't carry one memo
6	book, they carry sometimes multiple a
7	month. And because the discovery is
8	retroactive to all cases that were
9	pending, identifying those memo book
10	entries and pulling them in for those
11	transitional cases, we sent a list of
12	the it was a computer compiled list
13	of the memo books that we knew about,
14	as far as the officers assigned to
15	cases, that list was 26,000 entries
16	that cannot be pulled by the police.
17	Absolutely not. They will do their
18	best but we will be eating sanctions on
19	those and taking different tacks on
20	those legally, making legal arguments
21	where we can. That's just retroactive.
22	Blotter entries are the same.
23	There are six different blotters that
24	possibly could exist for any given
25	case. Scientific and technological

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	data, of course, is a major issue. As
3	far as you don't ever want to be put in
4	a position where you're ignoring
5	science its discovery is voluminous.
6	I wanted to show one example. It
7	is very difficult to explain to a non
8	practitioner what I mean when I say our
9	ADAs are really struggling. So I'm
10	flashing this in but I will zoom it a
11	little faster in a second. But this is
12	one portion of a defense request on a
13	case. One portion. This is the
14	portion of their defense request that
15	pertains to forensic science. Okay.
16	Controlled proficiency results for each
17	analyst and technician responsibile for
18	preparation analysis, including raw
19	data reported results, target values,
20	acceptance ranges, copies of
21	traceability, documentation during
22	analysis, copies of tactile procedures
23	in effect at the time the test was
24	performed, including sample
25	preparation I'm sorry, it's on the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	slide. I don't want to read it so slow
3	that everybody falls asleep but
4	sample preparation records, including
5	dates and conditions of preparation,
6	procedural reference, purity, extract
7	volume, bench notes, log books,
8	measurements regarding testing,
9	instrumentation run logs, run sequence,
10	origins, times of analysis, records of
11	instrument operating conditions and
12	criteria for variable. Gas
13	chromatograph column, instrument file
14	identification, tuning criteria.
15	Instrument performance checks. Records
16	of instrumentation maintenance at
17	status and activities. We also have
18	raw data. Down here you see the
19	description of the library and
20	reference spectra. Then you have copy
21	of records documenting computation of
22	laboratories theoretical production
23	yield, operation of calibration checks,
24	results of calibration checks and mass
25	traceability. Boom boom boom. I'm not

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	going to read all of this. It ends
3	with and the procedures manual and the
4	training manual.
5	I just want to highlight if that
6	was at all boring for any of you, our
7	ADAs still have to read it. Okay?
8	They still have to read it. They
9	forward it to me, I still check with
10	the director to see what can we get
11	because we have a presumption of
12	openness, we have a due diligence and
13	good faith requirement. I highlight,
14	highlight, highlight. This is one
15	nugget of discovery that relates to the
16	forensic. Doesn't relate to the body
17	cams yet, or the stationhouse video or
18	the GPS or the police reports or the
19	witness statements or anything else.
20	It is one nugget of a much bigger case
21	of collection. That's part of one case
22	of which that ADA this will take
23	long to load has 90.
24	I want to say at this point it's
25	been six weeks. Every ADA who is in

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the front line of this reform right now
3	who is in court as I'm talking here,
4	who has worked to modernize their
5	caseload, they're an absolute hero.
6	They did not deliver babies. I know
7	there is legislative recommendation for
8	such things where none of them
9	delivered a baby in the backseat of car
10	or stopped a robber or ran into a
11	burning building. But, every single
12	ADA who works at the Nassau County DA's
13	office who gutted it out under extreme
14	adversity and still continues to do so,
15	absolute hero.
16	As far as public safety issues.
17	Our witness protection expenses, we
18	have received more requests for witness
19	protection this month. It's been
20	double this month than all of last
21	year. So that will be adjusting our
22	budget accordingly.
23	Protective orders. The thing
24	that would stand between the rapist
25	knowing the victim because you still,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	who is in court as I'm talking here,
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20	year. So that will be adjusting our
21	budget accordingly.
22	Protective orders. The thing
23	that would stand between the rapist
24	knowing the victim because you still
25	have to file it. It's not

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	presumptively protected, you still have
3	to have that conversation with the rape
4	victim about I can try. I can't
5	promise you anonymity. I can try. Try
6	through a protective order. I remember
7	last year I saw the debates in the
8	state level. If you read the
9	transcripts, the state was under the
10	impression that prosecutors tried to
11	project that protective orders were
12	easy to get. And to credit, I've seen
13	the transcripts where they meant for
14	this to be a low bar. You can see that
15	in the transcript. A very low bar to
16	get a protective order. We said I
17	don't care what you write, it's not
18	no. It's going to be that easy. It's
19	that easy.
20	We had two I'm trying to give
21	small examples for time but I want
22	to mention two protective orders should
23	have been no brainers. One was a
24	homicide, very violent homicide. The
25	other sorry attempted murder. The

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	other one was an MS13 beheading, okay,
3	as a violent murder. Protective orders
4	sought, granted at the lower court
5	level, expedited review goes to the
6	presiding justice of the second
7	department, vacated them both and sent
8	them back for the defense to have input
9	in those protective order hearings.
10	Protective orders are not easy to
11	get. And when talking on those that
12	line of questioning before about, you
13	know, how's it going communicating to
14	witnesses, it is a change in
15	communicating. Our prosecutors guide
16	them through the process and tell them
17	come to grand jury and come to the
18	hearings and come to the trial. It is
19	a different conversation in 2020 than
20	it was in 2019. In 2019 you said we
21	will protect your identity until you
22	testify. No witness list. You know,
23	if it was that type of case. If it was
24	the type of case where we had fears,
25	the prosecutors could use their

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	discretion. It wasn't trial by ambush,
3	it was discretion and there could be a
4	protective order if something came up.
5	2020 the conversation is much
6	different. It's like we'll try. We'll
7	try our best. I don't know, we have
8	cases coming back on very violent
9	things. Those conversations get
10	shakier and shakier but they are,
11	again, had by the ADAs every day.
12	Forensic unavailability. These
13	discovery issues are not what people
14	are talking about right now. I see a
15	little bit of chatter on it, most of
16	it's about bail because you can see
17	some more immediate affects of securing
18	order reform. Forensic unavailability
19	is a huge issue. We are about to lose
20	all ballistic testings. All ballistic
21	testing. Gun crimes, we're about to
22	lose them. The state is down to I
23	think their last analyst and we've
24	knocked on every door.
25	Drug chemistry, again, our

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	turnaround times are becoming abysmal.
3	Again, I want to combat a situation.
4	We're in the 21st century. I want to
5	combat a situation where forensics are
6	nuances. It would be very easy to go
7	to trial on a burglary with a
8	confession and three witnesses and, you
9	know what, because of the discovery
10	burden, I'm not going to test the
11	latent print on the window. Okay. Or
12	maybe a DNA sample at scene because
13	I've got my case is going to get
14	dismissed if I wait for that evidence.
15	So I'm going to go to trial,
16	possibly have a wrongful conviction
17	because I didn't wait. That's a
18	horrible thing. And believe me, we 're
19	counseling our ADAs no, you're going to
20	wait. But I'm just pointing that out
21	that you don't want a situation where
22	science is the enemy. Okay.
23	Otherwise, you know, 20 years from now
24	there'll be another person in this
25	chair from the DA's office talking

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	about a \$40 million settlement. I'm
3	sorry. Okay.
4	There's been a lot of talk about
5	some solutions. These are limited
6	solutions because, again, content
7	versus timing is two different things,
8	as I hope I've illustrated. NICE
9	investigate is a meeting benchmarks.
10	February, this month, they'll be
11	starting to take some of the NCPD data
12	into the cloud. By April, we'll start
13	seeing mechanisms of exchange but they
14	have meetings with us every week as far
15	as implementation and I would agree
16	with the Commissioner, three to six
17	months is a reasonable go live date.
18	We've uploaded all calibration
19	records to a website, so that way
20	instead of disclosing volumes of
21	information, we can direct defense
22	counsel simply just saying hey listen,
23	this is okay to be public, just go to
24	this website. We had that inspection
25	station for the radio transmissions and

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	we've developed technologically
3	cancellation platforms. The
4	cancellation platforms are that every
5	single time our case management system
6	again, something a credit to our IT
7	department every time a case is now
8	entered as disposed of, at the end of
9	the day, the computer will do a run and
10	transmit that to the police so they
11	stop producing discovery because they
12	are so on fire that getting
13	cancellations would help them. Same
14	thing with the lab. Actually, that
15	hasn't been finalized yet but we're
16	hoping to get the tech to finalize
17	that. Any bit helps.
18	We have ordered 60 scanners. One
19	bright side I will say is that our
20	copying is down and our ink is down 65
21	percent because of electronic
22	discovery. I'd like to get that number
23	even lower. Digital storage costs are
24	going to go up. We have terabytes of
25	data now.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	There's a contract. Boy, I wish
3	I think it's been signed, it's just
4	about moving it forward. Well, maybe
5	it hasn't been signed. It's the P1
6	JustWare integration where data won't
7	have to be reentered as soon as the
8	PremierONE system. The police one
9	inputted. Our system will
10	automatically the names and the
11	DOBs, it'll save us a lot on data
12	entry. We're waiting for that. And
13	we're trying to hire more discovery
14	expediters. Our core, we lost one so
15	we're down to nine. We have nine
16	discovery expediters, a senior ADA in
17	discovery compliance and a bureau
18	chief. That's something we didn't have
19	last year. We are trying to because
20	case files are going to be a thing of
21	the past. We are putting so much into
22	the digital files now, that a case file
23	is almost why do we even need it. The
24	only reason why we need it is because
25	we don't have WiFi in the courtrooms or

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	tablets but I would absolutely see
3	because when you're sending an ADA into
4	the courtroom now with a case file,
5	you're sending them with nothing.
6	Their case file is back on the
7	computer, so we have to update that.
8	And data entry enhancements.
9	Support staff hiring. Those
10	cancellation lists that I talked about,
11	only get produced timely is if we have
12	no backlog, zero backlog in data entry
13	of dispositions. Because if we're not
14	up to date, if it takes us a month to
15	enter the dispo's from last month, the
16	cancellations don't work, the discovery
17	gets overloaded and people are wasting
18	their time.
19	We've also been forced, because
20	of the volume of all those exchange
21	systems, to come up with a system of
22	priority requests with the PD. That's
23	your memo books and blotters and
24	ancillary documents, we're actually
25	taking on water. We have to wait until

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	50 percent of speedy trial has gone.
3	So we are jeopardizing the cases in
4	order to achieve an ultimately positive
5	resolution because it's one of those
6	where the good of the many outweigh the
7	good of the few.
8	Other solutions, of course, is
9	doing the right legal arguments about
10	impossibility. We've advanced many
11	legislative solutions. I tell my staff
12	that we shouldn't hold out hope to
13	anything. We should try to adapt to
14	things as they are now. More
15	immediately is policy based solution
16	such as plea offers, and yes, that
17	might force us to go lighter faster.
18	It was mentioned before about
19	marijuana. Marijuana is actually a
20	nonissue. I don't know if people know
21	this, the Public Health Law was
22	amended. Public Health Law was amended
23	to include hemp. Hemp has a quantity
24	of THC that has to differentiate from
25	marijuana. As of March 8th, the lab

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	will not be able to test marijuana
3	because they have no ability to quant
4	marijuana, so it doesn't matter if it's
5	a felony, a misdemeanor, drunk driving
6	or drug driving, it doesn't
7	practically, they don't have the tools
8	and will not get the tools back until
9	September if they order them, the
10	re-agents necessary to test marijuana.
11	So whether or not the legislature acts
12	on anything further with marijuana
13	because of the hemp amendment, the
14	Public Health Law that already has
15	happened as of March 8 marijuana cannot
16	be tested.
17	Other issues. Phoenix
18	alternative sentencing. We had a
19	robust alternative sentencing platform,
20	you know, it's good to get people
21	appropriate treatment for mental health
22	issues or drug treatment issues. The
23	future of that is a little shaky as
24	well as things like communications,
25	investigative we're spending all of

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 our labor force on reactive, the proactive might be forced into the back 3 4 seat just as the NCPD explained, their 5 resource issue we might eventually encompass support staff, line 6 7 assistant, other resource issues. I wanted to flag this as just an 8 9 odd thing; opioid litigation. The 10 county is part of many counties suing 11 opioid manufacturers. I don't know, 12 I'm not privy to how many millions 13 we're suing for or what our settlement prospects look like or anything, but 14 what I do know is, the DA's office is 15 required to comply with their discovery 16 17 in civil land. And the standing order 18 right now is production of all heroin 19 files from 1995 to present on an order 20 that I've gone personally to court to 21 say to the judge there's absolutely no 22 way, with present case loads, present 23 discovery obligations in the criminal context I can. I don't know what that 24 25 does to the county attorneys suit but

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	if pressed between a situation where
3	I'm doing production for a judge in
4	civil court that's off our main
5	constitutional missions and fulfilling
6	our constitutional mission to prosecute
7	crime and to do discovery, that's going
8	to go. Constitutional obligation comes
9	first. I credit our county's outside
10	counsel for working with me on that and
11	understanding and trying to fight as
12	hard as they can. It's not their fault
13	that this was sort of the wrong year to
14	do that but I raise it because that's
15	another ancillary issue of discovery
16	production.
17	The biggest thing that I wanted
18	to spend the most time on is
19	recruitment and retention. Staff
20	morale is absolutely walloped if you're
21	an ADA. Just absolutely what a case
22	was to do before is ten times that
23	amount. If you had a case load of 50,
24	you might as well have a case load of
25	500 or 1,000 now. Every case prep

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	because you can't plea anything,
3	universal discovery, the grabbing is
4	just way too much. We have ADAs
5	completely burning out. In Brooklyn,
6	if you notice the article, they lost
7	over 40 in one month, the previous
8	record was 17. Okay. We know people
9	are looking. These are talented,
10	talented attorneys. I want to point
11	out that they're not easily replaceable
12	either. This is the recruitment
13	statistics for the district attorney's
14	office for the past seven years. There
15	has been, as you can see, an 80 percent
16	decline in applicants. 80 percent. If
17	I lose them, I can't get them back.
18	Just because 100 apply, by the way,
19	doesn't mean I get 100 people. Those
20	same 100 are applying to the Bronx,
21	Brooklyn, Manhattan, Westchester,
22	Suffolk. Okay.
23	So say 20 percent of that number,
24	then we have to like that 20 percent of
25	the number and say they're competent.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	The DA actually has to exercise
3	discretion and say I trust you to
4	represent my name in court. Okay. We
5	are in a recruitment crisis. And it's
6	while we've dropped 80 percent, I
7	know other offices, because it's part
8	of my job to survey, they've gone down
9	but in the City it's more like 30
10	percent loss of interest. We are
11	specifically hit. Okay.
12	I want to point out this unlike
13	when the last time we hit a big
14	collapse, that was during 2010 to 2014
15	where it was a bad economy. Okay.
16	People were leaving because of the pay
17	freezes and whatnot. This is a good
18	economy. We have lost two ADAs who
19	were poached for double their salary.
20	We cannot stop that. We can stop
21	people from looking if they enjoy their
22	work, if they love their work, if they
23	find nobility in their work. This
24	moral crisis is very real and it's
25	caused directly by the workload and the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	abuse, quite honestly. There's a lot
3	of negative perceptions right now with
4	the profession that I resent.
5	As far as the ABA standards,
6	we're mindful that we're not supposed
7	to assign our ADAs a workload that by
8	reason of its size or complexity
9	interferes with providing quality
10	representation or endangers the
11	interest of justice. It's dangerous
12	for wrongful conviction. It's
13	dangerous from a financial standpoint,
14	as far as liability when things get
15	reversed. It's danger for the lawyer's
16	individual ethics that can be
17	individually sanctioned. They can have
18	grievances taken about them, and every
19	single one of them is aware of that.
20	And when we took a caseload of 90 to
21	200 cases and made the work associated
22	with that caseload multiply
23	tremendously with the discovery burden,
24	we have to reassess what a caseload
25	looks like. Now, ideally, I would come

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	before this body and say, so we need to
3	hire a lot more prosecutors to bring
4	down caseloads. But as you can see,
5	that's actually not why I'm here
6	because our recruitment we couldn't
7	hire if we wanted to. Even if you gave
8	us the money, we couldn't hire. We
9	have a recruitment crisis. We have to
10	focus more on retention.
11	This is what I'm doing right now.
12	The chief prosecutor on behalf of the
13	chief prosecutor for our jurisdiction,
14	inform governmental officials of the
15	workload and request funding and
16	personnel that are adequate to maintain
17	the criminal caseload. The bottom
18	sentence is a scary one. If we can't
19	recruit, then we have to notify the
20	jurisdiction and seek judicial relief
21	and I don't even know what that would
22	look like. I don't know if it's ever
23	happened.
24	So I have surveyed many offices
25	for what we're doing different. I've

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	surveyed our own offices. I conduct
3	the exit program and I have for the
4	last three or four years. One of the
5	major problems that we have in Nassau
6	County, which we should be morally
7	ashamed of anyway, is we have no paid
8	childcare leave. New York City has
9	minimum six weeks and they go up to 12
10	weeks. When given the choice between
11	those two jurisdictions, you're one of
12	those hundred applicants, you're going
13	there. But even more importantly,
14	because we rely so much on lateral
15	hiring or you might cut your teeth in
16	the Bronx or Queens, we're seeking to
17	recruit you here, this the practical
18	situation of what happens. You're 24
19	years old when you get out of law
20	school, you work for three or four
21	years in the Bronx, you're now 27, 28,
22	29, whatever, you start looking to have
23	a family, maybe move out to the
24	suburbs, join the Nassau DA's office.
25	You're told that you're leaving 12

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 weeks paid leave for nothing. We have absolute anecdotal evidence that that 3 4 is a complete bar to our lateral 5 recruitment. We cannot replenish if we do not have that competitive edge. 6 7 I'd also highlight that in -under our rules for the ADAs it would 8 9 take three years of working here to accrue 12 weeks of vacation and 10 11 personal time and that's without taking 12 anything over the course of those three 13 years. So if you wanted to move, have 14 a baby, raise a family in Nassau County 15 and join our team, you have to postpone 16 those plans for a minimum of three 17 years. You're not allowed to take any 18 time for Jewish holidays or anything 19 else that you might have to take along 20 the way, you have to work straight. The NCPD houses approximately 45 21 22 percent of all ordinance employees and 23 our current gender spread is 65 percent 24 female to 35 percent male. And the 25 female cohort 57 percent are between 24

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and 35 years old. So now you're
3	starting to see what's happening.
4	Right now they're using accrued
5	vacation and personal time to
6	accommodate childcare leave.
7	Before I make my next point I
8	just want to point out, take a moment
9	for myself here. I supervise an ADA.
10	I've supervised her since she was my
11	intern in corruption bureau. She lost
12	her mother in her third trimester. She
13	was worried she could not take off time
14	to grieve her mother because she barely
15	had enough stored vacation and
16	personal, barely actually didn't,
17	doesn't still, to take maternity leave.
18	She'd have to go unpaid. She's now out
19	on leave. I couldn't even donate her
20	time because the rules of donating time
21	in this county require her to exhaust
22	everything before she could accept that
23	time. And then if anything happens for
24	the rest of this year; flu, sickness,
25	has to take any other day off to take

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	care of a sick child, which is not
3	impossible to consider, she just has
4	nothing left because you're forced to
5	give up your personal and vacation.
6	Horrible situation. If I ever wanted
7	to put my head on my desk and, you
8	know, lament I didn't bring this up
9	sooner, that was the time.
10	Moving on. This actually doesn't
11	cost anything. It doesn't. As of
12	March 1, 2019, because of some
13	termination pay issues, this body,
14	with, I believe, our input and support,
15	capped termination pay for exempts at
16	30 days. Fair and reasonable.
17	Absolutely. Anybody hired after that
18	time can't leave with more than 30 days
19	banked. Paid leave, paid childcare
20	leave costs you nothing during a
21	budgetary year. We always budget for
22	the entire salary point to point.
23	Okay. What paid leave does is instead
24	of going to your bank, you use some
25	time that's awarded to you. Meaning

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that at the end of your career, when
3	you seek termination, you might have
4	that exact 12 weeks still sitting
5	there, hypothetically, because you
6	didn't have to use it during one given
7	budgetary year. But because this
8	legislature has already capped the
9	termination pay at 30 days, you do not
10	have that fear of having the banked
11	time at the end. They can't accrue
12	more than 30 days.
13	So I would ask that as one
14	mechanism to improve recruitment
15	because, again, I was struggling to
16	figure what I would be I should
17	never come here without a proposed
18	solution, if I'm mentioning a problem
19	with recruitment, I think besides the
20	moral, the moral benefits and the
21	morale benefits, I think it's just long
22	time to be competitive with New York
23	City. Okay.
24	As an alternative, like I said,
25	the accrual of time is very slow. So

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	if you want to move here or accept a
3	lateral appointment, it'll take you
4	three years before you come to anything
5	close to 12 weeks. And again, six
6	weeks is the minimum in New York City
7	anyway, without taking anything.
8	Perhaps up front accommodations could
9	be made or at least in the discretion
10	of the executive of a department.
11	Other things that we have to
12	consider when we're talking about
13	morale and retention is retention
14	bonuses or re-signing commitments. You
15	know, when they hit their three-year
16	commitment, maybe throwing something at
17	them. We haven't decided anything.
18	These are just, you know, ideas.
19	Retention focused salary modeling.
20	Westchester is very good at this. They
21	just decided we're going to be a
22	retention focused office. We don't
23	want classes progressing. Let's hold
24	what we have, pay higher. When we lose
25	a body, we get a body because we pay

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	higher.
3	And ECAP stipends. There's going
4	to be a bill coming through this
5	legislature soon. I hope it's
6	noncontroversial. We have an early
7	case assessment bureau. I testified
8	here a while back talking about how one
9	of the biggest impacted fields was
10	going to be our intake operations that
11	was going to have to take on discovery
12	compliance operations and you did take
13	action on that. You awarded us some
14	money to enhance our intake operations.
15	This is a way that we want to deploy
16	it. Our ECAP stipends have not been
17	adjusted since 2017. They didn't allow
18	for a supervisor differential, so it's
19	a bill that we can afford because you
20	have given us the money that we just
21	need to deploy now. Again, early case
22	assessment bureau being in discovery
23	compliance, that's the main
24	functionality that we need to improve
25	in the short time. And also as a plug

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	for the bill, it's cheaper than hiring
3	people because when you give out
4	stipends you're flat feeing it.
5	Whereas if you hire a body, you're
б	paying them pension and health costs.
7	That having been said, I'll take
8	any questions.
9	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: First off,
10	that was an excellent presentation.
11	Thank you very much for the
12	presentation.
13	Also please extend our thanks to
14	all of the ADAs that you are referring
15	to today for the work that they're
16	doing to protect our residents of our
17	county and thank the DA. She's running
18	an office that is a model in terms of
19	being proactive to deal with these
20	issues. I know in particular that the
21	DA was able to get grants for the
22	for crime victim advocates in the
23	office. So that truly will be helpful.
24	I'm kind of shocked with your
25	description of what our ADAs are going

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	through and what their workload looks
3	like and I'm sure we're all deeply
4	concerned about that. That in and of
5	itself would be enough for a full
6	hearing. We will explore the paid
7	childcare leave, there's a way that we
8	can do that. But I did want to get
9	into the lab results, that is a deeply
10	concerning area also. In this age,
11	obviously the forensics, as you said,
12	often times determine whether or not
13	you can prove a case or not. What can
14	we do to improve that situation? It's
15	an immediate issue, as far as I know.
16	But what can we do to improve that
17	situation?
18	MR. PAINTER: We are fortunate to
19	have our own crime lab, north of New
20	York City they're all using the state
21	troopers. They're all using the state
22	troopers and that is calamity waiting
23	to happen. You'll see those articles
24	in another month or two when cases
25	start getting tossed. For a while I

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	believe they're only testing A felony
3	weight, nothing else.
4	We have our own force with the
5	new facility. We have outside
б	contractors with NMS that we've tried
7	to pull back on go back to NMS to
8	help. We've tried to on a policy level
9	limit what we send. This fact that the
10	marijuana is becoming practically
11	impossible to test regardless of I
12	take no position but regardless of
13	what the legislature does later,
14	they've already forecast that there's
15	no point in sending marijuana after
16	March 8th.
17	Other decisions like vaping, THC,
18	things to hold back, things that might
19	be more minor, they might be entitled
20	to a very favorable disposition, very
21	up front with those earlier court
22	dates. We can do policy based
23	solutions but ultimately the laboratory
24	needs staffing up, significant staffing
25	up. You would have to get that

1 Full Legislature/2-13-20 2 testimony as to specifics from the lab. I can only relate anecdotally that we 3 4 are trying to give them a break with, 5 again, adhering to a 50 percent speedy 6 trial goal. Something that we might 7 have to shove up to the 60 percent or 70 percent but we are trying to control 8 9 when we submit. 10 When I say 50 percent speedy 11 trial, I guess I should explain that. On a felony case, you have six months 12 before the case is tossed. So we are 13 14 willing to take on three months of water, so to speak, before we even 15 request. For a misdemeanor, it's 90 16 17 days. So 45 days. We have the benefit 18 of a desk appearance ticket for most 19 drug cases. Now actually that kicks up 20 to 55 days. So you have 110 if you could have the 20 days of DAT time with 21 22 the 90 days. So 55 days, that's the 23 turn around we're looking for. I do 24 not believe they are fully able to meet 25 those targets and things will only get

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	worse. And when it comes to case
3	validating, we need it because the
4	district attorney will not the
5	district attorney will accept a plea on
6	a criminal possession of controlled
7	substance case but before the sentence
8	we will verify that it was a controlled
9	substance. That's, I think, a
10	fundamental policy against wrongful
11	conviction that we want to know that
12	you actually had crack not sheetrock.
13	So there's not much we can do there.
14	So every single controlled substance
15	case where the state can take a
16	controlled substance plea, we will be
17	seeking testing on.
18	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: Legislator
19	Ford, has already taken the initiative
20	with respect to the crime lab and it's
21	something that we will be following up
22	on, whether staffing or whatever
23	requires, it would have been a crisis
24	situation in any event, but with the
25	new disclosure laws it just make it

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	more acute than ever. Legislator Ford.
3	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
4	much for your presentation.
5	Is it possible to get a copy of
6	it?
7	MR. PAINTER: Of course.
8	LEGISLATOR NICOLELLO: I
9	appreciate it. I think all of us would
10	like it because you had a lot of
11	MR. PAINTER: This is not my
12	laptop, I'll just leave it on the
13	laptop, whoever
14	LEGISLATOR FORD: Okay. Because
15	it was a lot of information. I think
16	there's stuff that we would like to
17	look at more closely.
18	Just a quick thing, when you
19	talked about discovery. With the
20	proposed changes that they're
21	considering now with the bail reform up
22	in the state, will they I'm going to
23	say this wrong. Will they keep with
24	the practical issues will they help
25	with the practical issues that you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	outlined regarding discovery?
3	MR. PAINTER: I don't know. I
4	would hope so. I don't know their
5	frame of mind on it.
6	LEGISLATOR FORD: Oh, okay. When
7	you talked about body cameras with, you
8	know, I guess, whatever data they get,
9	like, you know, from the actual films
10	and stuff like that that are recorded,
11	like, the actions that are record by a
12	body camera, I got a little confused.
13	You talked about metadata. I don't
14	what is that?
15	MR. PAINTER: Well, think of your
16	phone. When your phone takes a photo,
17	the photo not only is you can see
18	the photo but sometimes geographic
19	location of where the photo was taken,
20	the time it was taken. Okay. And even
21	further behind that there's plenty of
22	stuff that you know, comparative
23	data so that sometimes your phone might
24	accumulate albums based on face.
25	LEGISLATOR FORD: Right.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	MR. PAINTER: Or time. So there
3	are various software solutions where
4	the metadata is important. It jives
5	body cameras together so you can
6	actually view on a split screen one
7	single incident. The point I'm trying
8	to make is, it's sometimes not just the
9	image, it's a lot of associated data.
10	We have a similar issue with
11	wires. The amount of data is not just
12	what you hear on the phone call. It's
13	a lot of stuff behind it. A lot of GPS
14	and other things. It can go fairly
15	infinitely if you let it. I mean, you
16	can get to a situation where you're
17	looking for the calibration records of
18	the satellites in space.
19	LEGISLATOR FORD: That was
20	something that was brought up in the
21	hearing with the labs and they were
22	talking about like this calibration,
23	I'm not an attorney so I may say the
24	wrong terminology. But like when they
25	were discussing about the calibration

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and there's like, I guess, you have to
3	when you're prosecuting somebody,
4	the defense will ask to make sure that
5	the whatever the measurements are
6	actually accurate and based on previous
7	testing and as well as the person who
8	actually did the calibration, they need
9	to have information. So it seems that
10	now they have to add more information
11	because they have to go back farther in
12	regard to providing some information in
13	regards to the people, as well as the
14	instruments.
15	Are they now are you as a DA
16	or ADA compelled to then also even add
17	more background information in regard
18	when you are prosecuting or going to
19	charge somebody?
20	MR. PAINTER: As far as our
21	preparations on that, the lab also was
22	technically brilliant and was able to
23	produce a portal called the Beast
24	Portal, which we use. The Beast Portal
25	has preloaded everybody's curriculum

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	vitae's, because we need that. It's
3	preloaded proficiency test results of
4	those individuals dating back to the
5	time period required by statute or as
6	far as the records go back. We have
7	accreditation standard on there. They
8	are basically pre-populated with the
9	generic data and the calibration
10	records and that was not a heavy lift
11	but they did it.
12	That having been said, the
13	document that I showed on screen and
14	then broke down.
15	LEGISLATOR FORD: Yes.
16	MR. PAINTER: Doesn't cover any
17	of that. I still have to e-mail the
18	lab and see what's feasible with that
19	and get various responses like we could
20	possibly produce this, we could
21	possibly produce this, no we can't
22	produce that. And some of the answers
23	to the questions we can produce that
24	but you would need proprietary software
25	to read it and they do not have the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	proprietary software. They'd have to
3	buy a license for it to even just view
4	the DNA profile.
5	LEGISLATOR FORD: Would that be
6	the county would have to buy that
7	software?
8	MR. PAINTER: No. Some of this
9	I don't know how much of this is
10	testing the system, how much of this is
11	genuinely interested. I don't know.
12	But if it came push to shove where a
13	judge said no I find the defense
14	attorney can hire an expert to review
15	the raw data behind the blah blah,
16	then you can arrange you can have a
17	court order to go to a viewing station
18	at the lab that has the proprietary
19	software, taking, of course, chemists
20	off the floor to sit with you while you
21	do it, you know, and view the program.
22	LEGISLATOR FORD: I appreciate
23	your testimony and bring to light the
24	challenges, you know, faced by your
25	department, as well as the ADAs. Yes,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	they are they are heroes to be
3	able and the fact is that you all
4	have basically worked with this and put
5	like a bit of a positive spin, to a
6	certain degree, on something that seems
7	to be so enormous, you know, for all of
8	us to comprehend. I really appreciate
9	even some of the steps that you've
10	already taken, and please let our DA,
11	Madeline Singas, know of our gratitude,
12	you know, for her foresight, you know,
13	in doing this.
14	So is there anybody else?
15	Legislator Gaylor.
16	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Thank you,
17	Mr. Painter, for your testimony today
18	and I appreciate your honesty and
19	forthrightness in sharing with us.
20	I know Commissioner Ryder
21	mentioned diversion programs. I think
22	you touched upon it. I just want to
23	ask a couple of questions in that
24	regard initially here. So my
25	understanding is before the bail laws

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	were implemented, individuals charged
3	with drug possession were eligible for
4	bail, would that be a correct
5	statement?
6	MR. PAINTER: Yes.
7	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Often in lieu
8	of bail these folks were offered an
9	opportunity to a drug treatment
10	diversion program. Would that be a
11	correct statement?
12	MR. PAINTER: Yeah, there's a lot
13	of different vehicles to get somebody
14	some additional treatment. Could be
15	done on an outpatient basis. A judge
16	could make a condition of release of
17	conditionally release to the probation
18	department who would recommend
19	outpatient treatment and then the
20	person would have to abide by those
21	terms of release. And if not, the
22	hammer over the head was bail. So it's
23	either go to treatment or basically
24	a short form of go to treatment or I'm
25	going to have to put you in to control

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	your habit.
3	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: All right.
4	And in many cases those drug treatment
5	programs were successful and in some
6	cases they weren't as successful for
7	that offender. But now we're in a
8	situation where judges are given a
9	choice of diversion program or and I
10	should say the defendant or the
11	principal or whatever the correct term
12	nowadays would be or I'm not sure we
13	can call them defendants anymore, from
14	your previous testimony. But whatever
15	they're called, they're given a choice
16	now of a drug diversion program or it's
17	no bail so you're out anyway.
18	MR. PAINTER: The only other way
19	we can remedy that gap is doing what's
20	called a contract plea. The contract
21	plea would be where you plea up front
22	but the case is adjourned and if you
23	comply with various things in your
24	contract, it could be treatment
25	focused, whether it's mental health or

Full Legislature/2-13-20
LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: But that
comes down the road, right?
MR. PAINTER: It comes down the
road and then you can vacate it.
LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Initially,
you get arrested and, you know, you get
to that first resolution part, I guess,
after arraignment. And you can go to
diversion or you can go to diversion or
you can be released and come back
whenever. Are you seeing or are we
starting to see is where I'm going,
with the number of cases going to
diversion program plummeting because
people are just saying I don't want to
do that, I'll just come back maybe
come back the next court date or
whatnot. How are the numbers looking
on diversion programs?
MR. PAINTER: I'm going to say
it's too soon to tell. But that having
been said, you are right that there is
a gap in immediate treatment because

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the application of DA focused diversion
3	cannot happen as quickly. We are in a
4	post contract world, mean post plea,
5	which also means post discovery. So
6	there will be a delay between possibly
7	a person's need and the criminal
8	justice system being able to do
9	something about it. That having been
10	said, they can always you know,
11	maybe the arrest itself can I don't
12	want to speculate, all I can tell you
13	is what we can control and what we
14	can't control. There is no ability pre
15	plea now to have a consequence for
16	noncompliance with treatment
17	alternatives.
18	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: I know
19	recently the county executive in one of
20	her press conferences mentioned that
21	the number of folks going in the
22	diversion program are plummeting, I
23	think that was her word, and that there
24	was she was seeing or the county was
25	seeing an increase in the number of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	drug overdoses. Do you have a comment
3	towards that?
4	MR. PAINTER: I believe that was
5	the commissioner's fear last year, that
6	drug overdoses would go up. My only
7	comment is it is harder for the
8	criminal justice system to mandate
9	treatment now than it was. I'll leave
10	it at that.
11	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Okay. So you
12	know, I think in today's paper I read
13	that the Manhattan district attorney,
14	Mr. Vance, indicated 40 ADAs have
15	resigned since January 1 because of the
16	increased workloads associated with
17	these discovery reforms. Do we have a
18	specific county ADAs that have resigned
19	since January 1st because they're just
20	overwhelmed by the work and said screw
21	this? I'm not coming back tomorrow?
22	MR. PAINTER: As a you see me
23	smiling it's sort of a badge of
24	honor that Brooklyn lost over 40,
25	Manhattan lost whatever number, that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the heros we have in the Nassau County
3	DA (end of Tape 2, Side 1) pales in
4	comparison. So I really they have
5	my full respect for gutting this out.
6	Two of them were facing much higher
7	salary offers. That is not to say more
8	will come but I'm hopeful that we
9	continue to give our ADAs the support,
10	the morale boost, the legal arguments,
11	the policies and the resources that
12	will keep them encouraged and doing
13	jobs that they love. And as somebody
14	who does the exit interviews for the
15	office, nobody ever seems to want to
16	go. They're usually enticed to go for
17	something else. All I'm going to say
18	is that we have a really good crew and
19	I want to keep that really good crew
20	together.
21	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: So are we
22	working on a plan, is the district
23	attorney or maybe you working on a plan
24	where we foresee in the very near
25	future we're going to defer or decline

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	prosecution because of these increases
3	and can't meet the 14 pages you showed
4	us of having to provide all that
5	technical data? So are we starting to
6	think about declining prosecution in
7	certain types of cases?
8	MR. PAINTER: I am aware of
9	you're talking about in other
10	jurisdictions where they are deferring,
11	which can be which can be sometimes
12	an only option. We have not had any
13	policy discussions to go that route.
14	We are only focused, you know, where
15	those shorter court dates, which we
16	advocated for, that's what we wanted.
17	We knew something was going to have to
18	get cut but we wanted the court system
19	to be involved and so the pressure is
20	on our supervisors to make faster
21	decisions to remove volume. Add
22	arraignments, if possible, at the 7-day
23	mark if possible, at the 14-day mark if
24	possible, that's where the volume is in
25	district court.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	And so our strategy has not so
3	much been deferring, our strategy has
4	been more very fast decision making to
5	date.
6	LEGISLATOR GAYLOR: Again, thank
7	you and I thank all the members of the
8	district attorney's office for the work
9	they do.
10	LEGISLATOR FORD: Legislator
11	Ferretti.
12	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Good
13	afternoon, Mr. Painter, and thank you
14	for your testimony. Just like in
15	October, it was very informative, fact
16	based and very impressive, so thank you
17	very much for that. I really want to
18	just focus on kind of two lines, two
19	issues here. The first is electronic
20	monitoring. How often is electronic
21	monitoring used now and how often was
22	it used prior to the new criminal
23	justice reforms taking effect?
24	MR. PAINTER: So electronic
25	monitoring. There has been a

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	tremendous increase. Probation has
3	requested a lot more devices at \$800
4	each, they leased them from a company.
5	We received a memo from OCA that
6	permitted our modeling of monitoring to
7	work where we can outsource the actual
8	technology but have to in-source
9	decision making about the monitoring.
10	So we were able to move forward
11	thankfully with use of it. I do see
12	requests for that going up because
13	sometimes it's the only alternative on
14	felonies that are nonqualifying.
15	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Do we have
16	the infrastructure in place as a county
17	to track those who are issued these
18	monitors?
19	MR. PAINTER: I would have to
20	direct you to the probation department
21	to see exactly what kind of staff they
22	have looking at the screens. We have
23	the hardware. We have made the request
24	where we felt it was an appropriate
25	alternative. And we've seen one or two

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	noncompliances, we had that example of
3	the guy who cut off the strap. So it
4	is a tool or a safeguard but we try to
5	use it only where appropriate.
6	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Let's talk
7	about the person who cut off the strap
8	and, you know, what do you know how
9	the police department is alerted if
10	somebody cuts of a strap?
11	MR. PAINTER: Yeah, you get
12	what's called a strap alert. It's not
13	the police department's that's
14	notified, it's the probation department
15	that's notified of the strap alert and
16	that specific case, because I
17	participated in that one of the early
18	ones that I wanted to be personally
19	involved with as one of the first flash
20	points of electronic monitoring meeting
21	reality. In that specific case, the
22	defendant was charged with
23	nonqualifying offense bank robberies.
24	He had to be released. He was not.
25	The judge in district court set bail

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	regardless. It was very early days.
3	Legal aid took a 5-3030 appeal to the
4	supreme court judge. I appeared for
5	that 5-3030 hearing myself. I did
6	consent to the application because it
7	was illegal and the judge granted the
8	application because it was illegal to
9	have him on electronic on bail. I
10	requested in the alternative, because
11	the only legal option was electronic
12	monitoring. He was fitted with
13	electronic monitoring, released from
14	the jail. His court date was set for a
15	few days from then, he missed the court
16	date. At the same time of that him
17	missing the court date, probation
18	notified me that they had received a
19	strap alert. I went down to court. I
20	informed Judge Berkowitz that there was
21	a strap alert. Regrettably, it was too
22	late. The case had been called and the
23	warrant could not be issued. It was
24	postponed for 48 hours, because that's
25	the law. I went back on the Friday,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the two days later and then requested
3	the warrant for his return.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Are you
5	saying that the strap alert came in and
6	you couldn't even request a warrant for
7	his arrest for 48 hours?
8	MR. PAINTER: It came in after
9	the case had been called, so it came
10	we'd probably have to tighten up our
11	procedure of where probation sends the
12	strap alerts when they occur.
13	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: What's the
14	punishment for someone cutting off one
15	of these devices?
16	MR. PAINTER: What we would
17	there's two possible penalties under
18	the law. One is you can be charged
19	with criminal mischief. In the case of
20	the valuation of that property, it
21	would be appear an E felony, so
22	ironically a mandatory desk appearance
23	ticket. But concurrently with that
24	consequence you would have a
25	possibility of being held in contempt

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	of court, which you might have seen
3	from My Cousin Vinny. The court could
4	hold you in contempt and jail you for
5	up to 90 days for a violation like
6	that, because they've ordered you on
7	electronic monitoring so and I did
8	do a hearing like that on a related
9	case myself with a person who kept on
10	committing crimes and we went for a
11	contempt because she failed to report
12	for electronic monitoring and she was
13	held for ten days just on that
14	violation, so that is available too.
15	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: All right.
16	But that's so if you're charged with
17	that E felony, that's not a bail
18	eligible offense, correct?
19	MR. PAINTER: On its own, no.
20	What you would have to do is okay,
21	so besides the immediate consequence of
22	a criminal charge or possible contempt,
23	and I say possible because it's only
24	been used to my knowledge once
25	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: It can be

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	used on anything, can't it?
3	MR. PAINTER: I've only seen
4	judicial contempt used once in a
5	decade.
6	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: But that
7	could be used on any?
8	MR. PAINTER: Could be used but I
9	just never it's a very rare thing.
10	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Right.
11	MR. PAINTER: The other option
12	under the law is because you've
13	committed an additional felony by
14	cutting off the bracelet, you could go
15	back to the judge on the underlying
16	case, the underlying bank robbery and
17	say under 5362(b) of the criminal
18	procedure law, look, they've committed
19	an additional felony and you have to do
20	a hearing before the old judge
21	demonstrating by clear and convincing
22	evidence the commission of the new
23	felony. You have to it's got to be
24	a non hearsay thing so you have to have
25	like a mini trial on it. So I'd have

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to produce the probation department,
3	the GPS records, et cetera, before the
4	old judge. If I satisfy before the old
5	judge at that hearing that they have
6	committed a new felony while out on
7	liberty on the existing felony, I then
8	have the right to ask for bail.
9	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: This is a
10	good segue to my next series of
11	questions because it sounds like you're
12	doing what a responsible ADA would do
13	in looking for somebody like this who
14	keeps cutting off their device to be
15	held, that's common sense. So it
16	brings me to my next line of
17	questioning which is the new Senate
18	Bill 7723, Criminal Circumvention of
19	Bail Reform. Are you familiar with
20	that bill?
21	MR. PAINTER: I believe it was
22	pulled.
23	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Are you
24	familiar with the bill when it was
25	filed? Have you had a chance to review

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	it?
3	MR. PAINTER: Yes, I did.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: This bill
5	applies to police officers, judges
6	detectives and prosecutors, correct?
7	MR. PAINTER: It would have, if
8	it weren't pulled.
9	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Right. My
10	understanding of the bill was that if
11	charges are inflated against an
12	individual that the person, any of the
13	ones we just listed, the police
14	officer, ADA could be charged with a
15	criminal offense; is that your
16	interpretation?
17	MR. PAINTER: The bill, as I
18	understood it, would make it a Class A
19	misdemeanor for a prosecutor or a
20	police officer to inflate charges, or
21	possibly deflate charges I think if
22	it was only inflate charges, to
23	circumvent bail reform.
24	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: And now
25	bail reform

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	MR. PAINTER: Basically up charge
3	somebody.
4	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: But when we
5	talk about bail reform, correct me if
6	I'm wrong, written within bail reform
7	is that judges must take all proper
8	measures to err on the side of no bail,
9	correct?
10	MR. PAINTER: That's correct.
11	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: All right.
12	So to your knowledge, has anyone in
13	your department ever intentionally
14	overcharged an individual so that bail
15	could be imposed on them?
16	MR. PAINTER: Never.
17	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Would you
18	have supported this legislation, this
19	bill?
20	MR. PAINTER: That's a
21	hypothetical question but I'd rather
22	just not answer. The bill's been
23	pulled so there's no reason to comment
24	on it.
25	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Okay. I

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	mean, you know, just the idea that a
3	bill like this could be proposed,
4	knowing the limitations that you've
5	outlined so eloquently today,
6	everything that's going on, it's really
7	disturbing that a bill like this could
8	even be drafted in the first place and
9	submitted. So I am happy that it has
10	been removed but thank you for your
11	answers. I appreciate it, Mr. Painter.
12	MR. PAINTER: Thank you.
13	LEGISLATOR FORD: I know that you
14	have a time constraint, how much more
15	time do we have?
16	MR. PAINTER: I could stay for
17	another 20 minutes.
18	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
19	much. Legislator Rhoads and then
20	Legislator Drucker.
21	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Then I will
22	try and limit mine to about six minutes
23	out of that 20.
24	First off, I want to say thank
25	you. The fact that you and separate

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and apart from the DA's office that
3	you personally have been so upfront and
4	forthright and sort of taking the lead
5	in informing us as to the practical
6	implications of a criminal justice
7	reform, even before it went into place.
8	I know that you have taken heat from a
9	number of different sources throughout
10	the state for being one of the first
11	ones to actually articulate the
12	practical effects and impacts of what
13	would happen. We should never be
14	afraid to tell the truth. I appreciate
15	the fact that you have and that I think
16	it speaks volumes about those who would
17	criticize you for telling the truth
18	about their motivation. So I just
19	wanted to start off by saying thank
20	you. And that ate up 90 seconds of my
21	six minutes.
22	Public safety committee heard
23	testimony from the medical examiner on
24	Monday when she was speaking about
25	delays of 60 days, 80 days, the backlog

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that continues to grow as they have
3	additional evidence that's to be
4	submitted for testing and production.
5	I know you spoke about felonies having
6	180 days speedy trial and misdemeanor
7	speedy trial has to be within 90. But
8	there are other sanctions according to
9	that bill for the failure to provide
10	the disclosure within the 15 days that
11	were set forth in the law.
12	Has the county had to pay any
13	sanctions yet or do you even know what
14	those sanctions might be?
15	MR. PAINTER: It would not be
16	financial sanctions, we would never pay
17	them, but the 45th day is coming up
18	soon so we'll be having that
19	conversation very shortly. I remember
20	the January 1 effective date you're
21	looking at my math you're looking at
22	tomorrow to start beginning, you know,
23	looking at what we don't have. It
24	would still be premature to even assess
25	sanctions at that point. We would say

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to the judges because what would
3	happen, on a practical sense, is we
4	would get something on say, March 2,
5	some memo book or blotter or something,
6	turn it over at that time. At that
7	point in time, a defense attorney would
8	have to say, oh my goodness, if I only
9	had this memo book 14 days ago I could
10	have done something
11	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Hired an
12	expert.
13	MR. PAINTER: and I'm
14	prejudiced. Yes, something like that.
15	And that's the time to discuss
16	sanctions. It's actually upon the late
17	disclosure that the dialog can start to
18	ensure. We're not there yet.
19	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Is there a
20	prejudice component to it
21	MR. PAINTER: There is absolutely
22	a prejudice component and we'll be
23	arguing that the sanction has to be
24	proportionate to the level of
25	violation. Not turning over a witness

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	statement of the accuser would be
3	punished much more highly, of course,
4	than the traffic control cop's memo
5	book.
6	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Right. For
7	example, you could be, in theory,
8	precluded from using the memo book or
9	precluded from offering that officer's
10	testimony, just in theory.
11	MR. PAINTER: Yeah, I mean, we
12	would be arguing for the most minimal
13	sanction.
14	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Right. Well,
15	of course. When you're talking about
16	the 90-day misdemeanor. 180 day felony
17	speedy trial restrictions though. If
18	you blow that if you blow the 90
19	days or blow the 180 days based on the
20	felonies, you're talking about somebody
21	walking.
22	MR. PAINTER: Yes. So that's why
23	while securing order reform is taking
24	up a lot of the chatter right now, I
25	can absolutely assure people I can

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	prognosticate that in April or May
3	there'll be a different round of
4	stories about I'm not talking about
5	Nassau County, necessarily, I'm talking
6	about around the state where things are
7	starting to be dropped.
8	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Understood.
9	Now we are fortunate in having our own
10	medical examiner's office and having
11	our own crime lab and we have systems
12	in place but it seemed as though, based
13	on the testimony on Monday, that even
14	they were short staffed for the volume
15	of work that they actually have and it
16	sounded as though the plans were to add
17	a couple of people here, a couple of
18	people there but it didn't sound
19	proportionate to the backlog that they
20	had. Do you have any opinions or
21	insights to offer as to what we need to
22	be doing with respect to the crime lab
23	and the ME's office to help them get up
24	to speed?
25	MR. PAINTER: Again, those

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	questions are best directed to the ME's
3	office. I can only answer that I know
4	I have heard, I don't have firsthand
5	knowledge that not only the number of
6	staff but the recruitment for them is
7	also an issue for a different reason.
8	I believe their recruitment is issues
9	of the pay of forensic scientist is
10	disproportionately low when compared to
11	other job titles.
12	So I've heard in the past, and
13	seen in the past, that you'll have
14	somebody come into Nassau to sort of go
15	to the academy here, so to speak, and
16	then they get a very high paying job at
17	a lab somewhere else.
18	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: No, I
19	appreciate that. And the reason for
20	the question obviously, we did hear
21	from the ME's office and from the crime
22	lab on Monday. I wanted the
23	perspective of somebody that has a
24	close working relationship with them
25	but is not inside their office as to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	other things we might be able to do to
3	assist in proving. But I appreciate
4	that response, we can certainly follow
5	up. I know we're limited on time.
6	MR. PAINTER: I from the DA's
7	perspective, we never want to be afraid
8	of burdening the lab. That should not
9	be a fear. We want the accurate, fair
10	just results. We want as much forensic
11	science as possible. We want to
12	marshal it as quickly as possible and
13	the danger of even some institutional
14	hesitation of overburdening the lab, is
15	a problem.
16	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I appreciate
17	that. Is it still too soon to tell
18	whether we have incidents of
19	individuals not appearing for their
20	appearance tickets? One of the big
21	concerns that was raised, and, in fact,
22	the appearance tickets sort of adopted
23	the unofficial moniker of disappearance
24	tickets in some cases. Have we seen
25	large numbers of people not appearing

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	for their court appearances at this
3	point or is it still too soon?
4	MR. PAINTER: It's too soon to
5	tell for a couple reasons but the main
6	one because the desk appearance ticket
7	mandates came in on January 1, there
8	was a whole gap where those cases
9	weren't even called until January 20.
10	So you're not talking about six weeks
11	of data, you're talking from January 20
12	to present, which is only about 15
13	you know, it's not a lot of data.
14	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: With respect
15	to the crime victim advocate bill that
16	the legislature passed. Do we know
17	where we are in terms of we've heard
18	that the county executive is
19	interviewing candidates, I guess, to
20	sort of head the department. Have
21	there been any discussions with the
22	district attorney's office as to how
23	that's actually going to be implemented
24	and how the relationship between the
25	DA's office and the crime victim

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	advocate's office is going to develop?
3	MR. PAINTER: None that I've
4	attended.
5	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Okay. Is
6	that some I mean, assuming that you
7	have a crime victim advocate in the
8	very near future to sort of start that
9	department, because we have victims
10	every day that are being subject to
11	these disclosure requirements, without
12	a mechanism to be able to address them
13	necessarily because obviously the DA's
14	office, even though you are very much
15	concerned about the rights of the
16	victim, you're there to represent the
17	people of the state of New York not
18	necessarily the victim, right?
19	MR. PAINTER: We'll be seeking
20	justice for all parties, absolutely.
21	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Of course.
22	Of course. Are there any plans to
23	start those discussions or there hasn't
24	been any conversation whatsoever?
25	MR. PAINTER: I'm not privy to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	them in a sufficient place to even have
3	those discussions yet. Once we have an
4	idea of what the architecture of that
5	department will look like we'll have
6	those discussions. So the pressing
7	issues for us, of course, that we're
8	handling through our own CVA staff
9	right now is, like I said, the witness
10	protection requests, without divulging
11	too much about what those entail, are
12	double in one month what they were last
13	year. There's a lot of so
14	relocation and things like that,
15	temporary housing, very big things to
16	coordinate. But also, as I said last
17	time, right now the DA is doing one of
18	three parts of crime victim advocacy.
19	The DA touches solved adult crime. The
20	gap in service would be unsolved adult
21	crime because it wouldn't be forwarded
22	to us for prosecution. That's like,
23	you know, somebody's who's had their
24	house vandalized or somebody murdered
25	but not solved yet. So that requires

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	different servicing that the DA
3	wouldn't necessary see. And the other
4	aspect is solved or unsolved juvenile
5	crime which would be in the purview of
6	the family court system, which the DA
7	wouldn't have coverage over.
8	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And one of my
9	last questions is, and it's a topic
10	that was actually raised with
11	Commissioner Ryder, but it has some
12	implications, obviously with the
13	district attorney's office as well,
14	green Light Law. For example, has the
15	restriction that we're not able or that
16	the federal government or federal law
17	enforcement authorities are not able to
18	access I'll flip that. That
19	Department of Motor Vehicles, for
20	example, is not able to share
21	information with federal authorities as
22	a result of the green light law. We
23	have a similar restriction in place
24	precluding us, by agreement, precluding
25	us from sharing information with

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	federal authorities, at least it's my
3	understanding, that's garnered through
4	the Department of Motor Vehicles if we
5	want to be able to access that
6	information.
7	Has that what is the
8	relationship between the district
9	attorney's office and federal
10	authorities like ICE?
11	MR. PAINTER: That I'm not
12	sufficiently prepared to answer right
13	now. I didn't prep on that and I'm way
14	too unfamiliar with the subject
15	material to give you any sort of
16	education comment.
17	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I appreciate
18	that. Thank you for your testimony.
19	LEGISLATOR FORD: Legislator
20	Drucker and then Legislator Birnbaum.
21	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Thank you,
22	Legislator Ford. Jed, Mr. Painter, do
23	you know with respect to the
24	protective orders, at arraignment is it
25	possible for the DA's office to hand up

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		INTER			
7 M	EGISL		: Almo	st impossibl	е.
8 L		ATOR	DRUCKER	: Why is th	at?
9 M	R. PA	INTER	: Unde	r the case l	a w
10 that's	come	up, w	ne need	to be as	
11 particu	lar t	o tha	it case	as possible.	
12 Most of	the	cases	you're	talking abo	ut,
13 which a	re vi	olent	crimes	, they were	
14 arreste	d and	l held	l overni	ght. We don	't
15 have th	e ben	efit	of say,	20 days lea	d
16 time of	a DA	AT, wh	nich mea	ns that, you	
17 know, b	ecaus	se if	a viole	nt crime	
18 happens	at 1	1:30,	somebo	dy's robbed	or
19 their h	ome i	s bro	ken int	o, they're	
20 locked	up at	11:3	35 and t	hen by 7	
21 o'clock	they	r're o	on the b	us. For the	
22 ADA at	the a	rraig	nment a	t 10:00 in t	hе
23 morning	to h	ave a	fully	prepared	
24 customi	zed m	nemo -	or I'	m sorry	
25 motion	+	ply t	o the c	ourt, and if	

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you get that wrong, it just gets
3	bounced back on expedited review, which
4	we've seen happen. It's not good
5	practice of law. It's not practically
6	feasible. It's going to be legally
7	sustainable.
8	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: I understand
9	that. Thank you. I'm just trying to
10	conceive of ways that your office could
11	expedite preparing and filing these
12	motions for protective orders for the
13	reasons that we're all concerned about
14	today.
15	MR. PAINTER: I completely agree.
16	And I think as I emphasized during my
17	presentation, if there was one thing
18	the prosecutors were clamoring about
19	last year, it was that protective
20	orders were not as easy to get as you
21	think they are. And we were told just
22	get a protective order. Just get a
23	protective order. We were right.
24	They're not easy to get. And so while
25	I would love a form application, that's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	not the way the law works. We need
3	particularity.
4	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Okay, great.
5	Thank you. One last question. I just
6	wanted to clarify: Is it fair to say
7	that your objection to the body cameras
8	is the difficult task of gathering all
9	of the data, the ancillary data
10	associated with it and preserving it
11	for evidentiary purposes?
12	MR. PAINTER: I don't have any
13	objection to body cameras. I think
14	body cameras are a great
15	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: I'm saying
16	the difficulty of having that for the
17	evidentiary purposes under the new
18	statute.
19	MR. PAINTER: I would say, from
20	the conversations I've had with many
21	police officials across the state, the
22	common a common refrain is like,
23	well we were why would we get body
24	cameras now. It's not for my judgement
25	to say. I could just only report to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you that it seems to be a not a
3	laughable notion but it's just as far
4	as the undertaking of getting body
5	cameras right now with what's going on
6	with discovery being unsettled, I don't
7	see much growth in that enterprise for
8	a while.
9	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: It's just
10	surprising because I don't think the
11	public knows that. I think the public
12	now feels that giving law enforcement
13	body cameras is a great idea. It
14	provides for accountability and
15	accuracy and things like that but
16	MR. PAINTER: Protects everybody.
17	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Now if it's
18	becoming burdensome, I guess, is what
19	you're saying, it becomes burdensome to
20	have. It becomes burdensome to gather
21	it, to maintain it. It's kind of an
22	unwitting problem from the statute,
23	too.
24	MR. PAINTER: It is. We would
25	the burden was not in essence on the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	DA. We would love body cameras. We
3	love the Freeport department's use of
4	them and we download them all or upload
5	them all and we use them. It's, again,
6	a great investigative tool for lots of
7	reasons. I mean, in a world where
8	everybody can take out an iPhone and
9	record your activity, the officer can't
10	have his one hand tied down by
11	recording right back, the body camera
12	allows the officer to have their hands
13	free for a lot of reasons. But the DA
14	would never have an objection to it.
15	It's a matter of whether or not a
16	department wants to take on that
17	individual if they find it to be a
18	burden. So you'd have to I'm sure
19	if I called in 25 different police
20	commanders right now they might give
21	you 25 different answers. But all I
22	can tell you, with everything going on
23	in the culture moment, I don't think
24	it's going to be a growth enterprise.
25	LEGISLATOR DRUCKER: Thank you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	very much for your presentation today.
3	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: Thank you
4	so much for sharing with us the wealth
5	of information that you have about the
6	workings of the district attorney's
7	office. I know it's been enlightening
8	to most of us, if not all of us, and
9	everybody here.
10	A few things I would just like
11	some clarification on. When you were
12	talking about the backlog in discovery.
13	I want to know how does the early case
14	assessment bureau play a role in that?
15	MR. PAINTER: So early case
16	assessment has now two physical
17	locations. We've put our intake
18	operations early cases and
19	arraignments are linked, so you're
20	going to have some data entry at the
21	police headquarters hub and you're
22	going to finish off at 99 Main because
23	we're going to keep on working on the
24	intake and discovery compliance
25	processes all the way through the point

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 of arraignment and even sometimes after the arraignment. There's where all the 3 4 initial witness contacts are, you know, 5 you caught on the phone. That's where 6 24 hours a day when the police make an 7 arrest and they ship the paperwork to the DA's office. We will receive it 8 9 electronically. We will put their case 10 management records into our case 11 management system. If it's big file sizes, besides 12 13 the direct share capabilities, we have 14 lateral what you would call dropboxes for larger files. And we've worked out 15 these protocols with now every single 16 17 police agency that does business in 18 Nassau County. So basically, if they 19 get an arrest, they will call, they 20 will notify ECAP of the arrest, ECAP 21 will say great, send us everything, 22 because nowadays it's send everything. 23 If they have any trouble or have any 24 questions, ask the officer right then 25 and there. They will ask the officer

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	generally what happens. That
3	communication will happen, we'll find
4	out witnesses names, victims names,
5	reach out to them, see how they're
6	doing. You know, how you been, you've
7	been through a traumatic experience.
8	We'll get information from them. Maybe
9	they have a home surveillance system.
10	So we get to work on that as well.
11	The function of ECAP used to be
12	one of assessing things for legal
13	sufficiency. We want to make sure the
14	charges were good for filing. Now I
15	got to tell you, that's an ancillary
16	function. Now the main thing is
17	acquisition. It's about acquisition
18	and induction into our case management
19	system so they can be prepared for
20	electronic discovery as soon as
21	possible. We at the DA's office would
22	like to send, ideally, an initial
23	package and we have been to the
24	defendants within 15 days. Whatever we
25	have It could be complete it could

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	not be complete. But whatever we have
3	we're going to send to them in 15 days
4	and then we'll try to work within the
5	extension period if we need it. And a
6	lot of that comes from ECAP.
7	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: Thank you.
8	You also mentioned that there's a
9	problem with ballistics and forensics.
10	You said ballistics, it's very hard to
11	<del>-</del> -
12	MR. PAINTER: We don't have any
13	forensic examiners. There's a dearth
14	of forensic examiners. And we had
15	been outsourcing some of those
16	responsibilities and those who we
17	outsource to are now also experiencing
18	the same dearth. So gun crimes and
19	anything that requires ballistic
20	evidence, is in serious jeopardy, not
21	through any fault of what the DA is
22	doing, that's system shock. It was in
23	trouble before this. It's now in
24	severe trouble.
25	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: And lastly,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	it's very upsetting to hear about the
3	lack of morale and what's happening
4	with the ADAs and in particular you
5	talked about the paid family leave
6	policy.
7	MR. PAINTER: Yes.
8	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: Now, is it
9	the same policy that all Nassau County
10	employees have?
11	MR. PAINTER: No, I'm not aware.
12	I'm saying Nassau County has not taken
13	a step forward in this regard and I
14	would encourage, because this is where
15	I am, I would encourage that you look
16	hard to, you know, it is the 21st
17	Century and New York City is a major
18	recruitment competitor for at least my
19	department and there is no reason for
20	my department not to do it because my
21	department is 45 percent of the
22	exempts. The exempts, I'm aware, have
23	that termination pay cap of 30 days.
24	We just like every other department
25	gets salary end to end. So no

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	matter what is happening during the
3	course of the year; sickness or
4	whatever, we always have budgeted for
5	somebody's full year salary as if they
6	took every single day. Where the
7	budgetary impact of any sort of paid
8	leave comes into play is twofold;
9	managerial, can I afford to lose
10	somebody for 12 weeks? Of course. And
11	the second one is are you inflating,
12	perhaps, their termination package
13	because if they don't take the 12 weeks
14	in a year, then hypothetically four
15	years down the road, if they decide to
16	leave the DA's office, they'll have 12
17	weeks of time waiting for them because
18	they didn't have to take vacation
19	personal. They wouldn't have drawn
20	down from their bank of time.
21	But because, specific to exempts,
22	this legislative body capped us at 30
23	days after 2019, there's no possibility
24	of them banking the 12 weeks. There's
25	no possibility of doing it. So you run

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	almost no financial risk from just
3	saying okay, for the DA office you can
4	have paid child leave. It is a major
5	major recruitment issue. Again,
6	New York City's minimum is six weeks,
7	and many of the offices of Manhattan,
8	Brooklyn, they're 12 weeks.
9	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: I just
10	thought last year that the state made,
11	I thought, more liberal paid family
12	leave possible for the counties and I
13	thought there was a change. There's no
14	change?
15	MR. PAINTER: We do not have it
16	and we really could use it because I
17	think you saw the statistics I flashed
18	on the screen about our percentage of
19	staff, mostly female, majority of
20	female, and majority of those that
21	female cohort, are between the ages of
22	24 and 35.
23	LEGISLATOR BIRNBAUM: Thank you.
24	MR. PAINTER: Okay.
25	LEGISLATOR FORD: We just have

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	two more legislators. Legislator
3	McKevitt and then Legislator Bynoe.
4	LEGISLATOR MCKEVITT: Could you
5	just explain the significance of March
6	8 as far as the marijuana testing is
7	concerned.
8	MR. PAINTER: Yes. One second.
9	I can be very specific.
10	LEGISLATOR MCKEVITT: I'm just
11	curious as to why that date is you
12	already have it marked out.
13	MR. PAINTER: That's the
14	effective date of the legislation.
15	Just give me one second, if you don't
16	mind. I'll just okay.
17	There were changes to Public
18	Health Law 3302, the definition of
19	marijuana in 3302 underwent a
20	significant change, it included a
21	definition for hemp. Cannabinoid hemp
22	and hemp extract. As of March 8th,
23	marijuana shall not include hemp. I'll
24	spare you. Shall basically not include
25	hemp. And essentially, in order to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	differentiate marijuana from hemp, the
3	sample must now have a THC content
4	greater than .3 percent. Current
5	laboratory procedure is qualitative and
6	can thus only identify the presence of
7	Cannibis, sativa, in addition to the
8	presence of THC. It cannot
9	quantitative to determine whether or
10	not the THC content present is greater
11	than .3 percent. So as of March 8th,
12	not our lab, all labs, will not be able
13	to differentiate between marijuana and
14	hemp and cannot conclusively identify
15	one over the other.
16	There are DEA validated
17	technologies available but they will
18	not be able to be deployed in Nassau
19	County until September 2020. So what I
20	said was, there will be a gap in
21	practical enforcement of any marijuana
22	at least between March and September.
23	LEGISLATOR MCKEVITT: Thank you.
24	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Thank you,
25	Madam Chair. Hi, ADA Painter, how are

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you?
3	MR. PAINTER: I'm well, thank
4	you.
5	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Good. I wrote
б	down two questions at the very start of
7	your presentation. I'll start with the
8	body cams because I know you've been
9	speaking about those with Legislator
10	Drucker. Could you explain the
11	metadata because I understand that to
12	be the encumbrance of that's what
13	you're concerned about that would be
14	delaying?
15	MR. PAINTER: Again, I have no
16	concerns.
17	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: You listed it
18	as a
19	MR. PAINTER: Yeah, I'm saying
20	with the in New York State, I
21	believe it was out of Manhattan, there
22	was a lower case law discovery decision
23	that said in addition to turning over
24	the body cams of the NYPD, they also
25	had to turn over the metadata, which

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	was one example of some things the ADAs
3	are going through over in that neck of
4	the woods. It's not binding on us yet
5	but if those trends continue that it's
6	not just you know sending a video
7	from, like, one iPhone to the next,
8	think of it that way is easy. If you
9	have to then, like, all of a sudden
10	download the whole phone to hand it to
11	the next, it's a little bit different.
12	We would be texting a lot less often if
13	that were the case for every single
14	transmission of video or photo.
15	Even before that though, the
16	storage cost of body cams and the
17	preservation, it's a phenomenal
18	expense. I think some people get
19	confused when they think about we
20	even had a presentation on resolutions.
21	There is a chart that will show that if
22	you're recording something in, say, 4
23	ADP
24	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I'm sorry.
25	But I'm trying to understand the link

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	between the discussion about body cams
3	in your presentation to bail reform.
4	MR. PAINTER: It's not bail
5	reform, the body yeah.
6	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I mean,
7	discovery. Sorry. Certifying
8	discovery.
9	MR. PAINTER: Yeah.
10	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: You indicated
11	that it was actually the metadata when
12	you have to provide the metadata that
13	it then kind of slowed down the process
14	for being able to meet the time frames.
15	MR. PAINTER: Absolutely.
16	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: If you could
17	explain
18	MR. PAINTER: If NYPD
19	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: what
20	metadata is for me, because I really
21	don't know what that is.
22	MR. PAINTER: Sure. Again, when
23	you take a photo with a phone I'm
24	just trying to put it into if you
25	take a photo with a phone, the photo is

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	what everybody sees but your phone
3	knows when it was taken, where it was
4	taken, you usually have geographical
5	data. It might have other data in
6	there that can link that photo with
7	other faces in your photo album.
8	That's why your iPhone can curate and
9	put all the faces together. So it's
10	that background encoding on the image
11	that travels with the image that so
12	that's one photo. So the body cam's
13	not going to have the same
14	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: That data does
15	travel with the image or it doesn't so
16	you have to do a separate download?
17	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Not
18	necessarily. So yeah, there could be a
19	separate download. So if the body
20	camera, you know, disclosure was just a
21	video, that's one thing, which has its
22	own things. If all of a sudden now you
23	have to go the corporation to get the
24	metadata as well to travel with the
25	video, and now you not only increase

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the burden of collection, but you've
3	also increased the amount of storage.
4	All these files are gigabytes upon
5	gigabytes.
6	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: And it's a
7	very complicated process to download
8	the metadata? It slows it down that
9	much?
10	MR. PAINTER: I'd be speculating.
11	Corporation to corporation, I'd be
12	speculating because there's various
13	different vendors of
14	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: So on the case
15	that you were referencing that you just
16	stated just earlier during our
17	discussion, and you referenced in
18	New York City, how long do you have
19	any understanding of how long it
20	delayed the process?
21	MR. PAINTER: No, I'll have to
22	reach out to my colleagues in Manhattan
23	for that. We don't have the same issue
24	because we only have Freeport here who
25	had body cameras. We have not

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	experienced that issue.
3	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Okay. All
4	right. And then so we also talked
5	about the crime labs and a whole bunch
6	of other stuff during your presentation
7	and we had a presentation here at the
8	legislature just this past Monday about
9	the significant time that is required
10	to give the results of certain testing.
11	And so and then there're a whole
12	bunch of other discovery items that
13	have to be compiled and then submitted
14	and certified, right? And so we're
15	saying 15 days, the initial 15 days is
16	not reasonable. And then we're stating
17	that you can get it's my
18	understanding you can get a 15-day
19	extension.
20	MR. PAINTER: 30-day.
21	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: So it's a
22	30-day extension. So now we're at?
23	MR. PAINTER: 15 to 45.
24	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: To 45. And if
25	that's still not enough, then in your

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	opinion, could you tell me what we
3	should be, you know, lobbying for,
4	advocating for in terms of an
5	appropriate time frame to be able to
6	extend that period to be able to really
7	be able to certify discovery and be
8	within compliance?
9	MR. PAINTER: Yes. So again, I
10	don't want to reach the simplest
11	solutions because as I put on my
12	slides, timing versus content. I'm
13	much more troubled by content. When I
14	say I'm much more troubled, I think the
15	office is much more burdened by content
16	versus the timing. So extending
17	like you're extending from 15 to 45
18	days is standard. Okay. But that does
19	not help with the acquisition issues
20	of still these various courts. The 15
21	to 45 has some diverse opinions in
22	Nassau County Court so far. Sometimes
23	it's automatically granted. Other
24	times judges have said, no, you have to
25	apply for it, it's not automatically

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	granted. So we even have different
3	distinctions of how you actually get
4	that we have some people invoking
5	it, some people applying for it.
6	But after the 45 days has run,
7	you could theoretically file a motion
8	for greater extension of time. That
9	might even have some different legal
10	interpretations, we'll see what
11	happens, as far as the validity of a
12	motion to extend time, or you just eat
13	the sanctions. Why extension of time
14	on its own is not necessarily a
15	solution is because they did not
16	coequally amend speedy trial. So I'll
17	say it in a different way. 45 days,
18	let's pretend that's the standard on a
19	misdemeanor case that I need 45 days to
20	get something together. By the time I
21	have certify I have to certify
22	before I can be ready for trial. So if
23	I certify by day 45 and state ready for
24	trial, I've burned half of my speedy
25	trial clock anyway, and the biggest

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	sanction is the case being thrown out.
3	So if you said, oh, we'll give you an
4	extension to 90 days, I'd say well,
5	thank you but really, I'm going to
6	certify and the case is going to get
7	tossed.
8	So until speedy trial is
9	coequally extended or discovery
10	excluded from speedy trial
11	calculations, the extensions don't
12	really make prosecutions more at ease.
13	The big stress is the case getting
14	thrown out.
15	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: So speedy
16	trial would need to be amended.
17	MR. PAINTER: Coequally amended
18	in some way.
19	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I know that
20	our DA is in conversations or with
21	state senate or there was some
22	committee that was put together that
23	was going to talk about some of these
24	reforms, so I hope that that is part of
25	the discussion.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	MR. PAINTER: I don't want to
3	overstate any of my office's role
4	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I'm not asking
5	you to.
6	MR. PAINTER: no
7	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: This is a
8	statement more than a question.
9	MR. PAINTER: But as far as a
10	committee, my boss is not on any
11	committee
12	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: She's not?
13	MR. PAINTER: and has not
14	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I understood
15	that there was is it a regional
16	no, so let me change that. It may not
17	be with the senate
18	MR. PAINTER: So that's why I'm
19	<del></del>
20	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: it's
21	regional here between Nassau and
22	Suffolk?
23	MR. PAINTER: I am not aware of
24	any committee that my boss is on right
25	now. Nor am I aware of any legislative

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	draft that my boss has reviewed.
3	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I thought
4	there was a task force set up I
5	thought it was for bail reform. Maybe
6	I'm mis I'm sorry, I thought it was
7	for the bail reform.
8	MR. PAINTER: So I just want to
9	make sure that my boss is not on any
10	committee, that I'm aware, nor has she
11	seen any legislative drafts.
12	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: So there's no
13	committee that's set up at all to start
14	talking about this locally regionally
15	between our local police departments
16	and our
17	MR. PAINTER: I am aware
18	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I would
19	even extend it to say the DA's office
20	and we should have something I suspect
21	then started.
22	MR. PAINTER: I am aware of
23	people calling my boss
24	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: As well as
25	legal aid.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	MR. PAINTER: calling my boss
3	for input. My boss, to my knowledge
4	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Okay, I've
5	heard you and I understand that.
6	MR. PAINTER: is not part of
7	any committee or
8	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I heard you
9	and I understand that.
10	MR. PAINTER: Okay.
11	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: I'm just
12	MR. PAINTER: I just want to make
13	sure the record was clear.
14	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: There's so
15	many task forces being created across
16	this region but this would definitely
17	be one of those times where I think we
18	get the right people in the room and
19	start talking if we're going to be
20	advocating for some level of change
21	that we have. Legal aid should be in
22	there. We should have our prosecutors
23	and our police departments and some
24	other advocates that are looking to
25	make sure that we're not unnecessarily

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	holding the wrong you know, holding
3	folks that ideally should be released
4	and that we're holding folks that
5	should be held.
6	MR. PAINTER: Perhaps the
7	confusion if I may?
8	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: Uh-huh-huh.
9	MR. PAINTER: My boss, DA Singas
10	does sit on the Justice Task Force, the
11	New York State justice task force and
12	that is a consortium of academics and
13	defense attorneys and prosecutors and
14	police officials and victims advocates
15	and they meet and discuss issues in
16	fact, a meeting was this morning but
17	they issued a report
18	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: No.
19	MR. PAINTER: on bail and
20	bail. They issued the report on bail
21	on February 2019.
22	LEGISLATOR BYNOE: So I have to
23	give a shout out to my staffer Andrew.
24	He must be listening somewhere. He
25	actually just sent me something from

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	January 21st, it says Nassau and
3	Suffolk counties team up for common
4	sense bail reforms. All right. So I'm
5	going to read through this and I don't
6	want to do it while I'm on taking up
7	time. I believe the public has an
8	opportunity to speak after me but I'll
9	look through this. Thank you.
10	MR. PAINTER: Thank you.
11	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
12	much. I really appreciate your
13	patience and your answering all these
14	questions. And actually, even starting
15	this out with a positive spin. I think
16	it was really good and we want to
17	partner with you to make sure that we
18	heed the concerns that you have,
19	especially with maternity and whatever.
20	So you're doing a yeoman's job and we
21	appreciate it so we want to make sure
22	that we show appropriate respect.
23	MR. PAINTER: I'll end with a
24	positive spin. We're going to get
25	through this and think everybody is

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	going to be a lot happier. In three
3	years hopefully we can look back and
4	say look at all the preparation we did
5	and all the improvements we made, you
6	know. There will be some bumps along
7	the way, but my biggest concern right
8	now, and my boss' biggest concern right
9	now is the morale of our staff because
10	we want to make sure that we have the
11	right people in the room working
12	through these issues.
13	LEGISLATOR FORD: I think they're
14	very thoughtful that they have you.
15	And DA Madeline Singas, I have to say
16	too.
17	MR. PAINTER: Thank you very
18	much.
19	LEGISLATOR FORD: Okay. Thank
20	you. Mayor Kennedy, if he's still
21	here.
22	MAYOR KENNEDY: Good afternoon.
23	How are you. Thank you for having me
24	here today.
25	If I could just start by saying

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	my name is Robert Kennedy. I'm the
3	president of the US conference the
4	New York State Conference of Mayors,
5	consisting of about 700 cities and
6	villages throughout New York. I'm also
7	the mayor of the Village of Freeport.
8	NYCOM is here to discuss specifically
9	the discovery aspect of this
10	legislation only. In fact, we haven't
11	taken a stand on the bail reform at all
12	but do recognize some changes are
13	required.
14	I am not an attorney but I have
15	had in-length conversations with our
16	village attorneys and state attorneys
17	with regards to discovery package. I
18	would just like to say a little
19	background. The Village of Freeport
20	has approximately 1,100 arrests a year.
21	And of those 1,100 arrests a year we
22	would be required to provide about 50
23	sets of discovery because the DA would
24	probably plea bargain most of the cases
25	down and come back to us and ask us for

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	50 cases.
3	Now with the terminology used in
4	the legislation, which says accusatory
5	instrument, the Village of Freeport
6	would then now be required to provide
7	discovery on 6,500 building department
8	violations, including the electric
9	violations, plumbing violations, water,
10	structural, even a dog violation, if it
11	was issued a violation, we would have
12	to provide discovery, in addition to
13	20,000 vehicle and traffic regulations
14	and 35,000 parking tickets. That's the
15	addition now of about 52,000
16	discoveries that we're required to
17	provide because it is an accusatory
18	instrument involved here. This has
19	been discussed through NYCOM. It's
20	also been discussed with Mayor de
21	Blasio who didn't understand it at
22	first, who agrees with me now that
23	these the way the law was written,
24	these issues are a problem.
25	The Village of Freeport does

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	officers. So by having these body
3	cameras, it really increases the time
4	for discovery to be provided.
5	We also have memo books on every
6	police officer. Radio communications
7	from every police officer to police
8	officer from the desk to the police
9	officer. We have 911 requirements for
10	discovery. We don't get 911 calls, 911
11	goes to the county and then the county
12	will call the village. So we don't
13	have a record of the 911 but we have to
14	secure that from the county.
15	We also have LPR program, which
16	many of you are familiar with where we
17	surrounded the village with license
18	plate readers so every one of those LPR
19	cameras are going to have to be
20	downloaded out of the computer relating
21	to this crime and then stored again
22	with the discovery package.
23	Then we're working with different
24	agencies, Nassau County or the state.
25	We have a lot of state police and, you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	know, bringing all of those together
3	for discovery does not take five
4	minutes to do one discovery, and if
5	we're increasing the load from 50 to
6	almost 40 to 50,000, it's a significant
7	more amount of time required.
8	You know, our budget is due in
9	February. Last year this law was
10	enacted in May. So when we adopted our
11	budget, we had no idea that this
12	legislation in New York State would
13	affect our budget. So last year I have
14	built in a \$1 million hole in our
15	budget because the state adopted this
16	after we adopted our budget. This year
17	we have the time to look into and
18	estimate what our costs are going to be
19	and realistically I to look at worse
20	case scenarios. Worse case scenario
21	for me, we estimated \$2.7 million. I
22	just want to go back got give you a
23	little background on Freeport.
24	You know, we're rebuilding from
25	Super Storm Sandy, 3,500 homes under

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	six feet of salt water. We lost the
3	entire industrial park, \$10 million to
4	the Department of Public Works, the
5	entire nautical mile. We've rebuilt
6	probably 96 percent of Freeport since
7	Super Storm Sandy. But we had a
8	reserve at that time of 1.2 million.
9	We now have a reserve of 21 million.
10	We had a debt of \$160 million, we now
11	have a debt of \$92 million. We got
12	upgraded by Moody's twice over the past
13	six years. We put on 25 additional
14	police officers and reduced crime by 56
15	percent in the village of Freeport.
16	We've done 86 roads. We absorbed
17	every increase in workman's comp,
18	liability, disability, medical,
19	retirement, PBA, labor increases and
20	CSEA labor increases and we haven't had
21	a tax increase for six years. There's
22	not much money left in the Village of
23	Freeport to absorb a \$2.7 million
24	unfunded mandate, which we just
25	incurred. We've increased taxes by 5.7

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 percent this year in its budget already. First time we've pierced the 3 4 cap and increased the budget by 2.7 5 million for the residents of Freeport. 6 It's directly to the costs of the 7 discovery. 8 This legislation was put into a 9 budget without having been properly analyzed or reviewed by the various 10 11 police department or district attorneys 12 throughout the state. And now what 13 we've done, we're steering the horse by 14 the tail trying to find out what we can 15 do to correct this legislation that was 16 done. Ultimately, we have to eliminate the inclusion of vehicle and traffic 17 laws, building department violations 18 19 and parking violations. There's no 20 reason for that and I don't think that was the initial intent of this law. 21 22 think if you were to provide 60 days, 23 we'd probably go down as low as 30 days for discovery since the individual is 24 25 not incarcerated anyway, that's why

Full Legislature/2-13-20
we're doing these desk appearance
tickets. If they're not incarcerated,
give me 30 to 60 days on discovery. We
can save the Village of Freeport
residents \$2.7 million.
We've been told that the Village
will save money because we're not
incarcerating the individuals. We'll
save on the costs. We don't
incarcerate individuals. We take our
prisoners to Nassau County. We're not
saving anything. If Nassau County
releases them, it doesn't give me any
benefit. I don't get released. My
taxes aren't lowered by Nassau County,
there's no benefit to the Village of
Freeport.
We haven't had an increase in AIM
funding, CHIPS funding, snow removal or
sales tax in 11 years. Please don't
even remind me about sales tax because
we don't get it to start with, I'm in
litigation about that. All I can say
is this is an unreasonable, unfunded

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	mandate to the residents of the Village
3	of Freeport and the rest the residents
4	in New York State and that's on behalf
5	of the New York State Conference of
6	Mayors. I'll be glad to answer any
7	questions.
8	LEGISLATOR FORD: Legislator
9	Mule.
10	LEGISLATOR MULE: Yes, thank you.
11	Mayor, you are my mayor and I was also
12	on the board of trustees prior to
13	taking this position and so I know that
14	everything you're saying is absolutely
15	true. And I think it's important that
16	we do understand the implications of
17	the state law on not just the county
18	but also the villages and the cities
19	because, again, this is a state law and
20	it's important for the representatives
21	of the state to have a full
22	understanding of this and this is, I
23	guess, one more avenue for that to
24	happen.

When we first heard about the

25

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	law, when we were doing the budgetary
3	and we will, of course, had concerns
4	about it. You know, one of the first
5	things I did was go to my state
6	legislators and I think it certainly
7	behooves all of us to speak out and you
8	bring up some important points that
9	perhaps we wouldn't have considered
10	prior to that, so I thank you for your
11	advocacy on behalf of the other
12	jurisdictions.
13	MAYOR KENNEDY: Thank you. We
14	miss you in Freeport, come on back.
15	LEGISLATOR FORD: Legislator
16	Rhoads.
17	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Thank you,
18	Legislator Ford. Mayor, first off
19	thank you for coming today. I
20	appreciate your presentation very much
21	and as Legislator Mule indicated, the
22	reality is that this just does not have
23	to do with Nassau County and the Nassau
24	County Police Department. Every
25	village, every township that actually

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	processes building department
3	violations has to deal with the same
4	issues with respect to discovery, and I
5	appreciate you raising that important
6	topic.
7	Just to give us an idea, and I
8	know you mentioned you mentioned
9	body cameras and the Village of
10	Freeport is the first to implement body
11	cameras with its police officers. Can
12	you describe for us you heard the
13	testimony of the police commissioner,
14	Pat Ryder, and of Jed Painter as well
15	from the district attorney's office,
16	speaking about metadata. Can you go
17	into what's actually involved in the
18	actual maintaining of the data that
19	comes from the body cameras, preserving
20	that. What are the challenges with
21	that, what are the costs associated
22	with that to a municipality like the
23	incorporated Village of Freeport.
24	MAYOR KENNEDY: First, I'd like
25	to thank Nassau County, and especially

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the DA's office who provided financing
3	for the first order of body cams that
4	we utilize in the village. But this is
5	going back three and four years and
6	there's been upgraded models since.
7	There's battery damages, there's
8	equipment damages, so we've really
9	upgraded our equipment two or three
10	times at the cost of the Village of
11	Freeport taxpayers. As I said, the
12	original purchase was great but now to
13	maintain it. When you store all of
14	this equipment, I mean we can't even
15	store all of this on-site so we have to
16	store some on-site and we have to back
17	it up offsite and we have to have
18	enough data availability. This digital
19	is astronomical when you look at the
20	location, the detailed cameras,
21	lighting and such like that. It's
22	tremendous the financial burden we have
23	for storage onsite, offsite and then to
24	have to, again, transpose all of this
25	into a criminal case for discovery.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: So we can
3	comprehend what would have to be turned
4	over out of that body camera footage.
5	I know you gave the example of a police
6	officer responding to the scene of a
7	crime but then getting diverted to
8	different calls, having to leave the
9	scene, come back. What would actually
10	have to be turned over?
11	MAYOR KENNEDY: Well, we have to
12	have a supervisor go through every one
13	of those police officers body cams that
14	were in attendance there and then take
15	any applicable video applied to that
16	case and remove anything else. If you
17	went to a call for a family dispute or
18	another arrest or if there's a car
19	accident or bodily injury all of those,
20	because they'd be using body camera
21	doing all of that, that would all have
22	to be deducted out and limit the
23	individual videos to, pertaining to
24	that case itself.
25	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And so if you

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	had ten officers responding to the
3	scene of a multi vehicle accident,
4	let's say, where there was a DWI, you
5	would wind up having to preserve and
6	then turn over the body camera footage
7	for every one of the ten responding
8	officers, right?
9	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes, and it could
10	take approximately between four and
11	five to six hours to take it all apart
12	and provide the proper discovery
13	package. And remember, it's not just
14	the body cameras. You have cameras in
15	every police car. So everyone of those
16	police car cameras, it's uploaded to
17	the cloud and has to be taken out. So
18	it's quite time consuming and a
19	financial burden to the village to do
20	that many in that short a period of
21	time.
22	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Now have you
23	had to increase staff as a result?
24	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes, we have and,
25	you know, unfortunately the staff

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	becomes another issue because I can't
3	hire civilians and I have to hire
4	through civil service and then by the
5	time you can hire through civil service
6	and review them and they have a
7	preference for village employees and
8	then send them back to civil for
9	approval, then through an academy and
10	come back to move people up the ladder.
11	It's time consuming. It's very, very
12	expensive.
13	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I can only
14	imagine. I know you indicated that the
15	short term budget costs made through
16	the conclusion of your fiscal year were
17	somewhere in the area of \$1 million
18	that came as a sudden and unexpected
19	hit on your budget which created a gap.
20	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes, we probably
21	would have had a million dollar surplus
22	this year. Now we have a flat budget
23	for last year.
24	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And it's now
25	resulted in a 5.7 percent tax increase

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	just for the 2.7 million that you now
3	have to raise that's approximated it
4	will cost the village to comply with
5	criminal justice reform.
6	MAYOR KENNEDY: I would like to
7	clarify. You know, the village can
8	have an increased budget every year but
9	it doesn't mean the tax levy has gone
10	up. Because if we bring in more
11	revenue that's not a levy that can
12	compensate for a larger budget. In
13	fact, this year, because of the
14	additional economic development we had,
15	we probably would have had a one
16	percent reduction in the levy in the
17	village. But based on the mandated
18	increase here, we're up at 5.7 percent
19	increase.
20	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: So in
21	reality, it's a 6.7 percent increase
22	when you factor in that it probably
23	would have been a one percent tax cut.
24	Now, obviously, this was presented as a
25	sudden and unexpected challenge. Now

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you're trying to anticipate your needs
3	for the next year now that you have had
4	a chance to see what some of the
5	results are. But that 2.7 million is
6	just an approximate.
7	MAYOR KENNEDY: Well, you know, I
8	have to say that we consider the worst
9	case scenario. We hope we're correct.
10	But a village is not allowed it's
11	against the law for a village to run a
12	deficit. Many cities, counties and the
13	state can run a deficit. It's against
14	the law for a village to run a deficit.
15	Therefore, I have to be extra sure that
16	we have enough prosecutors, we have
17	enough backup in the buildings
18	department, have enough backup in the
19	parking portion of the village staff.
20	Judges, we've applied for we're only
21	allowed to have two judges, one full
22	time, one as appointed, so now we need
23	a third judge, a part time judge. So I
24	went to New York State to request
25	approval for a third part time judge.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	We're the second most active courtroom
3	in New York State. So I really can't
4	you know, elasticity of demand, you
5	can't stretch it any further or we
6	had a court the other day, it went for
7	seven hours. It was the largest
8	continuous night for court cases that
9	we've had so far.
10	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And I was
11	going to ask, have you seen any
12	increase in the volume of work that
13	your judges and your courts have to
14	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes, this was
15	retroactive. As of January of this
16	year, any outstanding cases from before
17	required the discovery to be prepared.
18	So there's a lot of work that wasn't
19	estimated that's now included in this
20	year's budget that we had to work on
21	prior to January 1 this year.
22	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And I did not
23	know, and I appreciate you for raising
24	it, I did not know that that included
25	building department violations and that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	included traffic infractions as well,
3	I'm shocked by that.
4	MAYOR KENNEDY: 6,000. Minimum
5	6,000 building department, 20,000
6	vehicle and traffic and parking
7	tickets. So if you plead not guilty on
8	a parking ticket, I have to provide
9	discovery.
10	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I think I
11	know the answer because I've asked this
12	question a few different times to
13	different witnesses and the answers
14	seem to be the same. I'm assuming that
15	the incorporated Village of Freeport,
16	certainly yourself as head of the New
17	York Conference of Mayors, were not
18	consulted at any point in time during
19	the pendency of this cashless bail
20	reform and criminal justice reform
21	before it was passed in Albany,
22	correct?
23	MAYOR KENNEDY: That's correct.
24	In fact, I've subsequently after
25	learning it, I called together all the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	chiefs of the police departments in
3	Nassau County, many of the mayors. I
4	called NYCOM to sit and review this
5	with them. And Mr. Painter, I sat with
6	just to review all of the reality of
7	this, the impact of this legislation to
8	come in and we did discuss parking
9	tickets, we did discuss vehicle, we did
10	discuss, you know, accusatory
11	instruments because we had to make sure
12	that what we were anticipating in doing
13	our budget. And again, my budget, I
14	have to adopt a budget in January of
15	this year for next year. So I don't
16	have the liberty of waiting until after
17	the state adopts their budget and
18	possibly makes a change.
19	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And of
20	course, I'm assuming this mandate from
21	the state is unfunded to the village,
22	correct?
23	MAYOR KENNEDY: That's correct.
24	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: So even
25	though you have you're going to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	spend \$2.7 million this year, you
3	expect to comply with this. Has there
4	been any indication from any of our
5	state legislators, and I believe we're
6	covered in the village of Freeport by
7	Senator Kaminsky, Senator Brooks, any
8	indication of any assistance coming
9	from the state to help local
10	municipalities who can't run a deficit
11	as you've indicated, to provide any
12	assistance?
13	MAYOR KENNEDY: I'm cautiously
14	optimistic. I've been up in Albany for
15	four days. I've been with at least six
16	or seven senators, many representatives
17	in the assembly and I think after
18	discussing all of the facts, I'm
19	cautiously optimistic that some changes
20	will come to fruition and I would hope
21	that it's in the next budget so that's
22	not an item that can be debated, put it
23	in the budget, let's get it over with
24	and make these corrections now. I'm
25	also concerned with, you know,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Cannibis. I mean, if we follow the
3	same path that we did with the
4	discovery without seeing the rippling
5	and the affects of this and you put the
6	Cannibis into a budget and approve it,
7	are we going to be back here next year
8	discussing all of the problems that we
9	have that we didn't anticipate with the
10	legalization of Cannibis. And I think,
11	again, we need to spend more time
12	before we legislate or adopt these
13	legislations.
14	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Has anyone
15	reached out to you from the state with
16	regard to that to discuss the topic?
17	MAYOR KENNEDY: I mean, yes, I've
18	been up in I've been discussing it
19	with all our representatives, the
20	senate, the governor's office, one of
21	his representatives, the budget
22	director and some of our assembly
23	people up there.
24	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Has there
25	been any indication that it's going to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	be considered a standalone legislation,
3	as opposed to what happened with
4	criminal justice reform where we're
5	sort of wedged into the budget and
6	there really was no opportunity for
7	debate or discussion?
8	MAYOR KENNEDY: I can't really
9	answer that question. That's the
10	assembly and the senate and the
11	governor's office.
12	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Of course, of
13	course. Just if you can educate me,
14	with respect to Nassau County medical
15	examiners and the Nassau County crime
16	lab, how does the Village of Freeport
17	and the Village of Freeport police
18	department rely on our ME and our crime
19	lab? What activities are performed by
20	the village and what do they rely on
21	our crime lab to do?
22	MAYOR KENNEDY: Our law
23	enforcement and Nassau County's law
24	enforcement work very close together.
25	The felonies are generally taken by

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Nassau County so they would be
3	responsible for the crime lab or
4	analysis of scientific evidence.
5	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Have you seen
6	any increase in the ways that you
7	attribute to increase volume from
8	criminal justice reform in terms of
9	processing items for the village
10	through our crime lab?
11	MAYOR KENNEDY: That I can't
12	answer.
13	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Too soon to
14	tell?
15	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes.
16	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And just in
17	terms of because obviously you're
18	you have many hats, one of which is
19	president of the New York Conference of
20	Mayors, have you heard feedback from
21	other mayors throughout the state?
22	MAYOR KENNEDY: Oh, yes.
23	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Are they
24	facing similar challenges to you?
25	MAYOR KENNEDY: Absolutely. We

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	have probably several million residents
3	and representatives petitions out there
4	opposing the discovery portion of this
5	legislation.
6	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Can you speak
7	to the crime rate in the incorporated
8	village? I know there had been a
9	steady decline, over 50 percent I
10	believe you had indicated over the last
11	several years. Since January 1st has
12	there been any change in that rate?
13	MAYOR KENNEDY: That I don't have
14	the results in yet, normally we get a
15	every month I'll get a preliminary
16	report but it is confirmed that we've
17	had a 56 percent reduction in crime
18	over the past six years and we believe
19	it's attributed to the LPR program, to
20	the additional police that are out
21	there.
22	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: And that's
23	the license plate readers, right?
24	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes.
25	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Just for

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	those that are listening that don't
3	know what LPR is.
4	MAYOR KENNEDY: Yes.
5	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: Mr. Mayor, I
6	appreciate your time and your
7	testimony. Thank so much for your
8	insight.
9	MAYOR KENNEDY: Thank you for
10	having me here.
11	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
12	much for your testimony. You really
13	gave us a lot of information. A lot of
14	things that we didn't even consider.
15	MAYOR KENNEDY: Right.
16	LEGISLATOR FORD: My last
17	question to you, sir, will be this:
18	Would you ever consider coming to run
19	the City of Long Beach?
20	MAYOR KENNEDY: That's a great
21	city, I love it.
22	LEGISLATOR FORD: So do I. So?
23	But thank you very much. I appreciate
24	it.

MAYOR KENNEDY: Thank you so

25

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	much, everybody, for having me here
3	today. I greatly appreciate it. Have
4	a great day. Thank you.
5	LEGISLATOR FORD: Frank, do you
6	need a break at all?
7	(A recess was taken.)
8	LEGISLATOR FORD: We're going to
9	resume our hearings. And I don't know
10	if Brian Sullivan, president of COBA is
11	here or not?
12	MR. SULLIVAN: Good afternoon,
13	ladies and gentlemen. Brian Sullivan,
14	Nassau County Corrections Office
15	Benevolent Association. It was a much
16	more fuller room before.
17	Legislator Rhoads asked the
18	question earlier about the head count
19	in the Nassau County jail. Just to
20	clarify, I got some information as of
21	November 1, 2019, the inmate head count
22	in the jail was at an all time low of
23	1,115. That was the lowest in my
24	31-year career. 1,115. Normally it
25	would be around 1,600, the bulk of my

Full Legislature/2-13-20 1 2 career when it was I hear when I first started in 1988 was when crack and AIDS 3 was big. I've said that before here 4 5 several times that the head count in a 6 much smaller jail was over 2,000. It's 7 been around 1,600 to 1,800. But over the last several years, because of all 8 9 things I've talked about here before 10 with the precursors to bail reform, our 11 head count has been dropping 12 precipitously and November 1st it was 13 1,115. As of today our total inmate head count is 759. That's a reduction 14 15 of 356 inmates, the rolling tally in the jail since November 1st. That is a 16 startling number of people that have 17 18 left our facility, that have left the 19 system. 20 Like I said, I've been here countless times before over the last 21 22 few years warning of what's been going 23 on in New York State, both here and in 24 Albany, talking about what's been going 25 on, particularly at arraignment courts.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I'm sure everybody remembers that I've
3	been talking about how we've been
4	letting people go on heavy duty drug
5	charges, assault charges, you know,
6	robbery charges and burglary charges.
7	This stuff has all been going on for
8	several years that brought our head
9	count down to, like I said, 1,115.
10	This was prior to what went on here in
11	the last year with bail reform. People
12	have that can get out have gotten
13	out. Now we've just gone precipitately
14	over the edge.
15	Myself and countless other law
16	enforcement organizations have been
17	pounding the floors in Albany and here
18	obviously, since we realized last year
19	what's been done under the cover of
20	last year's budget. One or two of the
21	legislators said earlier that, you
22	know, a lot wasn't done here and a lot
23	of people didn't really know what was
24	going on and that's true because even
25	some of our local law enforcement

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	unions, the police department and the
3	DA's office and things like that,
4	didn't realize what was going on. We
5	noticed from our end of the criminal
6	justice system in corrections, and in
7	the courts and the judges and things
8	like that. We saw the writing on the
9	wall of what's been happening here.
10	That they just don't want people in
11	jail anymore.
12	Just had a couple of different
13	notes here that I wanted to make sure.
14	Going back to the hearings of last
15	year, there were no public hearings.
16	Again, the stakeholders were not
17	involved in this. Police
18	organizations, sheriffs, police chiefs
19	organizations, unions, nobody was
20	involved in this. This was all done
21	behind closed doors, nobody saw what
22	was going on until there was a product
23	put out. We saw what was happening and
24	I have certainly annoyed, PO'd a lot of
25	our local state legislators because

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I've been exposing the hypocrisy of
3	what's been going on here. Since this
4	debacle was put in place, I've been a
5	very vocal opponent of this. Like I
6	said, our local New York state
7	senators, particular on the democrat
8	side, are not very happy with me
9	because I've been exposing the
10	hypocrisy, particularly that this has
11	created a public safety crisis problem,
12	not just in general, the general
13	public, but more so in high crime and
14	low income neighborhoods, communities.
15	The very communities that these
16	advocates for these bail reforms are
17	claiming to be advocates of. And
18	Monica Martinez who is a senator out in
19	Suffolk County, I've had numerous
20	conversations with here where she has
21	actually spoken about how these bail
22	reforms and discovery reforms are going
23	to affect her neighborhoods and her
24	communities the worst. Of course, you
25	know, she was one of the ones that

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	signed on and voted for this because
3	the way everything goes on in Albany
4	is, if you want your school district
5	money and you want things for whatever,
6	you're going to vote yes for the
7	budget. So everybody kind of had a gun
8	put to their heads. Meanwhile, I'll
9	give her some credit now, she has been
10	a vocal critic of bail reform and
11	discovery reform and has been behind
12	the scenes trying to get things
13	changed, as far as I think she's
14	annoying the master's voice up in
15	Albany also because there's a lot of
16	infighting going on there.
17	The only community that these
18	bail reforms and discovery reforms are
19	advocating for is the criminal
20	community. Jed Painter spoke before
21	about drugs. Drugs and what do you
22	call it? The court, the diversion
23	courts, things like that. That's 100
24	percent correct. They're not even
25	being diverted to diversion courts and

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	in the Nassau County jail. Where we
3	have detox programs and drug programs,
4	they're not being able to avail
5	themselves of this. So what goes on is
6	you have people that are arrested for
7	crimes that are either high on drugs or
8	they're selling drugs. They're
9	addicts. They're not being put into
10	programs. They're not being put into
11	diversion programs. They're not being
12	held in our jail, they're not being
13	detoxed. They're not being put into
14	drug rehabilitation programs to help
15	them that are coming from a lot of
16	these low income and crime ridden
17	communities, they're kicked back out
18	into the street again. And what are
19	they going to do when the first thing
20	they get back out in the street again?
21	They're still addicted, they're going
22	to be looking for the next high,
23	they're going to be committing another
24	crime. I've said that numerous times.
25	In conjunction with several of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you here and other organizations,
3	including the down state correction
4	coalition, we've on an information tour
5	educating our residents on exactly what
6	has gone on in New York State
7	completely under the radar until it was
8	implemented last year.
9	Going back to 2013 one of the
10	things that I key on is a lot of people
11	aren't familiar with the Littman
12	Commission. Jonathan Littman, who used
13	to be the head judge in New York State.
14	The New York City counsel put together
15	the Littman Commission to study
16	criminal justice reforms in New York
17	State and with the laughable premise at
18	that time of how do we close Rikers
19	Island. Rikers Island had 15,000
20	inmates on it at the time. The idea
21	was how do we close Rikers Island.
22	Where exactly were all of those
23	prisoners going to be going? I also
24	have spoken numerous times about the
25	myth of mass incarceration. I know a

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	lot of people have been talking about
3	this. The United States has so many
4	people incarcerated. Over the last ten
5	years, the incarceration rate in the
6	Unites States has dropped
7	precipitately. There is no mass
8	incarceration anymore in this country.
9	Just talking and especially in the
10	state. Just talking about the numbers
11	that I've had before. Our inmate head
12	count just in Nassau County, our own
13	local community here, should be between
14	1,600, 1,800 inmates. It's down to
15	less than 1,200, 1,150. It was 1,050
16	before bail reform and then we ended up
17	losing another 350.
18	Also the fact that prior to bail
19	reform, over 70 percent of all people
20	that were arrested in New York State
21	prior to these reforms, were either
22	released on their own recognizance or
23	bailed out. 70 percent. That left 30
24	percent of all people that were
25	arrested for crimes in New York State

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	under the discretion of a judge who
3	even at that point there was no
4	judicial discretion about public safety
5	but there was a lot of other avenues
6	the judges could have.
7	One thing that I could say
8	without a doubt, from my perspective,
9	and I know a lot of other people
10	probably won't bring it up, is that
11	there's a lot of agendas at play here;
12	money, real estate. They had on the
13	Littman Commission, there was 27
14	different people on it, I believe it's
15	14 that were on that are in law firms
16	that their specialty is real estate.
17	These are the people that were on the
18	Criminal Justice Reform Commission in
19	New York City about what to do with
20	Rikers Island and more than half of
21	them were real estate law firms. If
22	that's not eye opening to a lot of
23	people, I don't know what is.
24	The other part of it is not
25	wanting to pay the cost of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	incarceration by municipalities. And
3	now, if you speak up against these
4	reforms, and against the fact that
5	these things were shoved down
6	everybody's throats, you're a racist.
7	You're a fear monger because they just
8	cannot accept the fact that there is a
9	true public safety crisis going on in
10	New York State, so you're a fear
11	monger, you're a racist thinking
12	they're going to shut people up.
13	You're not shutting people up when
14	every single day, even on this
15	pardon my language this liberal rag,
16	the Daily News, is talking about a
17	menace to society who should be in
18	jail. If this is on the front page of
19	the Daily News, imagine what's really
20	going on. That's probably about as
21	left as you get.
22	Just a couple more quick things.
23	I've been here before and the heart
24	wrenching thing that we got this
25	morning from Mr. Maldonado, he went

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	through the list of crimes and all of
3	that. I'm not going to go through it
4	again, you've all seen this. Four
5	pages of all the crimes that are
6	absurdly not under bail reform. The
7	heart wrenching story. I mean that
8	speaks for itself. I don't know what
9	else you could possibly add to that.
10	Today and every day at
11	arraignment court people are released.
12	Criminals are released for every manner
13	of crime. I follow the statistics, I
14	have it in my office. People are being
15	released for strangulation charges, for
16	heavy duty A and B and C felony drug
17	charges. All kinds of assaults,
18	weapons charges. The whole nine yards.
19	Jed Painter talked about the Brooklyn
20	DA's office that they had 40 people
21	quitting because they were just
22	completely overburdened and they can't
23	get anything done. Cy Vance in the
24	city, the DA in the city is talking
25	about how they're just not going to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	prosecute crimes because they can't
3	keep up with it. That's insanity. How
4	does anybody not even advocates of
5	this see that that's not that that's
6	a problem. Again, we talked about it
7	several times before, no funding was
8	included in any of this from the state,
9	these are all unfunded mandates. No
10	training, no guidance on monitoring.
11	The people that do get ankle bracelets,
12	there's no restrictions on their
13	locations, they're not restricted to
14	their homes. They could travel all
15	around the world and cut the bracelet
16	off and nobody cares.
17	Drug felonies I talked about.
18	They can't issue bench warrants for 48
19	hours, no judicial discretion. Where
20	is the I've talked about this
21	several times, where is the
22	constitutionality. One judge up in
23	Cohoes, I believe, brought it up about
24	the constitutionality of the separate
25	of powers in the state; judicial,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	legislative and executive. How does
3	the legislature take away the powers of
4	one of the other branches of
5	government? It's insane to me.
6	Dave McAndrews is a district
7	court judge in Nassau County, in
8	Hempstead. He spoke out and said that
9	one of his the people in front of
10	his bench was a menace to society. I'm
11	not letting that guy out, similar to
12	this. I'm not letting him out. This
13	is insane what's going on. It was on
14	the front page of story in the Post,
15	I know it was in Daily News and
16	Newsday. They ended up going above his
17	head to the next judge above him and,
18	of course, the inmate was the police
19	prisoner was released. What happened
20	to Dave McAndrews the next day? Nobody
21	ever ran a story about this. Dave
22	McAndrews was taken off the bench in
23	district court and given small claims
24	court. He was punished for speaking
25	his mind. That's insane to me. I

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	don't know where the judges, why the
3	judges aren't jumping up and down about
4	this, whether they're muted or muffled
5	or their master's voices are doing
6	whatever. I hear talks about ethics.
7	This is in not an ethical problem for
8	judges to stand up and say that the
9	legislature took my job away from me.
10	How does a judge get disciplined for
11	speaking his mind and saying that this
12	is wrong and they kick him out of
13	district court that he was elected to
14	serve in and put him in small claims
15	court. That's a punishment. That
16	needs to be looked into.
17	Lastly, just on my end in the
18	jail, our sheriff retired. We have a
19	new sheriff coming in. From what I
20	understand, a guy from outside, I've
21	heard very good things about him and
22	I'm hopeful that we can change the
23	mindset here of what's gone on. He's
24	got a big correctional experience, he's
25	got a lot of credentials, he's supposed

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to be the real thing, I'm hoping that
3	we can do something here but I know a
4	lot of things are going to wait now
5	until next month when he's brought in.
6	But speaking of discovery, I've
7	had some conversations with the county
8	and the DA's office about this that
9	inside the correctional facility,
10	crimes happen in the jail. You have
11	all the criminals well, you sued to
12	have all the criminals in the jail,
13	they're still committing crimes in the
14	jails; assaults, weapons charges,
15	stabbings, drugs, all kinds of things.
16	Assaulting our correction officers. I
17	have just a handful of officers working
18	in our criminal investigation unit. We
19	are also subject to all these discovery
20	restrictions. So I fought like hell to
21	get a fingerprint machine brought into
22	the Nassau County jail. We got it,
23	it's together, it's hooked up. They
24	haven't trained anybody in it yet,
25	surprise, surprise. So when an inmate

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	assaults an officer, we don't lose the
3	case. In the past, I've talked about
4	it here where the inmate's in jail, we
5	don't have to run and get it too fast.
6	You know, we'll get them a week, a
7	month or two down the road and they end
8	up losing track of it and the guy walks
9	out the door. A guy that was on my
10	board, one of my delegates actually
11	went out on three quarters, he blew out
12	two disks in his neck fighting with an
13	inmate and because of speedy trial
14	restrictions, it took so long to charge
15	this inmate, and I've been here before
16	banging on the podium, they had to drop
17	the charges. The guy's out on a
18	disability and the inmate walked away
19	with assaulting a correction officer.
20	So now we have this other burdensome
21	thing put on us about discovery. We
22	don't have the wherewithal in the jail.
23	We don't have enough people doing these
24	cases, going inside I mean, the DA's
25	office is overburdened, the police

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	department doesn't do our internal
3	investigations, aside from when there's
4	an assault and these things are done,
5	they send it over to the Third. Then
6	they take it over. But attention has
7	to be paid inside the jail, too,
8	because there are crimes committed all
9	the time in the Nassau County jail.
10	Like I said, assaults, drugs,
11	weapons. We need funding, we need
12	staffing. Funding has to go into this.
13	We just had our budget hearing and they
14	cut the budget for the sheriff's
15	department. I'm still fighting for
16	everything else that goes on. Now we
17	have all of these other discovery
18	programs and stuff that has to be taken
19	care of and we have less staff.
20	The state legislative proposals
21	that are up there, I'm hopeful that
22	we'll see something productive come out
23	of it. I've spoken to several people
24	obviously over the last year in state
25	government. Some, unfortunately, were

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	disingenuous to me and my colleagues as
3	we were speaking to them that this was
4	never going to go through, even if it
5	was in the budget last year unless
6	there was judicial discretion. And
7	judicial discretion was specifically
8	carved out of it. So you know, I have
9	a lot of people that are annoyed with
10	me that I'm speaking about the truth
11	about this stuff. But hopefully we can
12	start turning this stuff around. If
13	it's just cherry picked and we'll just
14	put a couple more crimes under bail and
15	we'll let the judges have some
16	discretion over these other things.
17	That doesn't help. The judges need to
18	have full discretion over what goes in
19	front of them. And if you want to get
20	rid of bail, you know, I don't have any
21	say in that. I think it's absurd that
22	you have to have some sort of a bail
23	system. There has to be some way to
24	assure the people are going to come
25	back to court. We can't just say we're

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	throwing everything out and the
3	system's going to work wonderfully.
4	It's just absurd. There has to be
5	to me, this whole system should be
6	repealed. Repeal it and start all over
7	again. In New Jersey, they keep
8	talking about how wonderfully it's
9	working in New Jersey. It took them
10	three years to phase it in in New
11	Jersey. They have judicial discretion
12	in New Jersey. Now we're talking about
13	going with the federal system. That's
14	it for me. I appreciate the time. If
15	you have any questions, I'll definitely
16	take them.
17	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
18	much and you have always been alerting
19	us about this. One quick question
20	though, I know that you're working with
21	Assemblywoman Martinez or is it
22	senator?
23	MR. SULLIVAN: Senator.
24	LEGISLATOR FORD: Have you
25	discussed with her the possibility of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the discovery, you know, maybe changing
3	that so that like even Mayor Kennedy
4	said, that if we can have it increase
5	from like say 15 days to 30 days or
6	even 60 days, this will help, you know,
7	all of us.
8	MR. SULLIVAN: I have been more
9	on the bail end of it than the
10	discovery because a lot of the
11	discovery has to do with the police
12	department and the DA's office but I
13	have been involved in it and I have
14	spoken my mind about the discovery that
15	has to go on inside my department
16	because we can have we've had
17	inmates stabbed, drugs, the whole nine
18	yards, officers assaulted, that all
19	pertains to us here and I have had that
20	conversation with them.
21	Up until recently, the main
22	focus, from what I understand, of the
23	people that are trying to rework these
24	laws, is that they were just going to
25	focus on bail first and then look at

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	discovery later until we had that MS13
3	murder and then all of a sudden
4	everybody was going, uh-huh oh, we got
5	to do something with discovery. So now
6	they went back to work and allegedly
7	I mean, not allegedly, there is some
8	sort of a package that's supposed to be
9	coming out. It's under wraps because
10	I'm sure they're expecting that the
11	left is going to go out of their minds.
12	They don't want anything done with
13	this, it's great to have everybody
14	running free. But cooler heads have to
15	prevail here and somebody with a brain
16	has to take over and figure out that
17	this is not working. This is broken
18	and people are getting hurt. Mr.
19	Maldonado was up here, people have
20	gotten killed over this. How anybody
21	can stand up and say it's fear
22	mongering and racism is absurd.
23	LEGISLATOR FORD: I know Newsday
24	wrote that that we shouldn't be fear
25	mongering, whatever. So but, remember

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	don't let them silence you because we
3	need people with courage to speak about
4	this.
5	MR. SULLIVAN: The only way
6	they're going to do that is if they hit
7	me over the head with a bat and I'm
8	expecting that to happen one of these
9	days.
10	LEGISLATOR FORD: I'll protect
11	you but I have Legislator Ferretti who
12	has a couple of questions.
13	MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you very
14	much.
15	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Brian,
16	don't leave yet. I want to thank you
17	for your testimony and thank you for
18	diving so deep into this. We've hosted
19	community meetings on bail reform in
20	Levittown well, actually at
21	Hicksville at Levittown town hall but
22	the community is very appreciative for
23	your involvement in this and I'm very
24	appreciative for everything that you're
25	doing.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I do have two very specific and
3	short questions for you and it goes
4	back to kind of how we opened this
5	meeting with the Minority Leader
6	referring to a December 16, 2019 press
7	conference, which we jointly held.
8	MR. SULLIVAN: Right.
9	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Prior to
10	December 16, 2019, had the
11	administration reached out to you about
12	any type of implementation of this bail
13	reform?
14	MR. SULLIVAN: No.
15	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: After
16	December 16, 2019, did the
17	administration come forward with a plan
18	and if so, when?
19	MR. SULLIVAN: There was no plan
20	that I know of. All they did was
21	release inmates because of these bail
22	hearings and whatever else. And
23	whatever was left, I think we discussed
24	it a little bit, people that got out,
25	whatever was left on New Year's, they

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	were let out and I was there and took
3	note of all the people that were
4	leaving, but there was no plan.
5	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: What I'm
6	referring to is the NICE bus.
7	MR. SULLIVAN: Oh, yes. Yeah.
8	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Do you
9	remember an announcement that came
10	after the December 16, 2019
11	MR. SULLIVAN: I thought you
12	meant the sheriff's department itself.
13	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: No, no, I'm
14	talking about the administration. Did
15	they come out with a plan after the
16	December 16, 2019 press conference?
17	MR. SULLIVAN: There was a plan,
18	yeah.
19	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Thank you.
20	MR. SULLIVAN: Thank you.
21	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
22	much. And now Kevin Black, please.
23	And everyone, thank you all for your
24	patience.

MR. BLACK: The temptation at

25

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	this point is to say it's all been said
3	but I waited this long so I'm going to
4	say it. The biggest thing about this
5	whole reform package, in my opinion, is
6	judicial discretion. We elect judges,
7	judges who have been sitting in the
8	courts for years and suddenly they
9	can't make a decision.
10	Thank you very much for moving
11	over. It's makes it much easier now.
12	You're all in like central view, I
13	appreciate that.
14	The fact look, nobody here
15	wants people who are arrested as first
16	time offenders or for low level crimes
17	or marijuana crimes be stuck in jail
18	because they can't come up with the
19	bail. That's not what this is about.
20	This is about serious criminals who are
21	being released because a judge can't
22	take into effect their criminal
23	history, their flight risk, their
24	danger to the victim, witnesses or the
25	general public at large. This is

1		Full	Leg	isla	ture	2 - 1	3 - 2 0	
2	absur	d. 1	How	can	уои	not	take	somebody
3	who's	bee	n ar	rest	ed 1	5 ti	mes f	or doing
4	stree	t rol	bber	ies.	Тh	e ju	dge s	hould be
5	able	to l	ook	at t	hat	and	say y	ou know
6	what,	as .	Judg	е Мс	Andr	ews	said,	this guy
7	is a	mena	ce.	Не	n e e d	s to	go t	o jail
8	and w	ait :	for	tria	1.	To h	ave t	hese
9	peopl	e ju:	st c	onsi	sten	tly	relea	s e d
10	becau	se a	ccor	ding	to	some	body'	S
11	defin	itio	n, i	t's	not	a vi	olent	crime.
12	It ma	kes 1	no s	ense	at	all.	And	that's
13	proba	bly ·	the	bigg	est	thin	g abo	ut this
14	whole	ref	orm.	Тh	ere'	s no	c o m m	on sense
15	in it	. N	obod	y sa	t ba	ck a	nd sa	id if we
16	do th	is,	what	's g	oing	to	happe	n?
17		Disc	cove	ry,	the	15 d	ays.	You've
18	heard	fro	m Je	d Pa	inte	r, y	ou he	ard from
19	the c	ommi	ssio	ner,	уои	hea	rd it	from
20	Brian	, wi	th a	11 t	he e	lect	ronic	advances
21	we ha	ve to	o be	abl	e to	col	lect	this
22	infor	mati	on a	nd p	ut i	t in	to a	package
23	and h	ave :	it r	еаду	to	go i	n 15	days when
24	speed	y tr	ial	requ	ires	9 0	days	for a
25	misde	mean	or a	nd 1	80 d	ays	for a	felony,

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	what are we talking about? Why does it
3	have to be there in 15 days? Why are
4	we releasing witness and victim
5	information to a defendant's attorney
6	15 days later. Now, nobody can draw a
7	direct line between what happened to
8	the gentleman in New Cassel would was
9	prepared to testify, but really, would
10	it take a lot of imagination when this
11	was being set up that somewhere down
12	the road something like this might
13	happen. That a witness would be
14	assaulted much less murdered. I mean,
15	and oh my, how could this happen? You
16	give the information. It's happened.
17	Lastly well, I just did that.
18	The question came up earlier about what
19	did anybody reach out and speak to
20	the commissioner or this or that, and
21	nobody did from the state. But last
22	year, as members of the police
23	conference in New York and the New York
24	State Association of PBA's and the
25	sheriff's conference, we were all up in

1 Full Legislature/2-13-20 2 Albany when this started to get out and 3 we were all lobbying against this and 4 we were all ignored. You know, I understand that you as a county 5 6 legislature don't get to vote on these 7 things. But you know, you just as well as I can call Albany and speak to my 8 9 state rep, you can do the same and we should all be doing it. That's all I 10 11 have to say. 12 LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very 13 much. You know, to be quite honest 14 with you, and I guess maybe it could be our fault, but we weren't truly aware 15 16 of the full impact of what was going to 17 happen until we had our budget hearings in public safety and Jed Painter was 18 19 the first one to get up and talk about this. 20 We had inklings but we never really -- I for one, I'm speaking for 21 22 myself -- I for one never really truly 23 realized the full impact. Nothing was 24 ever sent out by the state what the 25 changes were going to be until he

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	brought it up and it's been a nightmare
3	ever since.
4	MR. BLACK: I think that even the
5	people who expected problems from this,
6	didn't expect the level of problems
7	that have become. It's a revolving
8	door. I mean, the commissioner spoke
9	earlier about a guy that robs a bank,
10	walks in, gets printed, walks out.
11	Three days later robs the same bank. I
12	mean, if you work in the bank you got
13	to be sitting there going how long is
14	it before this guy comes in with a gun
15	or does something to one of the
16	employees when they're leaving.
17	LEGISLATOR FORD: Right. I have
18	a woman who contacted me because she
19	doesn't know what to do. She's living
20	in fear. She has this neighbor, you
21	know, that is just very he's like
22	being very threatening and so forth and
23	so forth and she refuses to call the
24	police because she said he's going to
25	have my information. He's going to

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	know I'm the person that called him and
3	I'm afraid he's going to come after me.
4	So this is what's happening. It's like
5	people are afraid now to even report
6	any type of crime and they're going to
7	have to let themselves either put up
8	with it or move away. I don't know
9	what the solution will be. So let's
10	hope that there will be changes and
11	hopefully I agree with Brian, I
12	think the whole thing should be
13	scrapped and finally bring everybody
14	in, you know, that understands the need
15	for reform and how to best achieve it.
16	MR. BLACK: This has gone from
17	reform to turning the system upside
18	down favoring the criminal offender.
19	LEGISLATOR FORD: And put our
20	police at disadvantage. But no, first
21	Rose and then you.
22	LEGISLATOR WALKER: Thank you,
23	Denise. And thank you Kevin and Brian,
24	and certainly everybody who's spoken
25	and the other union leaders that are

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	going to speak. But when we were over
3	at Levittown hall there happened to be
4	a and I'm going to say a gentleman
5	because he really did turn his life
6	around. All right. There was well,
7	to me a young man, but a lot of people
8	are much younger than I am but he
9	spoke and he said, you know, he goes, I
10	was bad. I was bad. He was drug
11	involved and he goes I did a lot of bad
12	things. I did a lot of bad things.
13	And you know, I was arrested and I was
14	in jail and all I thought about was
15	getting out of jail and whoever made me
16	get into jail I was out to go get them
17	and whatever. And then he said I ended
18	up doing something really bad he
19	didn't tell us how it happened but
20	he goes, you know, I killed somebody.
21	He spent time in jail and but while
22	he was there seven years in jail, he
23	did get his life together and now he
24	does counseling and really tries to
25	help people get on the right track.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	But as he said, you know, the real
3	I'm going to say bad guys, okay you
4	know, they're in jail. All they're
5	thinking about is getting out. And he
6	goes, and I want to tell you something,
7	he goes if those discovery laws were
8	like that when I was in jail, he goes
9	there's not one doubt in my mind that I
10	would have gotten out and killed
11	whoever got me in here in the first
12	place. He was very emphatic about it.
13	I mean, he I mean, it broke your
14	heart to think that he wasted so much
15	of his life but where he turned his
16	life around, but it made everybody in
17	that room (End of Tape 3, Side 1) for
18	so many people and it worries me. It
19	worries me that people, you know, women
20	that are attacked, maybe they're not
21	even going to report their attacks
22	because they're afraid. They're afraid
23	to give out their information. They're
24	afraid that now somebody's going to
25	come back. You know, you have somebody

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	in your home who's been attacked, who's
3	been raped and now that person could
4	possibly be brought back to the home to
5	the scene of the crime. You know, what
6	if now her husband gets a gun out and
7	kills that guy? That guy now the
8	husband's in trouble for something that
9	shouldn't even be happening. It's just
10	it's just a sad state of affairs
11	that we're even that we even have to
12	discuss this. It just doesn't even
13	seem real. When we had our first press
14	conference, I said, you know, if this
15	was a movie script, we would think this
16	is not believable but yet, this is how
17	we're living life today. And it's very
18	very scary. And we wouldn't know as
19	much, except from the meetings that
20	we've had, our community, our residents
21	wouldn't know as much if we didn't have
22	those public meetings and get that word
23	out and you know, it isn't to spread
24	fear, it's so people know. People have
25	to know what's going on. You know, and

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	we do. We do reach out to our state
3	officials and say what the heck, what
4	are you thinking. You know, they have
5	families. Where are their heads. What
6	if this is your family that's involved.
7	It's just not good.
8	MR. BLACK: It's a sad state of
9	affairs.
10	LEGISLATOR WALKER: It's just a
11	very sad state of affairs. So I'm just
12	going to leave it at that. I don't
13	know I know other people have
14	something to say but I just want to
15	thank you for being here today and
16	thank you for continuing to do
17	everything you can possibly do to keep
18	our residents as safe as they are.
19	MR. BLACK: Thank you.
20	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: I
21	want to say that I think I'm not being
22	part of this process obviously, but I
23	think that what you started out with
24	was probably the intention of this bail
25	reform which is, you know, if someone

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	has a small amount of I don't know,
3	if someone makes a mistake, you know.
4	MR. BLACK: A low level offense.
5	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON: A
6	low level offense, and you know, it can
7	happen. We were all young once, the
8	brain doesn't develop which I really
9	believe now after having kids of my
10	own, until you're 25. But anyway
11	they're all good kids. But anyway, I
12	have to think that was the intention
13	and I do believe that there's no reason
14	that someone should be sitting in jail
15	for so long. And even I don't know
16	how the other side, but even hearing
17	about how long some of the discovery
18	takes, you know, there has to be
19	adjustments to a few things. But I
20	really think, unfortunately, this was
21	possibly rushed and done quite
22	dramatically where maybe it should have
23	been implemented slower and we should
24	have had more input before it went.
25	And I have told our state

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	representatives exactly what I'm saying
3	now. I'm the former wife of a chief of
4	police and a daughter of a criminal
5	judge, you know, they know that I had
6	no ruling on it, but I hear I've
7	lived the criminal, you know, justice
8	life. I've heard so much about it for
9	years and I think taking away a judge's
10	discretion is something that, you know,
11	honestly, I really have a problem with
12	as well not just because I'm a daughter
13	of one but
14	MR. BLACK: I was going to say,
15	that must lead to some interesting
16	dinner conversations.
17	LEGISLATOR DERIGGI-WHITTON:
18	There's a lot of political I should
19	say republican judge. So you know,
20	that's what I'm trying to take from
21	this. You know, maybe there is some
22	good and some positive that can come
23	from this but it has to be really
24	examined, in my opinion, scaled back
25	and I the people I'm speaking to in

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	our area, I think see that now and
3	that's good. But, you know, it's going
4	to be a question of how quickly they
5	can fix it to the point where we can
6	maybe benefit from some of these
7	aspects, you know. So it's happened in
8	a couple of times since I've been an
9	elected official that I've seen, like,
10	a good intention maybe go wrong. You
11	know, we've seen a couple of other
12	instances of that around here, also.
13	Something that should be well
14	intentioned and it would be a good goal
15	to have but there are other
16	ramifications that happen that we might
17	not have planned for or anything else.
18	So, you know, that's how I personally
19	believe. I agree with much of what I
20	heard today and I don't think it's
21	going on deaf ears, it's just,
22	unfortunately, the way the state works.
23	From what I understand, there's a lot
24	of influences in areas other than Long
25	Island even that might be curtailing

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	this a bit. But I don't think that
3	you're discussion or Sully's or anyone
4	else's went in vain. I think that the
5	message is getting across to our local
6	electeds and I just hope they can do
7	something to correct it. So I just
8	wanted to let you know about that.
9	MR. BLACK: Thank you.
10	LEGISLATOR FERRETTI: Thank you,
11	Kevin. Just real quick. Just we're
12	talking about a lot of judges
13	discretion and rightfully so. That's a
14	key missing part of this law. But just
15	going to something Legislator
16	DeRiggi-Whitton was just saying. I'm
17	not going to speculate as to the intent
18	of the legislators who passed this but
19	their intent aside, in black and white,
20	they passed what they passed and part
21	of that, aside from the judges
22	discretion being taken away, is how
23	they've somehow redefined what a
24	violent crime is. So if their intent
25	was to make this low level crimes, they

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	failed miserably to do so, I mean
3	miserably because this is anything
4	about that. So their intent aside, if
5	somehow they missed the mark of what
6	their intent is, we know that the
7	senate, New York State Senate has
8	recently proposed a change to this.
9	They should have absolutely no problem
10	passing that. But from what I've read,
11	there's going to be a problem passing
12	that. So I don't know what the heck
13	their intent was, if their intent was
14	to make this only about low level
15	crimes, then they really need to get
16	their reading comprehension checked
17	because that's not what the bill said.
18	And if their intent was something other
19	than that, well, then we have a bigger
20	problem than their reading
21	comprehension.
22	So again, I want to thank you for
23	all the efforts you've done so far and
24	what we're all going to continue to do
25	to work as one voice to get this

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	insanity changed. Thank you.
3	MR. BLACK: I would leave you
4	with an old comment. The road to hell
5	is paved with good intentions.
6	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you.
7	James McDermott, please.
8	MR. MCDERMOTT: I'm joined at the
9	podium with Kenny Cortez, he's the PBA
10	chairman of Board of Trustees and who
11	else we got. I got my whole crowd
12	here. I got Frank Archariot [phonetic]
13	and Brian Quade, delegates.
14	I had good morning written down,
15	it's almost good evening, right? Good
16	afternoon. I'd like to thank you for
17	allowing me to speak today on such an
18	important issue and I'm sorry if I'm
19	going to be repetitive but I just got
20	to get on record. I'm going to speak
21	to you today not only as the PBA's
22	president and a police officer, but
23	also as a Nassau County resident, a
24	lifetime New York resident, a father, a
25	son, a brother, a neighbor, an uncle

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	and a friend. All of these jobs I take
3	very serious.
4	I'm just going to give you a
5	little history on bail reform from what
6	I know. Criminal justice reform was
7	enacted into law in New York State in
8	the 2019/2020 budget. The reform
9	started January 1, 2020 it includes no
10	cash bail and no remand for
11	misdemeanors and nonviolent felonies in
12	most cases. Violent felonies, cash
13	bail and remand can be applied but the
14	judge must use the least restrictive
15	means. The release on appearance
16	tickets and on certain crimes are now
17	mandatory, not officer's discretion.
18	In crimes such as resisting arrest, the
19	subject has to be released on an
20	appearance ticket. My members will be
21	required to issue appearance tickets
22	for all petty offenses, misdemeanors
23	and most class E felonies unless the
24	following circumstances exists. The
25	arrestee has one or more warrants or he

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	has failed to appear in court in the
3	last two years. Or he is unable to
4	or unwilling to verify his identity or
5	in certain domestic cases. Or the
6	victim is seeking an order of
7	protection against the subject. Or if
8	the crime that involved possibly having
9	the defendant's license suspended or
10	revoked. Or if the subject poses a
11	danger to himself mentally or
12	medically.
13	And this is very important, I
14	know we've spoke about this over and
15	over again but pretrial discovery
16	evidence. This new law places an
17	unreasonable burden to turn over all
18	evidence to the defendant within 15
19	days, including names and contact
20	information of victims and witnesses.
21	From what I understand, the
22	reform was enacted because the
23	legislature felt that there was
24	systemic inequity of who are held for
25	trial. They felt that people with

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	money were freed and the poorer
3	subjects who committed the same crimes
4	were remanded because they didn't have
5	the means. Discovery changes were made
6	because they felt the defendant was not
7	given all the information in order to
8	defend himself or take a proper plea.
9	Issues we feel we need to address
10	in the ball reform are judges
11	discretion to remand. Defendants
12	getting released and committing the
13	same crimes over and over again.
14	Subjects being released that may pose a
15	danger to others. All subjects being
16	treated similar. People are different
17	and releasing them into general
18	population should not be a cookie
19	cutter approach. Some defendants, not
20	all, are just a flat out danger to
21	society. We need to add more crimes to
22	this list. And finally, give judges
23	discretion in all cases.
24	Issues that we need to address in
25	the discovery laws. Currently, all

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	evidence must be handed over to the
3	defendant, like I said, in 15 days
4	after arraignment. That has to change,
5	it's just not enough time. This
6	includes victims and witnesses
7	identities and contact information.
8	Prior to this, defendants only got that
9	info prior it trial. The new system is
10	causing witnesses to hesitate to get
11	involved and possibly put the witnesses
12	and the victims in further fear of
13	their safety. This system is placing
14	criminal cases in jeopardy and the
15	prosecutors cannot turn over the
16	evidence on time.
17	What we see what some of the
18	solutions are: Give the evidence to
19	the defendant as soon as reasonably
20	possible and on a staggered basis.
21	Evidence immediately in the district
22	attorney's hands given over, test
23	results such as blood evidence, DNA, et
24	cetera, should have a reasonable time
25	frame so that the test results are done

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	properly, not hurriedly in order to
3	have a proper case against the
4	defendant, as well as protect his or
5	her rights for a fair trial.
6	However, victims and witnesses
7	identity should not be released unless
8	absolutely necessary and the burden
9	should be on the defendant to prove why
10	he needs this information before a
11	trial or plea bargain. Cases should
12	not be put in jeopardy just because of
13	time restraints.
14	I ask all of you, both sides
15	both sides of the aisle, to have your
16	voices heard in Albany. You're our
17	voice. I got to know all of you,
18	you're all good people on both sides,
19	you know this is wrong, you know this
20	has to be reformed and it has to be
21	reformed now. Remember, it's never too
22	late to do the right thing. Thank you.
23	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
24	much. I know that we you know, Jed
25	talked about the morale with the ADA's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	in regard to this. Do you feel that
3	this is having an impact on the morale
4	of your officers?
5	MR. MCDERMOTT: Oh, of course.
6	You know, it's turnstile justice. New
7	York City takes a little bit longer to
8	book somebody and, you know, I was a
9	New York City cop in Brooklyn 32 and a
10	half years ago, but just the sheer
11	numbers alone in there. The guy's out
12	on the street before you're finishing
13	the paperwork. You know that's, you
14	know, what am I doing? What are we
15	doing here? You know, it definitely
16	has a negative effect. Our guys are
17	professional, and girls, and they're
18	doing whatever they have to do, so
19	we're doing what we have to do. This
20	is our plea to have Albany listen to
21	you. I heard Kevan say that let's put
22	a letter together, let's put a letter
23	together. Whatever you guys have to do
24	together, do together and let's get
25	this thing done and done right. Thank

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	you. Anybody else?
3	LEGISLATOR FORD: I think that's
4	it. Thank you so much.
5	MR. McDERMOTT: Thank you so
6	much.
7	LEGISLATOR FORD: Keep it up, the
8	advocacy. Joel Berse, please.
9	MR. BERSE: My blood sugar seems
10	to be dropping and being here this long
11	since it started is
12	LEGISLATOR FORD: No need to
13	apologize. You have a lot of patience
14	and thank you for waiting so long.
15	MR. BERSE: Well, from what I
16	originally wrote here it said morning,
17	so now good afternoon, Legislators.
18	I'm used to being an extemporaneous
19	speaker in this type of an element but
20	because of the gravity of this and the
21	people that I've spoken to or that I
22	made a prepared statement that may
23	repeat some of what's been said but it
24	also should help people maybe realize
25	that it's not just the ones who are

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	working in a police department or the
3	sheriff's department or the DA's
4	office. Also the people out in the
5	streets, in the neighborhoods, the ones
6	who live in Nassau County know what
7	we're talking about. Let me get on
8	with my statement instead of babbling
9	now.
10	My name is Joel Berse. I am the
11	immediate past president of the
12	Northwest Civic Association in
13	Hicksville. Also immediate past
14	president of the Hicksville Community
15	Counsel. During my career I have been
16	a member of the chambers of commerce in
17	Hicksville, Levittown, Wantagh,
18	Farmingdale, East Meadow, Lindenhurst
19	and the Long Island Association. I
20	currently serve as an appointed member
21	of both the Nassau County bus transit
22	committee and the police commissioner's
23	community counsel. I hold memberships
24	in the Nassau County Police Reserves
25	Association and in New York State

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Fraternal Order of Police. In my youth
3	I served as an auxiliary police officer
4	in the Jericho unit.
5	I made this introduction to
6	demonstrate that I believe myself to
7	have an accurate feel for the pulse of
8	my fellow county residents with regards
9	to many matters, especially the bail
LO	reform laws implemented by our state
11	officials this year. There are also
L2	concerns regarding our police being
L3	able to remain as effective as they
L4	always have been.
L5	Last September, Senator Anna
L6	Kaplan came to introduce herself to
L7	Hicksville at our Northwest Association
L8	meeting. At that meeting, she spoke of
L9	all the wonderful items she voted for
20	during her first few months in office.
21	However, she omitted these new bail
22	reform laws from her accomplishments.
23	In October, our POP officers from
24	the second precinct came to the next
25	meeting we held to inform the community

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	about the upcoming changes to our
3	criminal justice system in 2020. It
4	was really a show of horror and shock
5	that people didn't know what was
б	coming. The very next morning I
7	appeared before the Oyster Bay Town
8	Board and implored them to communicate
9	with state officials that their
10	constituents were seriously concerned
11	about quality of life issues with these
12	changes.
13	Assemblyman Mike Montesano spoke
14	at our November meeting and brought
15	with him the list of offenses that no
16	longer would require posting bail. One
17	that sticks out in my mind was for
18	carrying a gun on school grounds. He
19	also spoke of the new discovery portion
20	the law that effectively gives more
21	rights to the suspect than the victims.
22	Main points being disclosure of
23	personal information and visiting the
24	scene of the crime even if it's inside
25	of the victim's home. It is public

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	knowledge that immediately after being
3	arrested and released several
4	individuals committed additional
5	crimes. Often suspects are released
6	before their arrest paperwork is
7	completed. A cop off the street for
8	making an arrest is terrific but the
9	cop still off the street performing the
10	associated duties to the arrest while
11	the alleged perpetrator is back on the
12	street committing offenses is horrific.
13	Therefore, it is incumbent on all
14	elected officials at any level within
15	New York State to insist that these
16	laws be revisited, revoked or revised
17	for the safety of the residents in
18	their constituency.
19	I now challenge all of you in our
20	legislature to act accordingly for the
21	quality of life in Nassau County. A
22	lot of you have a pipeline to these
23	people that created the situation and I
24	hope you do speak to them loudly and
25	clearly because it does sound like the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	legislature is in tune and is on our
3	side to try to cure this situation.
4	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
5	much for your comments, sir. It really
6	is important to hear, especially with
7	your background, you know, so and
8	you're spurring us on to make sure that
9	we get to that state and make these
10	changes.
11	MR. BERSE: Have a good day.
12	LEGISLATOR FORD: Okay. Jeffrey
13	Gross, Detective's Union. And I'm
14	sorry, I didn't my eyesight isn't
15	even with glasses it's not that good,
16	so I apologize.
17	MR. GROSS: No apology necessary.
18	It's Jeffrey Gross, I represent the
19	detectives of Nassau County. I want to
20	thank you guys for having the hearing
21	today and I want to thank all the prior
22	speakers. I wrote about 11 pages of
23	notes. I don't like to reiterate
24	what's already been said so I've been
25	crossing it out here and there.

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	I am one of the representatives
3	who goes into Albany almost every day
4	that they're in session. I'm up there
5	with Ed Perkins from the PBA and Pete
6	Patterson from the I'm sorry, the
7	PBA and Eddy Perkins from the SOA. But
8	we deal with this bail reform and we've
9	been talking about it for since March
10	or April of last year when we knew it
11	was coming down the pike, as has been
12	explained to you already. I don't
13	think any of us knew how bad it was
14	going to be. But I do have to say when
15	you tuck it into the budget and you
16	don't allow people to vote on it as a
17	stand-alone and you don't allow it to

18

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keep political or say it's political, it's political just by them doing that. It wasn't a natural progression of the law or the changes. The laws change

mature on its own, that's when we have

these problems. I think that was done

on a -- even though we don't want to

25 every year. Every year new bills come

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	in, they're addressed, they're appealed
3	and that's how it goes. You don't
4	change the entire landscape of the
5	criminal justice system in one sweep
6	where you hold people really as Brian
7	said earlier, with a gun to their head.
8	New legislators up in Albany didn't
9	know that they could vote no on the
10	budget. They felt that they had to do
11	that for their constituents to keep it
12	going. I spoke to many of them up in
13	Albany and that's how something like
14	this was able to exist. It's also
15	something that you're likely to see,
16	and I don't have any firsthand
17	knowledge, but that's how they're going
18	to roll out the marijuana bill.
19	They're going to put it in the bill
20	I mean, in the budget, and they're
21	going to roll it out. And those
22	ramifications, we're going to spend a
23	long time figuring it out.
24	But as much as you may be able to
25	fix bail reform by judicial discretion

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	days to get it back, how am I supposed
3	to keep up with the speediness of
4	trial, which is already 15 days. It's
5	already it already is set up to fail
6	right from the beginning. They didn't
7	change any of that.
8	So anyway, it's a huge issue, I
9	don't want to reiterate and waste your
10	time but I will say that how can they
11	say that they can't trust the judge on
12	the amount of bail or the seriousness
13	of the crime or the history of the
14	defendant when we trust him later on to
15	make the sentencing. It's the same
16	judges. You don't trust him on bail
17	but in the end you're going to trust
18	the same man. It doesn't make sense
19	and a lot of it is just trusting in our
20	system the way it's always been. Any
21	time you have sweeping reforms, but now
22	we're going to take us years to fix is
23	not a good thing. But thank you for
24	your time.
25	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	much for your patience. Let's hope
3	that the state legislature has learned
4	their lesson. And we will send a
5	letter and also to remind them, don't
6	make the same mistake twice, you know
7	with the marijuana legislation. Take
8	it out and vote on it independently.
9	But really bothers me most about all of
10	this is that they were aware of some of
11	the impact, the negative impact this
12	was going to have in law and order here
13	in New York State. Even when you
14	listen to that interview with Senator
15	Kaminsky and Power and Politics, News
16	12 or whatever, and he admitted that he
17	met with people in law enforcement and
18	DAs prior to his voting on this and he
19	still voted for it even though they
20	told him, please don't. So I think
21	that all of them, they may, you know,
22	they may say, well, we shouldn't have
23	but I really wish that some of them who
24	are more seasoned should have shown
25	some restraint and to put the halt on

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	this so that we wouldn't be going
3	through this at this point. But I
4	thank you very much. Because I know it
5	undermines our detectives as well. I
6	mean, and we're trying to give you
7	support.
8	MR. GROSS: I agree and it's very
9	frustrating for our detectives, our
10	police officers who work on these
11	cases, they're important to us and then
12	they're not even going to be able to
13	get into court, they're likely to get
14	dismissed beforehand.
15	LEGISLATOR FORD: Right.
16	MR. GROSS: And you know, I have
17	to say for our own district attorney,
18	you know, Madeline Singas ran up to
19	Albany from the beginning and she
20	recognized this and she brought it to
21	the governor's attention and he told
22	her in sum and substance, whatever, not
23	to quote it, but he said that I don't
24	think you fully understand what the
25	legislation is and she said no, I do

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	the banks aren't held to the 15-day
3	discovery rule. You know, they're held
4	when they get the subpoena from the
5	Nassau County judge, it says you have
6	30 days to comply, that's the minimum.
7	So how can we possibly go in 15.
8	LEGISLATOR FORD: Exactly. And I
9	think to myself now with, like, with DA
10	Singas being on that justice panel, you
11	know, if all of those people were first
12	brought into the room to say to come up
13	with a model of changing the justice
14	reform system to make it more make
15	it fair for some of the people who
16	really shouldn't be in jail, what a
17	different story we'd be telling today,
18	you know, rather than trying to
19	MR. GROSS: I agree. We don't
20	want one single person in jail more
21	than they have to be.
22	LEGISLATOR FORD: Right.
23	MR. GROSS: Or an innocent person
24	we don't want that even one time but
25	we're paying for it by having tens of

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	thousands of cases that are going to
3	thrown out because we wanted to protect
4	that one person from being in jail.
5	And I get it, it's got to work itself
6	out. This way is not going to work.
7	And you know what, it's only the
8	problem is when the bottom falls out in
9	July and August, the legislators are
10	not going object to be up in Albany,
11	they're going to be on break and
12	there's no way they're going to address
13	it. They don't come back until January
14	the following year.
15	LEGISLATOR FORD: They'll be
16	campaigning.
17	MR. GROSS: Correct, they'll be
18	campaigning, so it'll be a very
19	interesting fall.
20	LEGISLATOR FORD: Interesting,
21	yeah. But try to be safe, please.
22	MR. GROSS: Thank you very much
23	for your time.
24	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you.
25	Pete Gaffney. He left? Okay. Susan

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	Gotchera. She might have left. Yeah.
3	You don't see Susan? Michelle
4	Esquenazi. Ron Rochester. Good
5	afternoon, sir. Thanks for your
6	patience.
7	MR. ROCHESTER: You're welcome.
8	My name is Ron Rochester. I am a
9	retired federal agent. I was criminal
10	investigator for over 25 years. In
11	addition to that, I was I had
12	clerical duties as an undercover agent,
13	a tech agent, which was body cameras
14	and GPS's and such like that and I was
15	the field office two-way radio
16	communications officer. And I came
17	here to you know, I've been
18	discussing this with my community and
19	people out in the community for some
20	time regarding the bail reform and I
21	won't go over a lot of the other things
22	that people have gone over with, but
23	the discovery that is really an
24	important and a very I want to call
25	it I find it to be very there's a

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	word for it anyway. I find a
3	problem with that issue.
4	One of the things that we haven't
5	been discussing, I think people are
6	missing the issue is, we have a lot of
7	undercover agents, we have confidential
8	informants. I mean, you talk about
9	witnesses but that information is going
10	to be disclosed to defendants and
11	defendants' attorneys. You're going to
12	put the lives of undercover agents at
13	risk. I spent many years in undercover
14	agent and for my information to get out
15	there and for someone to now have my
16	home information, my family's at risk,
17	something like that, it's really
18	troubling. The fact of the matter what
19	hasn't been discussed is that there is
20	a tremendous amount of task forces that
21	have federal, state, local agencies
22	working together. Now you have to have
23	their information has to be
24	discovered. You're going to have to go
25	to these federal agencies nobody's

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	discussed that and get information
3	from that that has to be disclosed to
4	defendants, so in cases that might be
5	put on a state level.
6	You're going to have you have
7	undercovers who their information may
8	be disclosed and they might be working
9	on a federal case and now what? What
10	happens? Now you got a problem with a
11	big federal case that's out there
12	because they're working on that case
13	with federal agents. This has got wide
14	ranging ramifications that people
15	haven't even discussed yet. And how
16	does that work? When you go like
17	the radio system you have the county
18	has radio system, well that's recorded.
19	Or many federal agencies do not record
20	the radio information. Defense is
21	going to ask for that in discovery.
22	You know what, if they can't provide
23	it, that case will probably get thrown
24	out.
25	These are all things that should

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	have been discussed and thought about
3	well before this ever came and put into
4	effect. It's wide ranging and this is
5	really really important. Now we're
6	going to try to backtrack and try to
7	fix this and I have a real problem with
8	that. I think we really need to talk
9	to our legislators, people in Albany to
10	say hey, you need to look at this in
11	complete detail. You can't, you know,
12	give a whitewash to this thing. It
13	goes well beyond what a lot of people
14	are talking about right now and we need
15	to make sure that we put something in
16	place that is not going to come back
17	and shoot us in the foot. And you
18	know, it's really important that we
19	take a look at all. We need to bring
20	in some of the federal AUSA's involved
21	in this and say, how is that going to
22	affect our joint task force and our
23	joint investigations with this law.
24	Nobody's looked at that. That's the
25	reason I'm here. I thought it was

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	important for me to stay and discuss
3	that and make everybody aware that this
4	is something that we need to look at.
5	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you for
6	your patience. And you actually
7	brought up some issues that we never
8	even thought about, like, you know,
9	whether or not what impact it does
10	have with CI's and undercover
11	MR. ROCHESTER: I've been on the
12	other side of this as a federal agent
13	so I know what we're talking about.
14	I've had many state undercovers, I've
15	worked on, you know, city and state
16	investigations myself, and I've had
17	guys work with me on federal
18	investigations and they do cross.
19	LEGISLATOR FORD: It's
20	frightening.
21	MR. ROCHESTER: It's very
22	frightening.
23	LEGISLATOR FORD: We're hoping
24	that the state will finally listen to
25	the residents and say, you know, we

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	need to back pedal on this and make
3	some changes to protect all of us.
4	MR. ROCHESTER: Thank you.
5	LEGISLATOR FORD: And thank you
6	very much. I really appreciate your
7	comments. Manmohan Kaur, K-A-U-R.
8	That was our final slip and I
9	thank everybody. Steve will close up
10	our meeting. Thank you.
11	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: I just wanted
12	to thank everyone that took the time to
13	appear today. Everyone that may have
14	been watching at home. And I want to
15	thank everybody for their comments. I
16	think there was a lot of information
17	that was provided today. There was a
18	lot of insight that people provided,
19	particularly in our law enforcement
20	community, our community members who
21	spoke about the practical impacts of
22	cashless bail of criminal justice
23	reform. I've got to say though,
24	government has no more important
25	responsibility than to protect the

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	safety of the public. From where I sit
3	at least, I think that this has been a
4	complete failure of New York State
5	government to do that. And I know a
6	lot of people got up today to kindly
7	offer a pass to the state legislature
8	as to why these reforms came in place.
9	The simple fact of the matter is we
10	heard from many of our police unions
11	that were up in Albany prior to this
12	bill being passed alerting state
13	legislators to the fact that there
14	would be consequences and that there
15	would be problems if criminal justice
16	reform and cashless bill was passed.
17	The problem isn't that they didn't hear
18	it's not that they did not hear what
19	would take place. The problem is that
20	it seems as though they did not care
21	and they simply passed it anyway.
22	You know, I had a conversation
23	with my own state senator at a public
24	meeting who explained well, you know,
25	it was passed at the last minute as

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	that a low level criminal, a first
3	offender, wasn't going to sit in jail
4	because they couldn't afford to pay
5	bail. You look at the list of crimes;
6	burglary of residence, using a child to
7	commit a controlled substance crime,
8	injecting another person with a
9	controlled substance, manslaughter,
10	possessing a weapon on school grounds,
11	solicitation of a minor for
12	prostitution, assault as a hate crime.
13	These are not low level criminal
14	offenses and they're in black and
15	white. Everyone had the opportunity to
16	see them and it was ignored.
17	Mr. Maldonado who testified
18	earlier today and was our first
19	witness, he's the one that's paying the
20	brunt. He's the someone that's
21	suffering the consequence and his
22	family and his son who will never come
23	back because our state legislators
24	didn't take the opportunity to listen
25	to what was being said. And what has

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1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	They're the ones that are being put at
3	risk and they continue to be put at
4	risk every day that we delay this. And
5	my fear is, that even though the
6	legislators that we have here in Nassau
7	County are now saying we want to walk
8	this back, there are elements up in
9	Albany, including the leadership, I
10	think, in the state assembly
11	specifically
12	LEGISLATOR FORD: And the New
13	York City people
14	LEGISLATOR RHOADS: that does
15	not want to walk it back. You know,
16	and that's the problem with doing
17	something and thinking that you're
18	going to be able to fix it later is
19	because you have to get the votes to be
20	able to fix it and you might not. So
21	the only way that that's going to
22	happen is through hearings such as
23	this, through conversations that we're
24	having in our own districts and from
25	each and every person that's listening

1	Full Legislature/2-13-20
2	to this today reaching out to their
3	state legislators and letting them know
4	that the failure to act is going to
5	bring pain. Whether that turns out to
6	be at the ballot box, whether it turns
7	out to be in public meetings, whatever
8	that turns out to be, action's not
9	going to happen until they realize that
10	there are consequences.
11	I appreciate everybody being here
12	today and sharing their thoughts but
13	the message to take away from this
14	today is that there are a lot of issues
15	that are created by cashless bail and
16	criminal justice reform and that we
17	need to stand up and we need to speak
18	out together to make sure that the
19	right action is taken up in Albany to
20	protect public safety.
21	LEGISLATOR FORD: Thank you very
22	much. Very eloquent. Have a good
23	evening. Stay safe.
24	(Hearing concluded at 4:10 p.m.)

25

1	
2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, FRANK GRAY, a Notary Public in
5	and for the State of New York, do hereby
6	certify:
7	THAT the foregoing is a true and
8	accurate transcript of my stenographic
9	notes.
10	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have
11	hereunto set my hand the 6th day of March
12	2020.
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14	
15	FRANK GRAY
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