

Baby Safety Begins with You

Back to Sleep



•Always place your baby on his or her back to sleep for naps and at night.

•The back sleep position is safe and can help to reduce the risk of Sudden Infant Death Syndrome or SIDS.



Safe to Sleep

•Babies are safest sleeping alone in a crib on a firm mattress.

•Remove pillows, blankets, stuffed toys, bumper pads and other things that can cover your baby's nose or mouth.

•Your baby needs fresh air! Keep your baby's face uncovered.

Share the Room, Not the Bed



•Keep your baby's crib or bassinet near your bed.

•Your baby should not sleep with adults, children or pets.

•Do not share a couch or armchair with your sleeping baby. A baby can suffocate!

Dressing Your Baby



 Don't let your baby get too hot from wearing too many clothes or covers during sleep.

•Dress your baby in light sleep clothing or try a sleep sack.

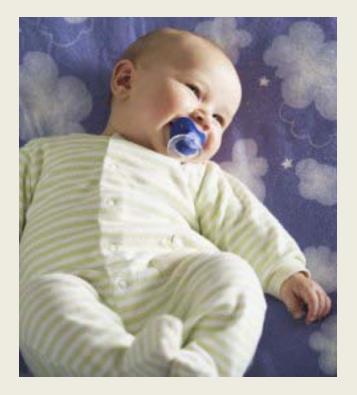
•Keep the room at a temperature that is comfortable for you.

Feeding Your Baby



- At bedtime, place your baby in a crib or bassinet next to your bed to make night-time feeding easier.
- •Return your baby to the crib or bassinet after breast or bottle feeding.

•Consider breastfeeding your baby which may reduce the risk of SIDS.



Pacifiers

•Try giving your baby a pacifier at bedtime. Never force your baby to take it.

•When breastfeeding, wait one month or until your baby has learned to breastfeed before trying a pacifier.

•A one-piece pacifier is best. Make sure it is clean and dry.

Infant Car Seats



•Always use infant seats in the car to keep your baby safe.

•Car seats, infant swings or carriers are not for normal everyday sleep.

•Cribs are best for safe infant sleep.

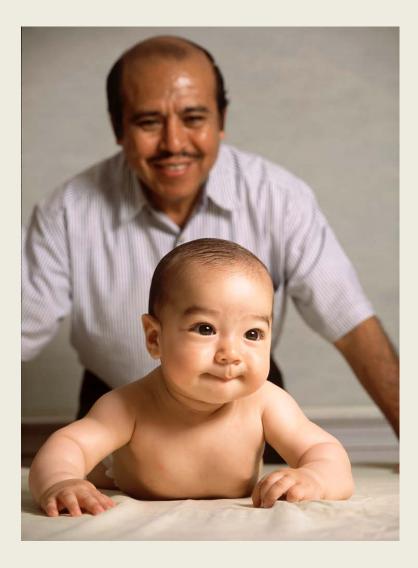
Keep Babies Safe



•Don't use products that claim to reduce the risk of SIDS.

•Don't use infant sleep wedges or positioners that keep a baby on their back or side. These products are not safe and may increase the risk of suffocation.

Tummy Time



•Tummy Time is for babies when they are awake and someone can watch them.

•Spending time on the tummy helps to make a baby's neck, back and arm muscles strong. This helps a baby get ready to sit up and crawl.

Healthy Living for Baby and Family



- •Keep your home smokefree.
- •Make sure no one smokes around your baby.

•Don't allow anyone who is drinking alcohol or is drowsy from medication to care for your baby.

Healthy Mothers, Healthy Babies



- •Pregnant women should get regular prenatal care.
- •Babies should get regular well-baby checkups and vaccinations to stay healthy.

Remember the ABCs of Infant Safe Sleep



*** ALONE**

✤ On their BACK

In a CRIB ★

Spread the Word



Tell everyone who takes care of your baby about these safety tips – grandparents, aunts, uncles, babysitters and friends.

Because Baby Safety Begins with You

Sources:

American Academy of Pediatrics and the SICD Resource Center (In New York State, call 1-800-336-7437)